Mazda6 Workshop Manual Supplement

FOREWORD

This manual contains on-vehicle service and diagnosis for the Mazda6.

For proper repair and maintenance, a thorough familiarization with this manual is important, and it should always be kept in a handy place for quick and easy reference.

All the contents of this manual, including drawings and specifications, are the latest available at the time of printing. As modifications affecting repair or maintenance occur, relevant information supplementary to this volume will be made available at Mazda dealers. This manual should be kept up-to-date.

Mazda Motor Corporation reserves the right to alter the specifications and contents of this manual without obligation or advance notice.

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Mazda Motor Corporation HIROSHIMA, JAPAN

APPLICATION:

This manual is applicable to vehicles beginning with the Vehicle Identification Numbers (VIN), and related materials shown on the following page.

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There are explanation given only for the sections marked with shadow (\blacksquare).

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VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS (VIN)

European (L.H.D. U.K.) specs.

JMZ	GG12R20#	100001—
JMZ	GG12T20#	100001—
JMZ	GG14R20#	100001—
JMZ	GG14T20#	100001—
JMZ	GY19R20#	100001—
JMZ	GY19T20#	100001—

RELATED MATERIALS

MandaC Training Manual
Mazda6 Training Manual
(European (L.H.D. U.K.), GCC specs.)
(European (L.H.D. U.K.), GCC specs.) 1730–1*–02C
Mazda6 Workshop Manual Supplement
(European (L.H.D. U.K.), GCC specs.)
Mazda6 Workshop Manual Supplement
(European (L.H.D. U.K.), GCC specs.)
Engine Workshop Manual MZR–CD (RF Turbo) 1744–1E–02D
Manual Transaxle Workshop Manual A65M–R 1739–1E–02D
Mazda6 Wiring Diagram
(European (L.H.D.), GCC specs.) 5558–1*–02G
Mazda6 Wiring Diagram Supplement
(European (L.H.D.), GCC specs.) 5575–10–03A
Mazda6 Wiring Diagram
(U.K. specs.)
Mazda6 Wiring Diagram Supplement
(U.K. specs.)
Mazda6 Bodyshop Manual
(European (L.H.D. U.K.), GCC specs.)
Mazda6 Bodyshop Manual Supplement Wagon
(European (L.H.D. U.K.), Australian,
General (L.H.D. R.H.D.) specs.)
EOBD Training Manual
(General (L.H.D. R.H.D.) specs.)
* : Indicates the printing location
E: Europe
0: Japan
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WARNING

Servicing a vehicle can be dangerous. If you have not received service-related training, the risks of injury, property damage, and failure of servicing increase. The recommended servicing procedures for the vehicle in this workshop manual were developed with Mazda-trained technicians in mind. This manual may be useful to non-Mazda trained technicians, but a technician with our service-related training and experience will be at less risk when performing service operations. However, all users of this manual are expected to at least know general safety procedures.

This manual contains "Warnings" and "Cautions" applicable to risks not normally encountered in a general technician's experience. They should be followed to reduce the risk of injury and the risk that improper service or repair may damage the vehicle or render it unsafe. It is also important to understand that the "Warnings" and "Cautions" are not exhaustive. It is impossible to warn of all the hazardous consequences that might result from failure to follow the procedures.

The procedures recommended and described in this manual are effective methods of performing service and repair. Some require tools specifically designed for a specific purpose. Persons using procedures and tools which are not recommended by Mazda Motor Corporation must satisfy themselves thoroughly that neither personal safety nor safety of the vehicle will be jeopardized.

The contents of this manual, including drawings and specifications, are the latest available at the time of printing, and Mazda Motor Corporation reserves the right to change the vehicle designs and alter the contents of this manual without notice and without incurring obligation.

Parts should be replaced with genuine Mazda replacement parts or with parts which match the quality of genuine Mazda replacement parts. Persons using replacement parts of lesser quality than that of genuine Mazda replacement parts must satisfy themselves thoroughly that neither personal safety nor safety of the vehicle will be jeopardized.

Mazda Motor Corporation is not responsible for any problems which may arise from the use of this manual. The cause of such problems includes but is not limited to insufficient service-related training, use of improper tools, use of replacement parts of lesser quality than that of genuine Mazda replacement parts, or not being aware of any revision of this manual.

GENERAL INFORMATION

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HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

RANGE OF TOPICS

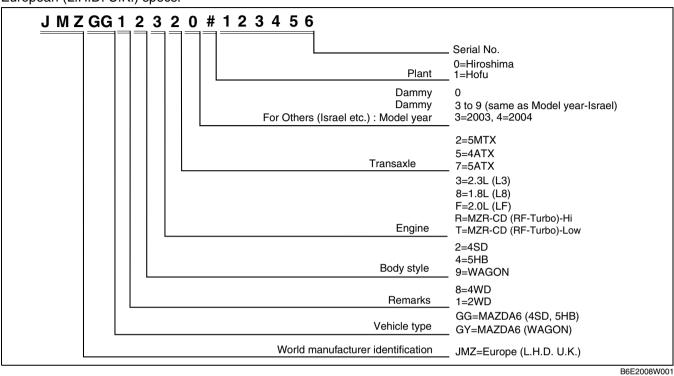
• This manual indicates only changes/additions, as it is supplemental to the related materials. Therefore it may not contain the necessary reference service procedures to perform the service indicated in this manual.

VIN CODE

VIN CODE

VIN CODE

European (L.H.D. U.K.) specs.



NEW STANDARDS

NEW STANDARDS TABLE

• The following is a comparison of the previous standard and the new standard.

	New Standard		Previous Standard	
Abbrevi- ation	Name	Abbrevi- ation	Name	Remark
AP	Accelerator Pedal	_	Accelerator Pedal	
ACL	Air Cleaner	_	Air Cleaner	
A/C	Air Conditioning	_	Air Conditioning	
BARO	Barometric Pressure	_	Atmospheric Pressure	
B+	Battery Positive Voltage	V _B	Battery Voltage	
	Brake Switch		Stoplight Switch	
	Calibration Resistor	_	Corrected Resistance	#6
CMP sensor			Crank Angle Sensor	
CAC	Charge Air Cooler		Intercooler	
CLS	Closed Loop System		Feedback System	
CTP	Closed Throttle Position		Fully Closed	
	Closed Throttle Position Switch		Idle Switch	
CPP	Clutch Pedal Position		Clutch Position	
CIS	Continuous Fuel Injection System	EGI	Electronic Gasoline Injection System	
CIS CS sensor	Control Sleeve Sensor	CSP sensor	Control Sleeve Position Sensor	#6
		CSP sensor		#0
CKP sensor			Crank Angle Sensor 2	
DLC	Data Link Connector		Diagnosis Connector	
DTM	Diagnostic Test Mode		Test Mode	#1
DTC	Diagnostic Trouble Code		Service Code(s)	
DI	Distributor Ignition		Spark Ignition	
DLI	Distributorless Ignition	—	Direct Ignition	
EI	Electronic Ignition	—	Electronic Spark Ignition	#2
ECT	Engine Coolant Temperature	—	Water Thermo	
EM	Engine Modification	—	Engine Modification	
	Engine Speed Input Signal	—	Engine RPM Signal	
EVAP	Evaporative Emission		Evaporative Emission	
EGR	Exhaust Gas Recirculation	—	Exhaust Gas Recirculation	
FC	Fan Control	—	Fan Control	
FF	Flexible Fuel	—	Flexible Fuel	
4GR	Fourth Gear	_	Overdrive	
	Fuel Pump Relay	_	Circuit Opening Relay	#3
FSO solenoid	Fuel Shut Off Solenoid	FCV	Fuel Cut Valve	#6
GEN	Generator		Alternator	
GND	Ground		Ground/Earth	
HO2S	Heated Oxygen Sensor		Oxygen Sensor	With heater
IAC	Idle Air Control		Idle Speed Control	
_	IDM Relay		Spill Valve Relay	#6
_	Incorrect Gear Ratio			
_	Injection Pump	FIP	Fuel Injection Pump	#6
	Input/Turbine Speed Sensor		Pulse Generator	
IAT	Intake Air Temperature		Intake Air Thermo	
KS	Knock Sensor		Knock Sensor	+
MIL	Malfunction Indicator Lamp		Malfunction Indicator Light	
MAP	Manifold Absolute Pressure		Intake Air Pressure	
		—		
MAF sensor	Mass Air Flow Sensor		Airflow Sensor	
MFI	Multiport Fuel Injection		Multiport Fuel Injection	-
OBD	On Board Diagnostic	—	Diagnosis/Self Diagnosis	

NEW STANDARDS

	New Standard		Previous Standard	
Abbrevi- ation	Name	Abbrevi- ation	Name	Remark
OL	Open Loop	—	Open Loop	
_	Output Speed Sensor	_	Vehicle Speed Sensor 1	
OC	Oxidation Catalytic Converter	_	Catalytic Converter	
O2S	Oxygen Sensor	_	Oxygen Sensor	
PNP	Park/Neutral Position	_	Park/Neutral Range	
_	PCM Control Relay	_	Main Relay	#6
PSP	Power Steering Pressure	—	Power Steering Pressure	
PCM	Powertrain Control Module	ECU	Engine Control Unit	#4
_	Pressure Control Solenoid	_	Line Pressure Solenoid Valve	
PAIR	Pulsed Secondary Air Injection	_	Secondary Air Injection System	Pulsed injection
	Pump Speed Sensor	—	NE Sensor	#6
AIR	Secondary Air Injection	_	Secondary Air Injection System	Injection with air pump
SAPV	Secondary Air Pulse Valve	—	Reed Valve	
SFI	Sequential Multiport Fuel Injection	—	Sequential Fuel Injection	
	Shift Solenoid A	—	1-2 Shift Solenoid Valve	
_	Shint Solehold A		Shift A Solenoid Valve	
	Shift Solenoid B	—	2-3 Shift Solenoid Valve	
_			Shift B Solenoid Valve	
_	Shift Solenoid C	—	3-4 Shift Solenoid Valve	
3GR	Third Gear	—	3rd Gear	
TWC	Three Way Catalytic Converter	—	Catalytic Converter	
TB	Throttle Body	—	Throttle Body	
TP sensor	Throttle Position Sensor	—	Throttle Sensor	
TCV	Timer Control Valve	TCV	Timing Control Valve	#6
TCC	Torque Converter Clutch	—	Lockup Position	
ТСМ	Transmission (Transaxle) Control Module	_	EC-AT Control Unit	
_	Transmission (Transaxle) Fluid Temperature Sensor	_	ATF Thermosensor	
TR	Transmission (Transaxle) Range	—	Inhibitor Position	
TC	Turbocharger	—	Turbocharger	
VSS	Vehicle Speed Sensor	—	Vehicle Speed Sensor	
VR	Voltage Regulator	—	IC Regulator	
VAF sensor	Volume Air Flow Sensor	—	Airflow Meter	
WU-TWC	Warm Up Three Way Catalytic Converter	-	Catalytic Converter	#5
WOT	Wide Open Throttle		Fully Open	

#1 : Diagnostic trouble codes depend on the diagnostic test mode.#2 : Controlled by the PCM#3 : In some models, there is a fuel pump relay that controls pump speed. That relay is now called the fuel pump relay (speed).

#4 : Device that controls engine and powertrain

#5 : Directly connected to exhaust manifold

#6 : Part name of diesel engine

ABBREVIATIONS

ABBREVIATIONS TABLE

CAN	Controller Area Network
IDM	Injector Driver Module
KOEO	Key On Engine Off
KOER	Key Off Engine Running
OFF	Switch Off
ON	Switch On
PID	Parameter Identification
SW	Switch
TCV	Timer Control Valve
VBC	Variable Boost Control
VSC	Variable Swirl Control
WDS	Worldwide Diagnostic System

SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE

SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE TABLE

For Europe (L.H.D. U.K.)

Chart symbols:

- I : Inspect and clean, repair, adjust, or replace if necessary.
- R : Replace

C: Clean

Remarks:

- The ignition and fuel systems are highly important to the emission control system and to efficient engine operation. All inspections and adjustments must be made by an expert repairer, we recommend an Authorized Mazda Repairer.
- After the described period, continue to follow the described maintenance at the recommended intervals.
- · Refer below for a description of items marked* in the maintenance chart.
 - *1: If the vehicle is operated under any of the following conditions, change the engine oil and oil filter every 10,000 km (6,250 miles) or shorter.
 - a. Driving in dusty conditions.
 - b. Extended periods of idling or low speed operation.
 - c. Driving for long period in cold temperatures or driving regularly at short distance only.
 - *2: Also inspect and adjust the power steering and air conditioner drive belts, if installed.
 - *3: If the brakes are used extensively (for example, continuous hard driving or mountain driving) or if the vehicle is operated in extremely humid climates, change the brake fluid annually.
 - *4: If the vehicle is operated in very dusty or sandy areas, clean and if necessary, replace the air cleaner element more often than the recommended intervals.
 - *5: Replacement of the timing belt is required at every 100,000 km (62,500 miles). Failure to replace the timing belt may result in damage to the engine.
 - *6: Replacement of the timing belt is required at every 120,000 km (75,000 miles). Failure to replace the timing belt may result in damage to the engine.
 - *7: If the vehicle is operated under any of the following conditions, change the rear differential oil every 45,000 km (27,000 miles).
 - a. Towing a trailer or using a car top carrier
 - b. Driving in dusty, sandy or wet condition
 - c. Extended periods of idling or low speed operation
 - d. Repeated short trips of less than 16 km (10 miles)
 - *8: If this component has been submerged in water, the oil should be changed.

	Maintenance Interval	Numbe	er of mo	onths o	r km (n	niles), w	vhichev	ver com	es first	:)
Maintenance Item	Months	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108
Maintenance item	×1000 km	20	40	60	80	100	120	140	160	180
	×1000 miles	12.5	25	37.5	50	62.5	75	87.5	100	112.5
GASOLINE ENGINE										
Engine valve clearance		Audib	le inspe	ect every	/ 120,00	00 km (7	75,000 r	niles), if	f noisy,	adjust
Spark plugs			R	eplace e	every 10	00,000 k	(62,5	500 mile	es)	
Air cleaner element	*4			R			R			R
Evaporative system (if install	ed)			I			Ι			Ι
DIESEL ENGINE										
Engine valve clearance		Ι					Ι			
Engine timing belt	Finland, Sweden, Norway*5	Replace every 100,000 km (62,500 miles)								
	Others*6	Replace every 120,000 km (75,000 miles)								
Fuel filter				R			R			R
Fuel injection system		Ι		I			Ι			Ι
Air cleaner element	*4	С	С	R	С	С	R	С	С	R
E.G.R. system				I			I			Ι
GASOLINE and DIESEL EN	IGINE									
Engine oil	*1	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Engine oil filter	*1	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Drive belts	*2			Ι						Ι
Cooling system (including co	olant level adjustment)		Ι		I		I		Ι	
Engine coolant Replace at first 4 years or 100,000 km (after that, every 2 years) miles)	;						

	Months	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108
Maintenance Item	×1000 km	20	40	60	80	100	120	140	160	180
	×1000 miles	12.5	25	37.5	50	62.5	75	87.5	100	112.5
Fuel lines & hoses			I		Ι		I		I	
Battery electrolyte level & spe	ecific gravity	Ι	I	Ι	I	Ι	I	I	I	I
Brake fluid	*3		R		R		R		R	
Brake lines, hoses & connect	ions	Ι	I	I	Ι	I	I	I	I	I
Parking brake		Ι	Ι	Ι	I	Ι	I	I	I	I
Power brake unit & hoses		I	Ι	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
Disc brakes		I	Ι	I	Ι	I	I	I	I	I
Power steering fluid, lines, ho	ses, and connections	I	Ι	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
Steering operation & linkages			I		I		I		I	
Manual transaxle oil						R				
Automatic transaxle fluid leve				I			I			I
Rear differential oil (for 4WD)						*7*8				
Transfer oil (for 4WD)						*8				
Front & rear suspension & ba	II joints		I		I		I		I	
Drive shaft dust boots			I		I		I		I	
Exhaust system and heat shi	elds				Ι				I	
Cabin air filter (if installed) (pe	ollen filter)		R		R		R		R	
Body condition (for rust, corrosion & perforati	on)	Inspect annually								
Tires (including spare tyre) (with inflation pressure adjust	ment)	Ι	Ι	I	Ι	I	I	I	Ι	I

SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE

Scheduled Maintenance Service (Specific Work Required)

The specific work required for each maintenance item is listed in the following table. (Please refer to the section applicable to the model serviced.)
 For Europe (L.H.D. U.K.)

Bold frames: New item

Maintenance Item	Specific Work Required
ENGINE	
Engine valve clearance	Measure clearance
Drive belts	Inspect for wear, cracks and fraying, and check tension. Replace drive belt.
Engine timing belt	Replace engine timing belt.
Engine oil	Replace engine oil and inspect for leakage.
Oil filter	Replace oil filter and inspect for leakage.
COOLING SYSTEM	
Cooling system (including coolant level adjustment)	Check coolant level and quality, and inspect for leakage.
Engine coolant	Replace coolant.
FUEL SYSTEM	
Air cleaner element	Inspect for dirt, oil and damage. Clean air cleaner element (by blowing air). Replace air cleaner element.
Fuel filter	Replace fuel filter.
Fuel lines & hoses	Inspect for cracks, leakage and loose connection.
Fuel injection system (for MZR-CD (RF Turbo))	Update to injection amount correction with WDS. (see W/M)
IGNITION SYSTEM (FOR GASOLINE)	
Spark plugs	Inspect for wear, damage, carbon, high-tension lead condition and measure plug gap. Replace spark plugs.
EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM	
Evaporative system (for gasoline)	Check system operation (see W/M), vapor lines, vacuum fitting hoses and connection.
E.G.R. system (MZR-CR (RF Turbo))	Check system operation (see W/M), vacuum fitting hoses and connection. Update to MAF correction for E.G.R control with WDS. (see W/M)

SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE

Maintenance Item	Specific Work Required
ELECTRICAL SYSTEM	
Battery electrolyte level & specific gravity	Check level and specific gravity.
CHASSIS & BODY	
Brake fluid	Check fluid level and inspect for leakage. Replace brake fluid.
Brake lines, hoses & connections	Inspect for cracks, damage, chafing, corrosion, scars, swelling and fluid leakage.
Parking brake	Check lever stroke.
Power brake unit & hoses	Check vacuum lines, connections and check valve for improper attachment, air tightness, cracks chafing and deterioration.
Disc brakes	Test for judder and noise. Inspect caliper for correct operation and fluid leakage, brake pads for wear. Check disc plate condition and thickness.
Power steering fluid & lines	Check fluid level and lines for improper attachment, leakage, cracks, damage, loose connections, chafing and deterioration.
Power steering fluid	Check fluid level.
Power steering system & hoses	Check lines for improper attachment, leakage, cracks, damage, loose connections, chafing and deterioration.
Steering operation & gear housing	Check that the steering wheel has the specified play. Be sure to check for changes, such as excessive play, hard steering or strange noises. Check gear housing and boots for looseness, damage and grease/gear oil leakage.
Steering linkages tie rod ends & arms	Check ball joint, dust cover and other components for looseness, wear, damage and grease leakage.
Front & rear suspension ball joints	Inspect for grease leakage, cracks, damage and looseness.
Manual transmission/transaxle oil	Check oil level and inspect for leakage. Replace manual transmission/transaxle oil.
Automatic transmission/transaxle fluid level	Check fluid level.
Rear differential oil	Check oil level and inspect for leakage. Replace rear differential oil.
Transfer oil (for 4×4)	Check oil level and inspect for leakage. Replace transfer oil.
Drive shaft dust boots	Inspect for grease leakage, cracks, damage and looseness.
Body condition (for rust, corrosion & perforation)	Inspect body surface for paint damage, rust, corrosion and perforation.
Exhaust system and heat shields	Inspect for damage, corrosion, looseness of connections and gas leakage.
Tires (including spare tire) (with inflation pressure adjustment)	Check air pressure and inspect tires for tread wear, damage and cracks; and wheels for damage and corrosion.
AIR CONDITIONER SYSTEM (IF EQUIPPED	
Cabin air filter	Replace cabin air filter.

FUEL AND EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEMS [MZR-CD (RF Turbo)]

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NOT START	F2-209
NO.8 ENGINE RUNS ROUGH/ROLLING	
IDLE	F2-212
NO.10 LOW IDLE/STALLS DURING	
DECELERATION	F2-214
NO.11 ENGINE STALLS/QUITS, ENGINE	
RUNS ROUGH, MISSES, BUCK/LERK,	
HESITATION/STUMBLE	.F2-217
NO.12 LACK/LOSS OF POWER-	
ACCELERATION/CRUISE	
NO.13 KNOCKING/PINGING	
NO.15 EMISSION COMPLIANCE	
NO.19 EXCESSIVE BLACK SMOKE	F2-230
ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM OPERATION	FO 000
INSPECTION	F2-232

OUTLINE

OUTLINE OF CONSTRUCTION

 The fuel and emission control system is essentially carried over from that of the previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine models, except for the following features. (See Mazda6 Workshop Manual Supplement 1749-1*-02G.)

FEATURES

Improved Emission Performance

• A EGR valve position sensor has been adopted.

Improved Serviceability

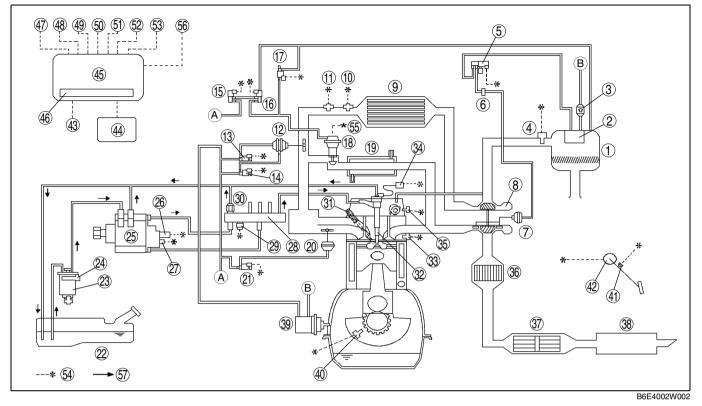
- The number of DTCs has been increased to provide more detail information.
- The DTC troubleshooting procedures have been renewed due to the adoption of the diagnostic test mode and OBD drive mode.
- The PID item has been added.
- The simulation item has been added.

SPECIFICATIONS

SPECIFICATIONS			B6E400218881103
	ltom	New Mazda6 (GG, GY)	Previous Mazda6 (GG, GY)
Item		MZR-CD ((RF Turbo)
Air cleaner element	Туре	Non woven fabric (dry)	
Supercharger	Туре	Turboo	charger
Glow plug	Туре	Me	etal
Pump	Туре	Suppl	y pump
Fuel tank	Capacity	64 {17, 14}	
ruertank	(L {US gal, Imp gal})		
Catalyst	Туре	Warm up oxidation cat	alyst, Oxidation catalyst
EGR control	Туре	Duty	control
PCV system	Туре	Clc	osed

CONTROL SYSTEM DIAGRAM



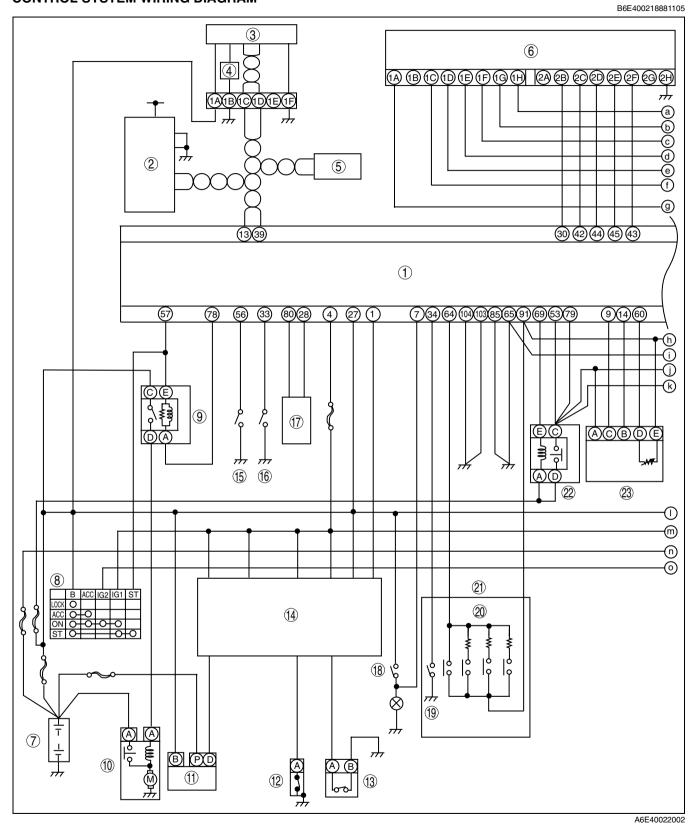


1	Air cleaner		
2	Vacuum chamber		
3	VBC check valve		
4	MAF/IAT sensor		
5	VBC solenoid valve		
6	Vacuum damper		
7	Guide blade actuator		
8	Turbocharger		
9	Charge air cooler		
10	IAT sensor No.2		
11	Boost sensor		
12	Intake shutter valve actuator		
13	Intake shutter solenoid valve (half)		
14	Intake shutter solenoid valve (full)		
15	EGR solenoid valve (vacuum)		
16	EGR solenoid valve (vent)		
17	EGR control solenoid valve		
18	EGR valve		
19	EGR water cooler		
20	VSC valve actuator		
21	VSC solenoid valve		
22	Fuel tank		
23	Fuel filter		
24	Fuel warmer		
25	Supply pump		
26	Suction control valve		
27	Fuel temperature sensor		
28	Common rail		
29	Fuel pressure sensor		
30	Fuel pressure limiter		

31	Glow plug		
32	Fuel injector		
33	ECT sensor		
34	Calibration resistor		
35	CMP sensor		
36	Warm up oxidation catalytic converter		
37	Oxidation catalytic converter		
38	Silencer		
39	Vacuum pump		
40	CKP sensor		
41	Idle switch		
42	APP sensor		
43	Glow plug relay		
44	IDM		
45	PCM		
46	BARO sensor		
47	PCM control relay		
48	Engine switch		
49	Starter (starter signal)		
50	Neutral switch		
51	Clutch switch		
52	A/C switch		
53	CAN bus		
54	То РСМ		
55	EGR valve position sensor		
56	DLC-2		
57	Fuel flow		

OUTLINE

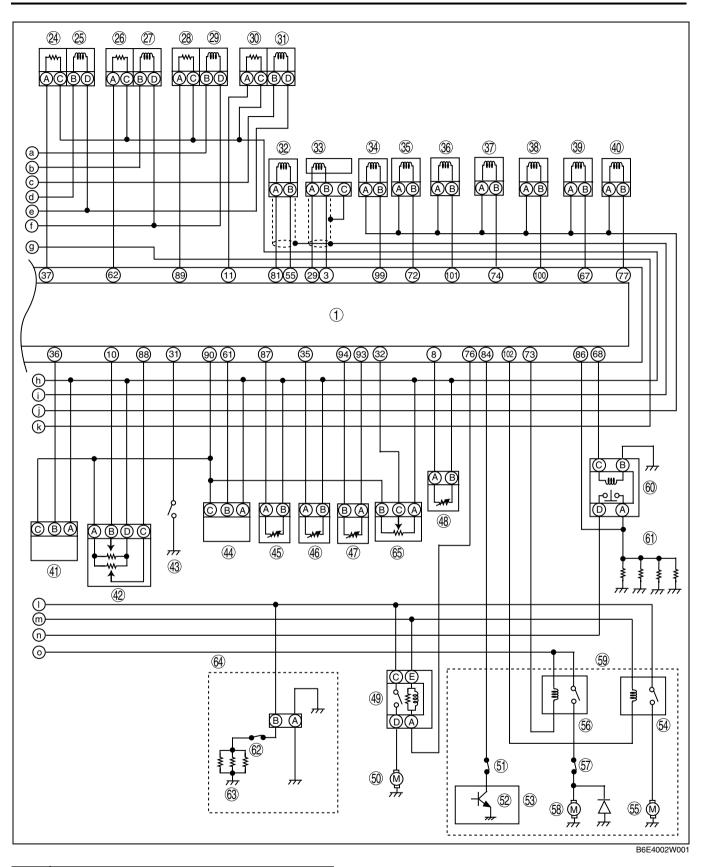
CONTROL SYSTEM WIRING DIAGRAM



1PCM2DLC-23Water heater unit4Fuel pump5Other unit6IDM

7	Battery	
8	Engine switch	
9	Starter relay	
10	Starter	
11	Generator	
12	Oil pressure switch	

13	Sedimentor switch		
14	Instrument cluster		
15	Neutral switch		
16	Clutch switch		
17	Coil		
18	Brake switch		
19	Brake switch 2		
20	Cruise control switch		
21	With cruise control system		
22	PCM control relay		
23	MAF/IAT sensor		



24	Calibration resistor No.1
25	Fuel injector No.1
26	Calibration resistor No.2
27	Fuel injector No.2
28	Calibration resistor No.3
29	Fuel injector No.3

30	Calibration resistor No.4		
31	Fuel injector No.4		
32	CMP sensor		
33	CKP sensor		
34	EGR solenoid valve (vacuum)		
35	EGR solenoid valve (vent)		
36	VSC solenoid valve		
37	Intake shutter solenoid valve (half)		
38	Intake shutter solenoid valve (full)		
39	VBC solenoid valve		
40	EGR control solenoid valve		
41	Boost sensor		
42	APP sensor		
43	Idle switch		
44	Fuel pressure sensor		
45	ECT sensor		
46	Fuel temperature sensor		
47	Suction control valve		
48	IAT sensor No.2		
49	Cooling fan relay No.2		
50	Cooling fan No.1		
51	Refrigerant pressure switch (middle)		
52	A/C switch		
53	A/C amplifier		
54	Cooling fan relay No.1		
55	Cooling fan No.2		
56	A/C relay		
57	Refrigerant pressure switch (HI and LO)		
58	Magnetic clutch		
59	With A/C		
60	Glow plug relay		
61	Glow plug		
62	Vacuum switch		
63	Fuel warmer		
64	With fuel warmer		
65	EGR valve position sensor		
, <u>.</u>			

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INTAKE-AIR SYSTEM

_ _ _ _ _ _

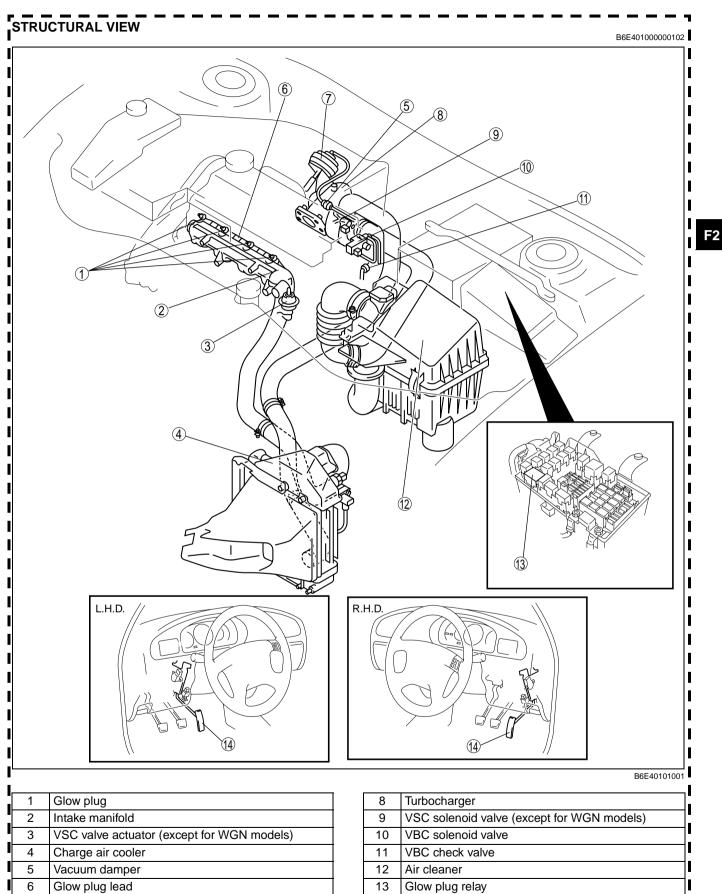
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OUTLINE

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 The intake-air system is essentially carried over from that of the current MPV (LW) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model. (See MPV Workshop Manual Supplement 1737-1*-02D.)

ltem	Mazda6 (GG, GY)	Current MPV (LW)	Remark for new model	
	MZR-CD (RF Turbo)			
Fresh-air duct	×		Same function as MPV (LW) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model Shape has been changed	
Air cleaner	:	×	Same function as MPV (LW) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model Shape has been changed	
Turbocharger	:	×	Same function as MPV (LW) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model	
Charge air cooler	×		Same function as MPV (LW) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model Shape has been changed	
Intake manifold	×		Same function as MPV (LW) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model	
VBC system	:	×	Same function as MPV (LW) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model	
VSC system (except for WGN models)	1 ×		Same function as MPV (LW) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model	
Glow plug	×		Same function as MPV (LW) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model	
Glow plug lead	×		Same function as MPV (LW) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model	
Glow plug relay	2	×	Same function as MPV (LW) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model	



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Accelerator pedal component

7 Guide blade actuator

F2-8-3

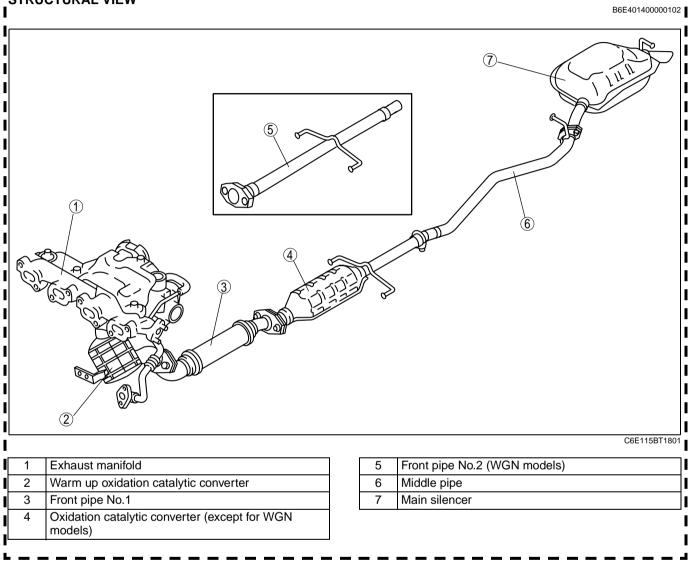
EXHAUST SYSTEM

OUTLINE

 The exhaust system is essentially carried over from that of the current 626 (GF)/626 Station Wagon (GW) RF Turbo engine models. (See 626 626 Station Wagon Workshop Manual Supplement 1688-1*-00G.)

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STRUCTURAL VIEW



EMISSION SYSTEM

OUTLINE

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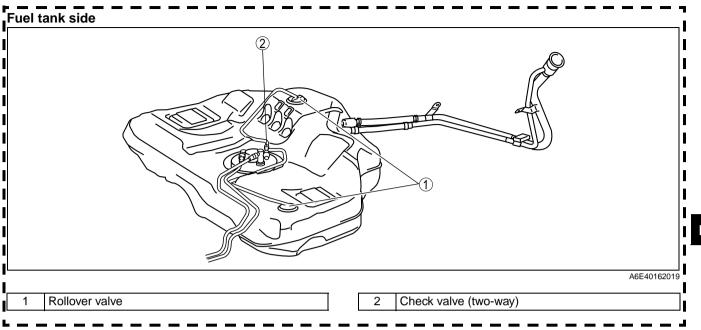
 OUTLINE
 The emission system is essentially carried over from that of the current MPV (LW) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model. (See MPV Workshop Manual Supplement 1737-1*-02D.)

			×:Applicable
ltem	Mazda6 (GG,GY)	Current MPV (LW)	Remark for new model
	MZR-CD ((RF Turbo)	
Rollover valve	;	×	Same function as MPV (LW) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model Shape has been changed
Check valve (two-way)	;	×	Same function as MPV (LW) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model Shape has been changed
Intake shutter valve actuator	;	×	Same function as MPV (LW) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
Intake shutter solenoid valve (half) (full)	;	×	Same function as MPV (LW) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
EGR valve	;	×	Same function as MPV (LW) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) (vent)	;	×	Same function as MPV (LW) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
EGR control solenoid valve	;	×	Same function as MPV (LW) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
EGR water cooler	;	×	Same function as MPV (LW) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
Warm up oxidation catalytic converter	;	×	Same function as MPV (LW) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
Oxidation catalytic converter (except for WGN models)	;	×	Same function as MPV (LW) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model

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STRUCTURAL VIEW B6E401600000102 Engine room side 6 .8 $(\mathcal{D}$ R 1 I (2) I 4 ₽₽₽ ₽ 3) -9 10 (5) A6E40162018 EGR water cooler Warm up oxidation catalytic converter 1 6 2 EGR valve 7 Intake shutter valve actuator Intake shutter solenoid valve (full) Oxidation catalytic converter (except for WGN 3 8 models) 4 Intake shutter solenoid valve (half) 9 EGR solenoid valve (vent) EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) 5 10 EGR control solenoid valve



CONTROL SYSTEM OUTLINE

The control system is essentially carried over from that of the previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine models. (See Mazda6 Workshop Manual Supplement 1749-1*-02G.)

Input Device

 \times :Applicable -: Not applicable

Item	New Mazda6 (GG, GY)	Previous Mazda6 (GG, GY)	Remark for new model
	MZR-CD (RF Turbo)	
Battery	>	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
Starter (starter signal)	>	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
Starter relay	>	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
Clutch switch	>	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
Neutral switch	>	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
Brake switch	>	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
Idle switch	>	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
A/C switch	>	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
Refrigerant pressure switch	;	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
Cruise control switch	;	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
Accelerator position sensor	>	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
MAF/IAT sensor	>	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
IAT sensor No.2	>	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
ECT sensor	>	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
Fuel temperature sensor	>	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
BARO sensor (integrated in PCM)	;	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
Boost sensor	;	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
Fuel pressure sensor	>	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
CMP sensor	>	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
CKP sensor	>	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
VSS	;	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
Calibration resistor	>	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
Immobilizer unit (integrated in PCM)	;	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
EGR valve position sensor	×	-	Same function as previous Mazda PREMACY (CP) RF Turbo engine model

Output Device

×:Applicable –: Not applicable

ltem	New Mazda6 (GG, GY)	Previous Mazda6 (GG, GY)	Remark for new model
	MZR-CD (RF Turbo)	
Suction control valve	>	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
IDM	>	<	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
VSC solenoid valve	>	K	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
VBC solenoid valve	>	<	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
EGR control solenoid valve	>	K	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
EGR solenoid valve (vacuum)	>	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
EGR solenoid valve (vent)	>	<	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
Intake shutter solenoid valve (half)	>	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
Intake shutter solenoid valve (full)	>	K	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
Glow indicator light	>	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
Cruise main indicator light	>	K	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
Cruise set indicator light	>	K	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
Glow plug relay	>	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
Cooling fan relay No.1	>	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
Cooling fan relay No.2	>	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
A/C relay	>	K	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model

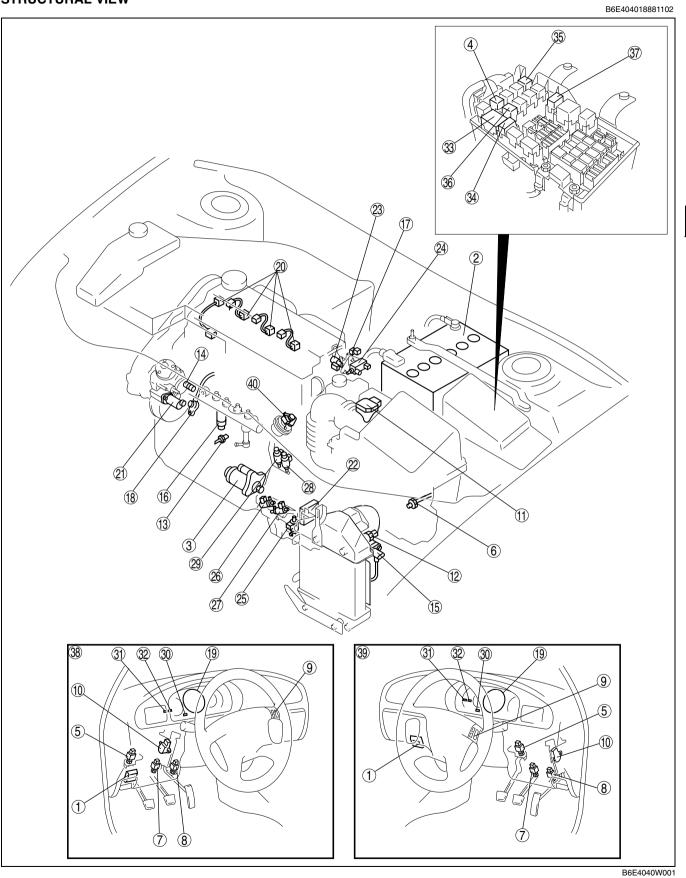
Control System

×:Applicable -: Not applicable

ltem	New Mazda6 (GG, GY)		Remark for new model
	MZR-CD (RF Turbo)	
Idle speed control	>	<	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
Glow control	>	<	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
VSC	>	<	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
Boost pressure control	>	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
Fuel injection amount control	>	<	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
Fuel injection timing control	>	K	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
Multiple fuel injection control	>	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model
Fuel pressure control	>	×	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model

Item	New Mazda6 (GG, GY)	Previous Mazda6 (GG, GY)	Remark for new model	
	MZR-CD (RF Turbo)			
EGR control	>	<	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model	
Cruise control system	>	<	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model	
Electrical fan control	>	<	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model	
A/C cut-off control	>	<	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model	
Immobilizer system	>	<	Same function as previous Mazda6 (GG, GY) MZR-CD (RF Turbo) engine model	

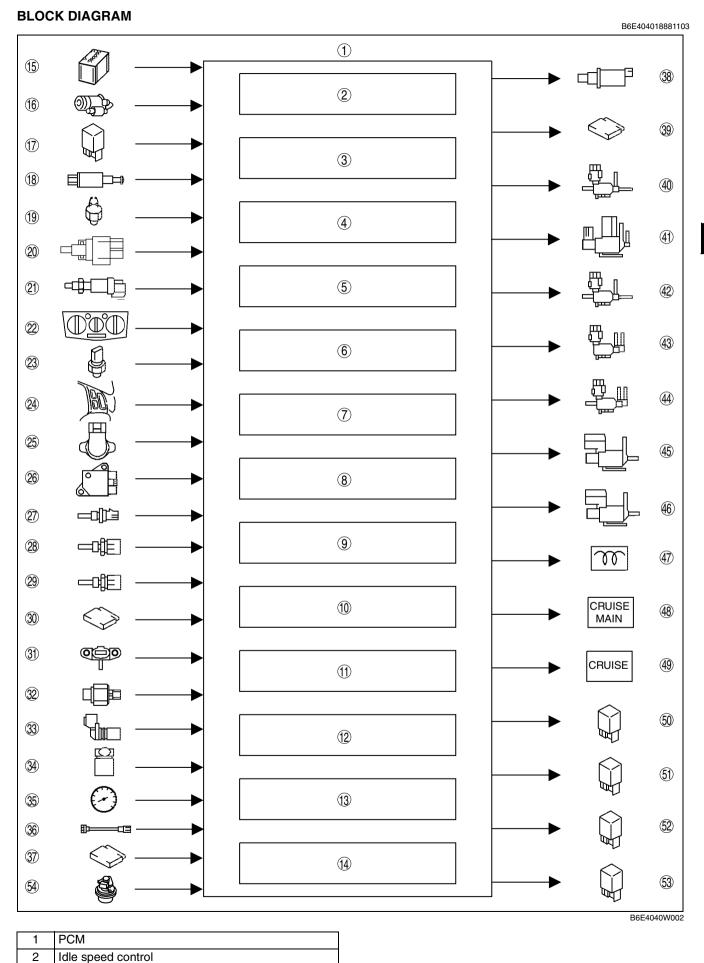
STRUCTURAL VIEW



1	PCM (with built-in BARO sensor and immobilizer unit)
2	Battery
3	Starter

F2

<u> </u>	
4	Starter relay
5	Clutch switch
6	Neutral switch
7	Brake switch
8	Idle switch
9	Cruise control switch
10	Accelerator position sensor
11	MAF/IAT sensor
12	IAT sensor No.2
13	ECT sensor
14	Fuel temperature sensor
15	Boost sensor
16	Fuel pressure sensor
17	CMP sensor
18	CKP sensor
19	VSS
20	Calibration resistor
21	Suction control valve
22	IDM
23	VSC solenoid valve
24	VBC solenoid valve
25	EGR control solenoid valve
26	EGR solenoid valve (vacuum)
27	EGR solenoid valve (vent)
28	Intake shutter solenoid valve (half)
29	Intake shutter solenoid valve (full)
30	Glow indicator light
31	Cruise main indicator light
32	Cruise set indicator light
33	Glow plug relay
34	Cooling fan relay No.1
35	Cooling fan relay No.2
36	A/C relay
37	PCM control relay
38	L.H.D.
39	R.H.D.
40	EGR valve position sensor
-	



F2

F2-15

3	Glow control
4	VSC
5	Boost pressure control
6	Fuel injection amount control
7	Fuel injection timing control
8	Multiple fuel injection control
9	Fuel pressure control
10	EGR control
11	Cruise control system
12	Electrical fan control
13	A/C cut-off control
14	Immobilizer system
15	Battery
16	Starter (starter signal)
17	Starter relay
18	Clutch switch
19	Neutral switch
20	Brake switch
21	Idle switch
22	A/C switch
23	Refrigerant pressure switch
24	Cruise control switch
25	Accelerator position sensor
26	MAF/IAT sensor
27	IAT sensor No.2
28	ECT sensor
29	Fuel temperature sensor
30	BARO sensor (integrated in PCM)
31	Boost sensor
32	Fuel pressure sensor
33	CMP sensor
34	CKP sensor
35	VSS
36	Calibration resistor
37	Immobilizer unit (integrated in PCM)
38	Suction control valve
39	IDM
40	VSC solenoid valve
41	VBC solenoid valve
42	EGR control solenoid valve
43	EGR solenoid valve (vacuum)
44	EGR solenoid valve (vent)
45	Intake shutter solenoid valve (half)
46	Intake shutter solenoid valve (full)
47	Glow indicator light
48	Cruise main indicator light
49	Cruise set indicator light
50	Glow plug relay
51	Cooling fan relay No.1
52	Cooling fan relay No.2
53	A/C relay
54	EGR valve position sensor

CONTROL DEVICE AND CONTROL RELATIONSHIP CHART

×: Applicable ⁻uel injection amount control Multiple fuel injection control Fuel injection timing control Boost pressure control Cruise control system Fuel pressure control Electrical fan control mmobilizer system A/C cut-off control dle speed control Item Glow control EGR control vsc Input device Battery Х \times Starter (starter signal) × × × Х Х × \times \times \times \times Starter relay Х × × Х × × Х × × × Clutch switch Х × × Х × Х Х × Neutral switch × × × × × Х × × Brake switch × Idle switch × × Х × × Х × A/C switch × × × × Х Refrigerant pressure switch Х × × × × Cruise control switch \times Accelerator position sensor × × × Х × × \times \times MAF/IAT sensor × × \times × × IAT sensor No.2 \times \times ECT sensor \times × Х × Х \times × × × \times Fuel temperature sensor × BARO sensor (integrated in PCM) Х \times \times Boost sensor × × Х Х Fuel pressure sensor × × × × CMP sensor × × × \times × CKP sensor \times × \times × × \times \times \times × VSS × × × Х × Х × × Calibration resistor × \times Immobilizer unit (integrated in PCM) \times EGR valve position sensor × **Output device** Suction control valve Х × IDM \times × × \times × × VSC solenoid valve × VBC solenoid valve × EGR control solenoid valve Х EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) × EGR solenoid valve (vent) Х Intake shutter solenoid valve (half) × Intake shutter solenoid valve (full) × Glow indicator light × Cruise main indicator light × Cruise set indicator light Х Glow plug relay × Cooling fan relay No.1 × Cooling fan relay No.2 × A/C relay \times

ON-BOARD DIAGNOSTIC

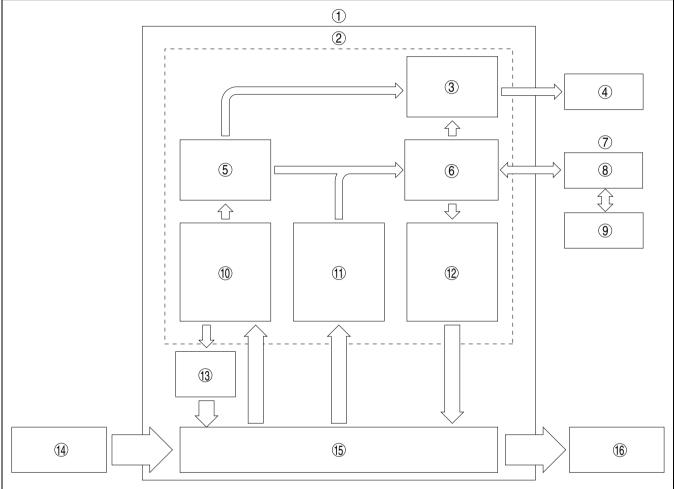
ON-BOARD DIAGNOSTIC OUTLINE

B6E407000102101

To meet the EOBD regulations	Diagnostic test modes adopted
Improved serviceability	 DTC troubleshooting modified PID/DATA monitor items added Simulation items added OBD drive mode adopted

Block Diagram

Features



BHE0102T	001

1	PCM
2	OBD system
3	Malfunction indication function
4	MIL
5	Memory function
6	Tester communication function
7	DLC-2
8	CAN

9	WDS or equivalent
10	Detection function
11	PID data monitor function
12	Simulation test function
13	Fail-safe function
14	Input device
15	Engine control system
16	Output device

DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE

• To meet EOBD regulations, the following diagnostic test modes have been adopted.

Diagnostic test mode	Item	
Mode 01	e 01 Sending diagnostic data (PID data monitor/On-board system readiness test)	
Mode 02	Sending freeze frame data	
Mode 03	Sending emission-related malfunction code (DTC)	
Mode 04	Clearing/resetting emission-related malfunction information	
Mode 07	Sending continuous monitoring system test results (pending code)	
Mode 09	Request vehicle information	

Sending Diagnostic Data PID data monitor

• The PID data monitor items are shown below.

PID data monitor table

-: Not applicable

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Full names	Uni	t	
Monitor status since DTCs cleared	_		
Calculated LOAD value	%		
Engine coolant temperature	۵°	°F	
Intake manifold absolute pressure	kPa	l	
Engine speed	rpm	l	
Vehicle speed	km/h	mph	
Intake air temperature	C°	°F	
Air flow rate from mass air flow sensor	g/s		
OBD requirement according to vehicle design	_		
Distance travelled while MIL is activated	km	miles	
Fuel rail pressure	kPa	kPa	

Sending Freeze Frame Data

• The Freeze Frame Data monitor items are shown below.

Freeze Frame Data monitor table

		—: Not applicable	
Full names	Un	nit	
DTC that caused required Freeze Frame Data storage	-	-	
Calculated LOAD value	%	, D	
Engine coolant temperature	lant temperature °C °F		
Intake manifold absolute pressure	kPa		
Engine speed	rpm		
Vehicle speed	km/h	mph	
Intake air temperature	°C	°F	
Air flow rate from mass air flow sensor	g/s		
Fuel rail pressure	kPa		

Sending Emission-related Malfunction Code

• The DTCs are shown below.

DTC Table	1		1	
DTC No.	Condition	MIL	DC	Memory function
P0016	Crankshaft position-camshaft position correlation malfunction	OFF	2	×
P0045	Variable boost control (VBC) solenoid valve control circuit low input	ON	2	×
P0088	Fuel pressure system too high	—	—	×
P0093	Fuel system leak detection	ON	1	×
P0096	Intake air temperature (IAT) sensor No.2 range/performance problem	ON	2	×
P0097	Intake air temperature (IAT) sensor No.2 circuit low input	ON	1	×
P0098	Intake air temperature (IAT) sensor No.2 circuit high input	ON	1	×
P0101	Mass air flow (MAF) sensor range/performance problem	ON	2	×
P0102	Mass air flow (MAF) sensor circuit low input	ON	1	×
P0103	Mass air flow (MAF) sensor circuit high input	ON	1	×
P0106	Boost sensor range/performance problem	ON	2	×
P0107	Boost sensor circuit low input	ON	1	×
P0108	Boost sensor circuit high input	ON	1	×
P0111	Intake air temperature (IAT) sensor No.1 range/performance problem	ON	2	×
P0112	Intake air temperature (IAT) sensor No.1 circuit low input	ON	1	×
P0113	Intake air temperature (IAT) sensor No.1 circuit high input	ON	1	×
P0116	Engine coolant temperature (ECT) sensor range/performance problem	ON	2	×
P0117	Engine coolant temperature (ECT) sensor circuit low input	ON	1	×
P0118	Engine coolant temperature (ECT) sensor circuit high input	ON	1	×
P0122	Accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor No.1 circuit low input	ON	1	×
P0123	Accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor No.1 circuit high input	ON	1	×
P0182	Fuel temperature sensor circuit low input	ON	1	×
P0183	Fuel temperature sensor circuit high input	ON	1	×
P0191	Fuel pressure sensor range/performance problem	OFF	2	×
P0192	Fuel pressure sensor circuit low input	ON	1	×
P0193	Fuel pressure sensor circuit high input	ON	1	×
P0200	Fuel injector operation identified	ON	1	×
P0201	Fuel injector No.1 operation identified	ON	1	×
P0202	Fuel injector No.2 operation identified	ON	1	×
P0203	Fuel injector No.3 operation identified	ON	1	×
P0204	Fuel injector No.4 operation identified	ON	1	×
P0222	Accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor No.2 circuit low input	ON	1	×
P0223	Accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor No.2 circuit high input	ON	1	×
P0225	Idle switch circuit malfunction	ON	2	×
P0301	Cylinder No.1 misfire detection	ON	1	×
P0302	Cylinder No.2 misfire detection	ON	1	×
P0303	Cylinder No.3 misfire detection	ON	1	×
P0304	Cylinder No.4 misfire detection	ON	1	×
P0336	CKP sensor range/performance problem	OFF	2	× ×
P0330	CKP sensor circuit low input	OPP	2 1	×
P0337	CMP sensor range/performance problem	OFF	2	
P0341 P0342	CMP sensor range/penormance problem		2 1	×
P0342 P0401	EGR flow insufficient detected	ON	2	×
P0401	EGR flow excessive detected	ON	2	
				×
P0404	EGR valve stuck	ON	2	×
P0406 P0489	EGR valve position sensor circuit high input EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) control circuit low input	ON		×
		ON	2	×
P0490	EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) control circuit high input	ON	2	×
P0500	Vehicle speed signal problem	ON	2	×
P0504	Brake switch signal correlation malfunction	OFF	2	×
P0512	Engine switch circuit high input	ON	1	×
P0562	Battery voltage low input	ON	1	×
P0563	Battery voltage high input	ON	1	×

DTC No.	Condition	MIL	DC	Memory function
P0564	Cruise control signal malfunction	OFF	2	×
P0602	PCM programming error	ON	1	×
P0606	PCM malfunction	ON	1	×
P0610	Control module vehicle options error	ON	1	×
P0627	Suction control valve circuit open	ON	1	×
P0628	Suction control valve circuit low input	ON	1	×
P0629	Suction control valve circuit high input	ON	1	×
P0661	Intake shutter solenoid valve (half) circuit low input	ON	2	×
P0662	Intake shutter solenoid valve (half) circuit high input	ON	2	×
P0664	Intake shutter solenoid valve (full) circuit voltage low input	ON	2	×
P0665	Intake shutter solenoid valve (full) circuit voltage high input	ON	2	×
P0704	Clutch switch circuit malfunction	ON	2	×
P0850	Neutral switch circuit malfunction	ON	2	×
P1190	Calibration resistor circuit malfunction	ON	2	×
P1211	Fuel pressure higher or lower than desired pressure	ON	2	×
P1391	Glow plug circuit low input	OFF	2	×
P1392	Glow plug circuit high input	OFF	2	×
P2009	Variable swirl control (VSC) solenoid valve circuit high input	ON	2	×
P2010	Variable swirl control (VSC) solenoid valve circuit low input	ON	2	×
P2135	Accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor No.1/No.2 voltage correlation	ON	1	×
P2136	Accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor No.1/idle switch correlation	ON	1	×
P2141	EGR solenoid valve (vent) circuit low input	ON	2	×
P2142	EGR solenoid valve (vent) circuit high input	ON	2	×
P2144	EGR solenoid valve circuit low input	ON	2	×
P2145	EGR solenoid valve circuit high input	ON	2	×
P2146	Fuel injector No.1/No.4 circuit malfunction	ON	1	×
P2149	Fuel injector No.2/No.3 circuit malfunction	ON	1	×
P2227	BARO sensor range/performance problem	ON	2	×
P2228	BARO sensor circuit low input	ON	1	×
P2229	BARO sensor circuit high input	ON	1	×

Sending Continuous Monitoring System Test Results

• These appear when a problem is detected in a monitored system.

1-drive cycle type

- If any problems are detected in the first drive cycle, pending codes will be stored in the PCM memory, as well as DTCs.
- After pending codes are stored, if the PCM determines that the system is normal in any future drive cycle, the PCM deletes the pending codes.

2-drive cycle type

- The code for a failed system is stored in the PCM memory in the first drive cycle. If the problem is not found in the second drive cycle, the PCM determines that the system returned to normal or the problem was mistakenly detected, and deletes the pending code. If the problem is found in the second drive cycle too, the PCM determines that the system has failed, and stores the pending codes, and the DTCs.
- After pending codes are stored, if the PCM determines that the system is normal in any future drive cycle, the PCM deletes the pending codes.

DTC DETECTION LOGIC AND CONDITIONS

B6E407000102103

- P0016 Crankshaft position-camshaft position correlation malfunction
- The PCM monitors the input signals from the CKP sensor and CMP sensor while engine is running. If the input signals from the CKP sensor and the CMP sensor do not correspond, the PCM determines that there is a correlation malfunction between crankshaft and camshaft position.

P0045 Variable boost control (VBC) solenoid valve control circuit low input

• The PCM monitors the output signal when the PCM controls the variable boost control solenoid valve **between 30 and 70%**. If the current of the variable boost control solenoid valve is **less than 0.8 A** during variable boost control solenoid valve control, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the variable boost control solenoid valve control circuit.

P0088 Fuel pressure system too high

 The PCM monitors the fuel pressure in the common rail from the fuel pressure sensor while the engine running. If the fuel pressure is more than 188 MPa {1,917 kgf/cm², 27,267 psi}, the PCM determines that the fuel pressure is too high.

P0093 Fuel system leak detection

• The PCM monitors the fuel pressure in the common rail from the fuel pressure sensor while the engine running. If the fuel pressure is lower after the fuel injection than the preprogrammed criteria, the PCM determines fuel system leakage.

P0096 Intake air temperature (IAT) sensor No.2 range/performance problem

The PCM monitors the input signal from intake air temperature sensor No.2. If the difference between the
maximum and minimum value of the intake air temperature sensor No.2 is less than 1 °C {1.8 °F}, the PCM
determines that there is a malfunction in intake air temperature sensor No.2.

P0097 Intake air temperature (IAT) sensor No.2 circuit low input

• The PCM monitors the input signal from intake air temperature sensor No.2. If the voltage from intake air temperature sensor No.2 is **less than 0.14 V**, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the intake air temperature sensor No.2 circuit.

P0098 Intake air temperature (IAT) sensor No.2 circuit high input

• The PCM monitors the input signal from intake air temperature sensor No.2. If the voltage from intake air temperature sensor No.2 is **more than 4.92 V**, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the intake air temperature sensor No.2 circuit.

P0101 Mass air flow (MAF) sensor range/performance problem

• The PCM monitors the input signal from the mass air flow sensor when the engine speed is **between 600 rpm** and **2,100 rpm**. If the voltage characteristic of the air flow sensor signal is out of the threshold, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the mass air flow sensor.

P0102 Mass air flow (MAF) sensor circuit low input

 The PCM monitors the input signal from the air flow sensor. If the voltage from the air flow sensor is less than 0.15 V, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the air flow sensor circuit.

P0103 Mass air flow (MAF) sensor circuit high input

• The PCM monitors the input signal from the air flow sensor. If the voltage from the air flow sensor is **more than 4.9 V**, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the intake air temperature sensor No. 2 circuit.

P0106 Boost sensor range/performance problem

• The PCM monitors the vacuum inside the intake manifold. If the difference of the vacuum inside the intake manifold during middle engine speed and low engine speed is less than the threshold, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the manifold absolute pressure sensor characteristic.

P0107 Boost sensor circuit low input

• The PCM monitors the input signal from the manifold absolute pressure. If the voltage from the manifold absolute pressure sensor is **less than 0.4 V**, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the manifold absolute pressure sensor circuit.

P0108 Boost sensor circuit high input

• The PCM monitors the input signal from the manifold absolute pressure sensor. If the voltage from the manifold absolute pressure sensor is **more than 4.8 V**, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the manifold absolute pressure sensor circuit.

P0111 Intake air temperature (IAT) sensor No.1 range/performance problem

• The PCM monitors the input signal from intake air temperature sensor No.1. If the difference between the maximum and minimum value of the intake air temperature sensor No.1 is **less than 1** °C **{1.8** °F}, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in intake air temperature sensor No.1.

P0112 Intake air temperature (IAT) sensor No.1 circuit low input

• The PCM monitors the input signal from intake air temperature sensor No.1. If the voltage from intake air temperature sensor No.1 is **less than 0.14 V**, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the intake air temperature sensor No.1 circuit.

P0113 Intake air temperature (IAT) sensor No.1 circuit high input

• The PCM monitors the input signal from intake air temperature sensor No.1. If the voltage from intake air temperature sensor No.1 is **more than 4.92 V**, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the intake air temperature sensor No.1 circuit.

P0116 Engine coolant temperature (ECT) sensor range/performance problem

• The PCM monitors the input signal from the engine coolant temperature sensor. If the difference between the maximum and minimum value of the engine coolant temperature is **less than 3 °C {5.4 °F}**, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the engine coolant temperature sensor characteristic.

P0117 Engine coolant temperature (ECT) sensor circuit low input

• The PCM monitors the input signal from the engine coolant temperature sensor. If the voltage from the engine coolant temperature sensor is **less than 0.14 V**, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the engine coolant temperature sensor circuit.

P0118 Engine coolant temperature (ECT) sensor circuit high input

• The PCM monitors the input signal from the engine coolant temperature sensor. If the voltage from the engine coolant temperature sensor is **more than 4.92 V**, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the engine

coolant temperature sensor circuit.

P0122 Accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor No.1 circuit low input

- The PCM monitors the input signal from accelerator pedal position sensor No.1. If the voltage from accelerator pedal position sensor No.1 is **less than 0.3 V**, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the accelerator pedal position sensor No.1 circuit.
- P0123 Accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor No.1 circuit high input
- The PCM monitors the input signal from accelerator pedal position sensor No.1. If the voltage from accelerator pedal position sensor No.1 is **more than 4.7 V**, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the accelerator pedal position sensor No.1 circuit.

P0182 Fuel temperature sensor circuit low input

• The PCM monitors the input signal from the fuel temperature sensor. If the voltage from the fuel temperature sensor is **less than 0.14 V**, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the fuel temperature sensor circuit.

P0183 Fuel temperature sensor circuit high input

• The PCM monitors the input signal from the fuel temperature sensor. If the voltage from the fuel temperature sensor is **more than 4.92 V**, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the fuel temperature sensor circuit.

P0191 Fuel pressure sensor range/performance problem

- The PCM monitors the fuel pressure in the common rail and input signal from the fuel pressure sensor while the engine is running. If any one of the following conditions is met, the PCM determines that there is malfunction in the fuel pressure sensor range/performance problem.
 - The PCM calculates the difference between the actual fuel pressure and the target fuel pressure. If the
 pressure difference more than 2 MPa {20 kgf/cm², 290 psi}, the PCM determines that there is a
 malfunction in fuel pressure sensor range/performance problem.
 - The PCM monitors the input signal from fuel pressure sensor. If the difference between the maximum and minimum value of the fuel pressure sensor is less than 0.015 V, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in fuel pressure sensor range/performance problem.

P0192 Fuel pressure sensor circuit low input

• PCM monitors input voltage from fuel pressure sensor while engine is running. If input voltage from fuel pressure sensor is **less than 0.4 V**, PCM determines fuel pressure sensor circuit low input.

P0193 Fuel pressure sensor circuit high input

- PCM monitors input voltage from fuel pressure sensor while engine is running. If input voltage from fuel pressure sensor is more than 4.86 V, PCM determines fuel pressure sensor circuit high input.
- P0200 Fuel injector operation identified
- The PCM monitors each cylinder injection confirmation signal from the IDM while the engine is running. If the PCM does not receive the injection confirmation signal for unspecified cylinder normally, the PCM determines that the unspecified cylinder fuel injector operation is not verified.

P0201 Fuel injector No.1 operation identified

• The PCM monitors each cylinder injection confirmation signal from the IDM while the engine is running. If the PCM does not receive the injection confirmation signal for No.1 cylinder normally, PCM determines that the fuel injector No.1 operation is not verified.

P0202 Fuel injector No.2 operation identified

• The PCM monitors each cylinder injection confirmation signal from the IDM while the engine is running. If the PCM does not receive the injection confirmation signal for No.2 cylinder normally, the PCM determines that the fuel injector No.2 operation is not verified.

P0203 Fuel injector No.3 operation identified

• The PCM monitors each cylinder's injection confirmation signal from the IDM while the engine is running. If the PCM does not receive the injection confirmation signal for No.3 cylinder normally, the PCM determines that the fuel injector No.3 operation is not verified.

P0204 Fuel injector No.4 operation identified

• The PCM monitors each cylinder injection confirmation signal from the IDM while the engine is running. If the PCM does not receive the injection confirmation signal for No.4 cylinder normally, the PCM determines that the fuel injector No.4 operation is not verified.

P0222 Accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor No.2 circuit low input

• The PCM monitors the input signal from accelerator pedal position sensor No.2. If the voltage from accelerator pedal position sensor No.2 is **less than 0.3 V**, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the accelerator pedal position sensor No.2 circuit.

P0223 Accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor No.2 circuit high input

• The PCM monitors the input signal from accelerator pedal position sensor No.2. If the voltage from accelerator pedal position sensor No.2 is **more than 4.7 V**, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the accelerator pedal position sensor No.2 circuit.

P0225 Idle switch circuit malfunction

• The PCM monitors the input signals from the accelerator pedal position sensor and the idle switch. If the idle switch is off even if the voltage from the accelerator pedal position sensor No.2 is **less than 0.75 V**, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the idle switch circuit.

P0301, P0302, P0303, P0304 Cylinder No.1/No.2/No.3/No.4 misfire detection

• The PCM monitors the CKP sensor input signal interval time. The PCM calculates the deviation of the interval time for each cylinder. If the deviation of interval time exceeds the preprogrammed criteria, the PCM detects a misfire in the corresponding cylinder. While the engine is running, the PCM counts the number of misfires and calculates misfire ratio for each crankshaft revolution. If the ratio exceeds the preprogrammed criteria, the PCM detects a determines that a misfire, which can affect emission performance, has occurred.

P0336 CKP sensor range/performance problem

 The PCM monitors input signal from the CKP sensor while the engine is running. If the input signal from the CKP sensor does not correspond with the proper pulse number, the PCM determines CKP sensor performance problem.

P0337 CKP sensor circuit low input

• The PCM monitors the input signal from the CKP sensor and the CMP sensor while the engine is running. If the input signal from the CKP sensor is not input while the PCM detects **28 pulses** from the CMP sensor, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the CKP sensor circuit.

P0341 CMP sensor range/performance problem

 The PCM monitors the input signal from the CMP sensor while the engine is running. If the input signal from the CMP sensor does not correspond with the proper pulse number, the PCM determines CMP sensor performance problem.

P0342 CMP sensor circuit low input

• The PCM monitors the input signal from the CMP sensor and the CKP sensor while the engine is running. If the input signal from the CMP sensor is not input while the PCM detects **255 pulses** from the CKP sensor, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the CMP sensor circuit.

P0401 EGR flow insufficient detected

• The PCM monitors the difference between the target air amount and intake air amount while the EGR system is operating. If the difference between the target air amount and the intake air amount is less than the threshold, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the EGR system.

P0402 EGR flow excessive detected

• The PCM monitors the difference between the target air amount and intake air amount while the EGR system is operating. If the difference between the target air amount and the intake air amount is more than the threshold, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the EGR system.

P0404 EGR valve stuck

• The PCM monitors the input signal from the EGR valve position sensor while the EGR system is operating. If the output voltage difference is less than threshold when the EGR flow amount changes, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the EGR valve.

P0406 EGR valve position sensor circuit high input

• The PCM monitors the input signal from the EGR valve position sensor. If the voltage from the EGR valve position sensor is **more than 4.75 V**, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the EGR valve position sensor circuit.

P0489 EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) control circuit low input

• The PCM monitors the output signal to the EGR solenoid valve (vacuum). If the EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) voltage is low even if the EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) is off, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the intake shutter solenoid valve control circuit.

P0490 EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) control circuit high input

The PCM monitors the output signal to the EGR solenoid valve (vacuum). If the EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) voltage is high even if the EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) is on, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) control circuit.

P0500 Vehicle speed signal problem

• The PCM monitors the CAN input signal from the DSC HU/CM. If the input signal is not correct, the PCM determines that there is a CAN input signal.

P0504 Brake switch signal correlation malfunction

- The PCM monitors the input signal from brake switch 1 and brake switch 2 while the engine is running. The PCM determines the brake switch signal correlation malfunction if the input signal from brake switch 1 brake switch 2 is as follows:
 - Brake switch 1 is on and brake switch 2 is off.
 - Brake switch 1 is off and brake switch 2 is on.

P0512 Engine switch circuit high input

• The PCM monitors the engine speed and the starter signal. If the engine speed is **more than 700 rpm** and the starter switch ON signal is input, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the starter switch circuit.

P0562 Battery voltage low input

• The PCM monitors the battery voltage. If the battery voltage is **less than 8 V**, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the battery and the battery signal system.

P0563 Battery voltage high input

• The PCM monitors the battery voltage. If the battery voltage is **more than 16 V**, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the battery charging system.

P0564 Cruise control signal malfunction

- The PCM monitors the input voltage from the cruise control switch while the engine is running. PCM determines cruise control signal malfunction if the input voltage from the cruise control switch is as follows for 120 s:
 - Below 0.1 V.
 - 1.4-1.9 V. 3.7-3.9 V. 4.5-4.6 V.

P0602 PCM programming error

No configuration data in PCM

P0606 PCM malfunction

PCM does not read DTC from output devices.

P0610 Control module vehicle options error

PCM data configuration error

P0627 Suction control valve circuit open

• The PCM monitors the suction control valve operation circuit signal frequency at PCM terminal 94. If the difference between the suction control valve operation frequency at PCM terminal 93 and the monitored suction control valve operation circuit signal frequency at PCM terminal 94 exceeds the threshold, the PCM determines that suction control valve open circuit.

P0628 Suction control valve circuit low input

 The PCM monitors the suction control valve circuit current while the engine is running. If the PCM detects the circuit current is less than 1 A when the suction control valve is on, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the suction control valve circuit.

P0629 Suction control valve circuit high input

• The PCM monitors the suction control valve circuit current while the engine is running. If the PCM detects circuit current more than 1 A when the suction control valve is off, the PCM determines that there is am malfunction in the suction control valve circuit.

P0661 Intake shutter solenoid valve (half) circuit low input

• The PCM monitors the output signal to the intake shutter solenoid valve when the intake shutter solenoid valve is off. If the intake shutter solenoid valve voltage is less than 7.8 V when the intake shutter solenoid valve off, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the intake shutter solenoid valve control circuit.

P0662 Intake shutter solenoid valve (half) circuit high input

 The PCM monitors the output signal to the intake shutter solenoid valve when the intake shutter solenoid valve is on. If the intake shutter solenoid valve voltage is more than 7.8 V when the intake shutter solenoid valve on, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the intake shutter solenoid valve control circuit.

P0664 Intake shutter solenoid valve (full) circuit voltage low input

• The PCM monitors the output signal to the intake shutter solenoid valve. If the intake shutter solenoid valve voltage is less than 7.8 V when the intake shutter solenoid valve is on, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the intake shutter solenoid valve control system.

P0665 intake shutter solenoid valve (full) circuit voltage high input

• The PCM monitors the output signal to the intake shutter solenoid valve when intake shutter solenoid valve is on. If the intake shutter solenoid valve voltage is more than 7.8 V when the intake shutter solenoid valve is on, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the intake shutter solenoid valve control circuit.

P0704 Clutch switch circuit malfunction

• The PCM monitors input voltage from the clutch pedal position switch while the engine running. If the input voltage from the clutch pedal position switch does not change when the vehicle stops after accelerating to more than 30 km/h {18.6 mph} and decelerating to 0 km/h {0 mph}, the PCM determines that clutch pedal position switch circuit has a malfunction.

P0850 Neutral switch circuit malfunction

• The PCM monitors the input signal from the neutral switch when shifting. If the neutral switch signal is not input even once even when vehicle speed is more than 10 km/h {6.2 mph} the shift lever is operated more than five times, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the neutral switch circuit.

P1190 Calibration resistor circuit malfunction

The PCM monitors the input voltage from the calibration resistor. If the PCM detects that the input voltage for any cylinder is more than 4.8 V or less than 0.2 V, the PCM determines calibration resistor malfunction.

P1211 Fuel pressure higher or lower than desired pressure

- The PCM monitors the fuel pressure and calculates the fuel supply volume to the common rail using the fuel pressure sensor input signal while the engine is running. If the fuel pressure or fuel supply volume to the common rail is as follows, the PCM determines that the fuel pressure is higher or lower than the desired pressure.
 - Supply pump actual pressure is higher than threshold.
 - Difference between two consecutive fuel supply to common rail volume from supply pump is more than one fuel injection volume by fuel injector.

P1391 Glow plug circuit low input

• The PCM monitors the output signal to the glow relay when the glow relay is on. If the glow relay voltage is 1.0

V or less when the glow relay is operating, The PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the glow relay circuit.

P1392 Glow plug circuit high input

• The PCM monitors the output signal to the glow relay when the glow relay is off. If the glow relay voltage is **4.0** V or more when the glow relay is off, The PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the glow relay circuit.

- P2009 Variable swirl control (VSC) solenoid valve circuit high input
- The PCM monitors the output signal to the variable swirl control solenoid valve. If the voltage of the variable swirl control solenoid valve is on, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the variable swirl control solenoid valve control system.

P2010 Variable swirl control (VSC) solenoid valve circuit low input

• The PCM monitors the output signal to the variable swirl control solenoid valve. If the voltage of the variable swirl control solenoid valve is off, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the variable swirl control solenoid valve control system.

P2135 Accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor No.1/No.2 voltage correlation

 The PCM monitors the input signals from accelerator pedal position sensor No.1 and accelerator pedal position sensor No.2. If the difference between accelerator pedal position sensor No.1 and accelerator pedal position sensor No.2 is more than 0.9 V, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the accelerator pedal position sensor characteristic.

P2136 Accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor No.1/idle switch correlation

The PCM monitors the input signal from accelerator pedal position sensor No.1. If the voltage from accelerator
pedal position sensor No.1 is more than 1.25 V during idle, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in
the accelerator pedal position sensor No.1 characteristic.

P2141 EGR solenoid valve (vent) circuit low input

The PCM monitors the output signal to the EGR solenoid valve (vent). If the EGR solenoid valve (vent) voltage
is low even if the EGR solenoid valve (vent) is off, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the intake
shutter solenoid valve control system.

P2142 EGR solenoid valve (vent) circuit high input

The PCM monitors the output signal to the EGR solenoid valve (vent). If the EGR solenoid valve (vent) voltage
is high even if the EGR solenoid valve (vent) is on, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the EGR
solenoid valve (vent) control system.

P2144 EGR control solenoid valve circuit low input

 The PCM monitors the output signal to the EGR control solenoid valve. If the EGR control solenoid valve voltage is low even if the EGR control solenoid valve is off, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the EGR control solenoid valve control circuit.

P2145 EGR control solenoid valve circuit high input

 The PCM monitors the output signal to the EGR control solenoid valve. If the EGR control solenoid valve voltage is high even if the EGR control solenoid valve is on, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the EGR control solenoid valve control circuit.

P2146 Fuel injector No.1/No.4 circuit malfunction

• The PCM monitors each cylinder injection confirmation signal from the IDM while the engine is running. If the PCM does not receive the injection confirmation signal for No.1 and No.4 cylinder normally, the PCM determines that the fuel injector No.1 and No.4 operation is not verified.

P2149 Fuel injector No.2/No.3 circuit malfunction

The PCM monitors each cylinder's injection confirmation signal from the IDM while the engine is running. If the
PCM does not receive the injection confirmation signal for No.2 and No.3 cylinder normally, the PCM
determines that the fuel injector No.2 and No.3 operation is not verified.

P2227 BARO sensor range/performance problem

• The PCM monitors the input signal from the barometric pressure sensor. If the difference between the barometric pressure input from the barometric pressure sensor and the manifold absolute pressure is **more than 75 mmHg**, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the barometric pressure sensor.

P2228 BARO sensor circuit low input

• The PCM monitors the input signal from the barometric pressure sensor. If the voltage from the barometric pressure sensor is **less than 0.4 V**, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the barometric pressure sensor signal system.

P2229 BARO sensor circuit high input

• The PCM monitors the input signal from the barometric pressure sensor. If the voltage from the barometric pressure sensor is **more than 4.7 V**, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the barometric pressure sensor signal system.

PID/DATA MONITOR AND RECORD

• The PID/DATA monitor items are shown below.

PID/DATA monitor item table

PID/DATA monitor item	Unit/Condition	Definition		
AC_REQ	On/Off	A/C request signal.		
ACCS	On/Off	Air conditioning compressor cycling switch		
ACR	On/Off	A/C relay		
APS1	V	Accelerator position sensor No.1 - voltage		
APS2	V	Accelerator position sensor No.2 - voltage		
ARPMDES	RPM	Target engine speed		
	kPa psi Bar			
BARO	V V	Barometric pressure		
BOO	On/Off	Brake switch		
BOOST_DSD	kPa psi Bar	Desired boost pressure		
CPP	On/Off	Clutch switch		
CPP/PNP	Neutral/Drive	Neutral switch		
CR_1	V	Calibration resistor voltage 1		
CR_2	V	Calibration resistor voltage 2		
CR_3	V	Calibration resistor voltage 3		
CR_4	V	Calibration resistor voltage 4		
CRUISESW	On/Off	Cruise control switch		
DEC_CMP	mm ³ par stroke	Desired fuel for torque down control		
DSC_ACT	Enabled/ Disabled	DSC control enable/disable		
DTCCNT		DTC count		
ECT	°C °F V	Engine coolant temperature		
EGRA	%	Exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve (vent)		
EGRV	%	Exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve (vacuum)		
EGRV2	On/Off	Exhaust gas recirculation control solenoid valve		
EGRVP	V	Exhaust gas recirculation valve position sensor		
FAN1	On/Off	Cooling fan relay No.2 (Main fan relay)		
FAN3	On/Off	Cooling fan relay No.1 (Add fan relay)		
FFH_STAT	Active/Inactive	FFH status		
	Current			
FIP_FL	%	FIP flow control		
FIP_FL_DSD	mm ³ par stroke	FIP flow desired		
FIP_LRN	Current	FIP learning amount		
FIP_MODE	Normal/Fixed_1/ Fixed_2/ Disabled	FIP duty control status		
FIP_SCV	Current V	FIP suction control valve		
FLT	°C °F	Fuel temperature		
FLTV	V	FLT signal voltage		
FRP	V kPa psi Bar	Fuel rail pressure		
FRP_A	kPa psi Bar	FRP after fuel injection		
GLWPG V	V	Glow plugs		
GPC	On/off	Glow plug control		
IASV	On/Off	intake shutter solenoid valve (full) control		
IASV2	On/Off	intake shutter solenoid valve (full) control		
IAT		Intake air temperature		
IAT2		Intake air temperature No.2		
ICP	kPa psi Bar	Injector control pressure		
IMRC	On/Off			
	0			

Monitor item	Unit/Condition	Definition
INGEAR	On/Off	Load/no load condition
INJ_LRN_DIS	km mile	Distance from the last injector learning
INJ_MODE	Normal/ Disabled/ Splitted/Fixed	Fuel injection timing control status
INJ_TIM	0	Fuel injection timing
INJ1_CMP		Injector 1 correction value
INJ2_CMP	mm ³ par stroke	Injector 2 correction value
INJ3_CMP	mini par stroke	Injector 3 correction value
INJ4_CMP		Injector 4 correction value
ISC_CMP	mm ³ par stroke	Fuel correction for idle speed control
IVS	Idle/Off Idle	Idle switch
MAF	g/s V	Mass air flow amount
MAF_C	g	MAF per cylinder
MAF_C_DSD	g	MAF per cylinder desired
MAF_LRN_DIS	km mile	Distance from the last MAF learning
MAINRLY	On/Off	PCM control relay
МАР	kPa psi Bar V	Manifold absolute pressure
MIL	On/Off	Malfunction indicator lamp
MULTI_INJ	1_INJ/2_INJ/ 3_INJ/4_INJ/ 5_INJ/6_INJ/ Disabled	Multiple fuel injection control status
NUMKEYS	_	Number of keys stored in module
RPM	RPM	Engine speed
SC_BOO	On/Off Applied/Not Applied	Brake switch for cruise
SC_CANCEL	Active/Inactive	Cruise cancel switch
SC_COAST	Active/Inactive	Cruise coast switch
SC_MAIN	Active/Inactive	Cruise main switch
SC_RES	Active/Inactive	Cruise resume switch
START_SW	On/Off	Starter switch value
TC_CMP	mm ³ par stroke	Fuel correction when torque down control
VBCV	%	VBC solenoid valve control
VFDES	mm ³ par stroke	Volume fuel desired
VPWR	V	Battery positive voltage
VSS	km/h mph	Vehicle speed sensor.

SIMULATION TEST

• The simulation items are shown below. Simulation item table

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				_	×: Applicable –: Not applicable
ltom	Applicable component	Unit/condition	Test co	ondition	PCM terminal
Item	Applicable component	Unit/condition	KOEO	EO KOER	PCM terminal
ACCS	Air conditioning compressor cycling switch	ON/OFF	×	×	73
EGRA	EGR solenoid valve (vent)	Any Duty (%)	×	×	72
EGRV	EGR solenoid valve (vacuum)	Any Duty (%)	×	×	99
EGRV2	EGR control solenoid valve	ON/OFF	×	×	77
FAN1	Cooling fan relay No.2 (Main fan relay)	ON/OFF	×	×	76
FAN3	Cooling fan relay No.1 (Add fan relay)	ON/OFF	×	×	102
GP_LMP	Glow plug lamp	ON/OFF	×	×	—

Item	Applicable component	Unit/condition	Test co	ondition	PCM terminal	
nem		Unit/condition	KOEO	KOER		
FUEL_PRIME	Fuel pump priming command	ON/	×	×	—	
GPC	Glow plug relay	ON/OFF	×	×	68	
IASV	Intake shutter solenoid valve (half)	ON/OFF	×	×	74	
IASV2	Intake shutter solenoid valve (full)	ON/OFF	×	×	100	
IMRC	VSC solenoid valve	ON/OFF	×	×	101	
VBCV	VBC solenoid valve	Any Duty (%)	×	×	67	

OUTLINE

SUPPLEMENTAL SERVICE INFORMATION

 The following changes and/or additions have been made since publication of the Mazda6 Workshop Manual (1749-1*-02G).

PCŇ

• PCM inspection has been modified.

EGR valve position sensor

• Inspection procedure has been added.

On-board diagnostic

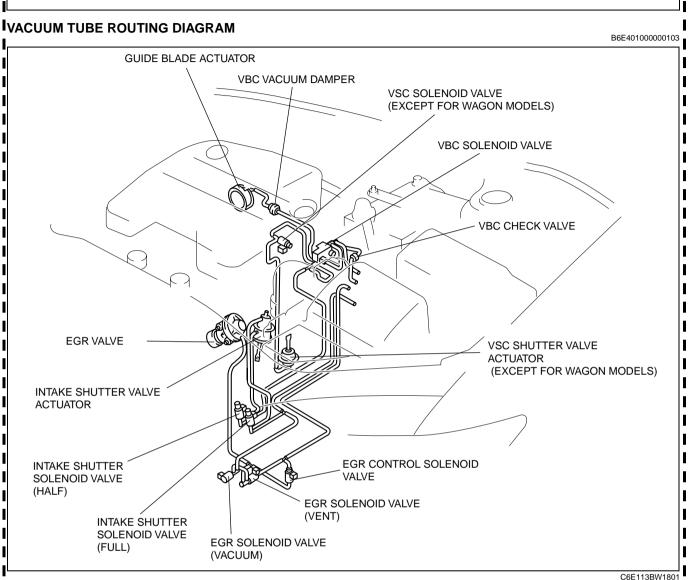
Inspection procedure has been modified.

Troubleshooting

• Inspection procedure has been modified.

INTAKE-AIR SYSTEM

INTAKE-AIR SYSTEM



INTAKE-AIR SYSTEM REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

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Warning

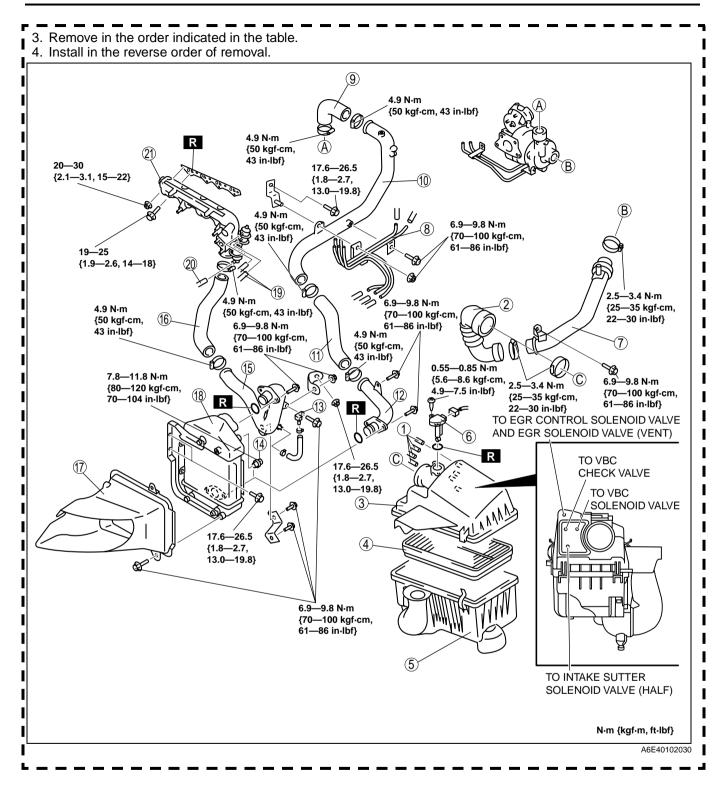
- When the engine and intake-air system are hot, they can cause severe burns or injury. Turn off the engine and wait until they are cool before removing or installing the intake-air system.
- Fuel vapor is hazardous. It can easily ignite, causing serious injury and damage. Always keep sparks and flames away from fuel.
- Fuel line spills and leakage are dangerous. Fuel can ignite and cause serious injuries or death and damage, Fuel can also irritate skin and eyes. To prevent this, always complete the following "Fuel Line Safety Procedure".

Note

- Perform "MAF Correction" after replacing the MAF/IAT sensor.
- 1. Disconnect the negative battery cable.
- 2. Remove the front bumper.

F2-30-1

INTAKE-AIR SYSTEM



INTAKE-AIR SYSTEM

	1	Vacuum hose		12	Air pipe
	2	Air hose		13	Boost sensor
	3	Air cleaner cover		14	IAT sensor No. 2
	4	Air cleaner element		15	Air pipe
	5	Air cleaner case		16	Air hose
	6	MAF/IAT sensor		17	Air duct
	7	Air pipe		18	Charge air cooler
		(See F2–30–3 Air Pipe Removal Note)	[19	Vacuum hose (Intal
	8	Vacuum pipe		20	Vacuum hose (VSC
1	9	Air hose			for WGN models))
	10	Air pipe		21	Intake manifold
	11	Air hose			(See F2-30-3 Intal
	-				

12	Air pipe
13	Boost sensor
14	IAT sensor No. 2
15	Air pipe
16	Air hose
17	Air duct
18	Charge air cooler
19	Vacuum hose (Intake shutter valve actuator)
20	Vacuum hose (VSC shutter valve actuator (except for WGN models))
21	Intake manifold (See F2–30–3 Intake Manifold Removal Note)

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Air Pipe Removal Note

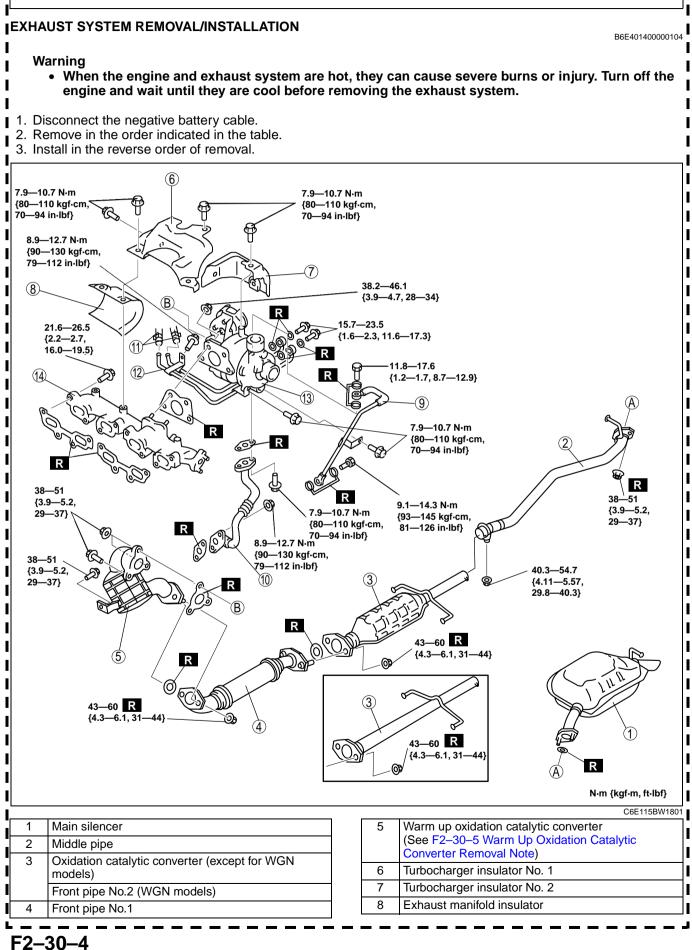
1. Remove the battery and the battery tray before removing the air pipe.

Intake Manifold Removal Note

- Remove the supply pump before removing the intake manifold.
 Remove the EGR valve before removing the intake manifold.

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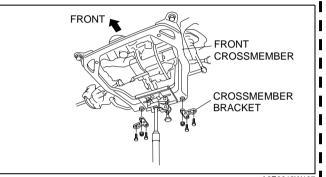
EXHAUST SYSTEM



9	Oil pipe (supply) (See F2–30–5 Oil Pipe (Supply) Installation Note)
10	Oil pipe (return)
11	Water hose (See F2–30–5 Water Hose Removal Note)
12	Water pipe (See F2–30–5 Water Pipe Installation Note)
13	Turbocharger (See F2–30–5 Turbocharger Removal Note)
14	Exhaust manifold (See F2–30–5 Exhaust Manifold Removal Note) (See F2–30–5 Exhaust Manifold Installation Note)

Warm Up Oxidation Catalytic Converter Removal Note

- 1. Support the crossmember using a jack before
- removing the crossmember bracket.
- 2. Loosen the jack and lower the crossmember.
- 3. Remove the warm up oxidation catalytic converter.



Water Hose Removal Note

1. Drain the engine coolant.

Turbocharger Removal Note

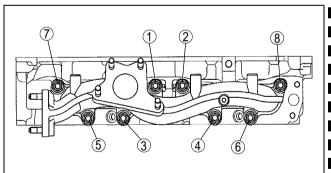
1. Remove the air pipe and the air hose before removing the turbocharger.

Exhaust Manifold Removal Note

1. Remove the EGR pipe before removing the exhaust manifold.

Exhaust Manifold Installation Note

1. Tighten the exhaust manifold installation nuts in the order shown.



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Water Pipe Installation Note

1. Install the connector bolt before installing the water pipe bracket.

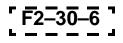
Oil Pipe (Supply) Installation Note

1. Install the connector bolt before installing the water pipe bracket.

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PCM INSPECTION

Using WDS or Equivalent

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Caution

• The PCM terminal voltage vary with change in measuring conditions and vehicle conditions. Always carry out a total inspection of the input systems, output systems, and PCM to determine the cause of trouble. Otherwise, diagnosis will be incorrect.

Note

- For replace the PCM, setup the WDS and perform the following.
 - "PCM configuration"
 - "Correction after Parts Installation"
- 1. Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. (See F2–38 ON-BOARD DIAGNOSTIC TEST.)
- 2. Turn the engine switch to ON.
- 3. Measure the PID value.
 - If PID value is not within the specification, follow the instructions in ACTION column.

PID Monitor Table									
Monitor item (Definition)	Unit	/Conc	dition	Condition/	Specification (Reference)	Inspection item	PCM terminal		
AC_REQ (A/C request signal)		On/Off KC		KOER	A/C switch ON: On A/C switch OFF: Off	Inspect following PIDs: START_SW, CPP, CPP/PNP, IVS, AC_REQ, APS1, APS2, ECT, RPM.	84		
ACCS (Air conditioning compressor cycling switch)		On/Off		On/Off		KOER	A/C switch ON and fan switch ON at idle: On Other: Off	Inspect following PIDs: START_SW, CPP, CPP/PNP, IVS, AC_REQ, APS1, APS2, ECT, RPM.	73
ACR (A/C relay)		On/Off		KOER	A/C switch ON and fan switch ON at idle: On Other: Off	Inspect following PIDs: START_SW, CPP, CPP/PNP, IVS, AC_REQ, APS1, APS2, ECT, RPM. Inspect A/C relay	73		
APS1 (Accelerator position sensor No.1 - voltage)		V		KOEO/ KOER	Accelerator pedal released: Approx. 0.6 V Accelerator pedal fully depressed: Approx. 3.6 V	Inspect Accelerator position sensor No.1	10		
APS2 (Accelerator position sensor No.2 - voltage)		V		KOEO/ KOER	Accelerator pedal released: Approx. 0.6 V Accelerator pedal fully depressed: Approx. 3.6 V	Inspect Accelerator position sensor No.2	88		
ARPMDES (Target engine speed)	RPM		KOER (Idle)	No load: 725—825 rpm E/L operating: 725—825 rpm P/S operating: 725—825 rpm A/C ON: 725—825 rpm	Inspect following PIDs: START_SW, CPP, CPP/PNP, IVS, AC_REQ, APS1, APS2, IAT2, ECT, BOOST_DSD, FRP, FRP_A, RPM, VSS.				
BARO (Barometric pressure)	kPa psi Bar V		KOEO/ KOER	Indicate Barometric pressure BARO 101.3 kPa: Approx. 4 V	Inspect BARO sensor.	_			
BOO (Brake switch)		On/Ot	ff	KOEO/ KOER Brake pedal released: Off Brake pedal depressed: On		Inspect brake switch.	7		
BOOST_DSD (Desired boost pressure)	kPa	psi	Bar	Desired boo	st pressure is displayed	Perform applicable DTC troubleshooting.	_		
CPP (Clutch switch)		On/Ot	ff	KOEO/ KOER	Clutch pedal released: Off Clutch pedal depressed: On	Inspect clutch switch.	33		
CPP/PNP (Neutral switch)	Ne	utral/D	Drive	KOEO/ KOER	Neutral position: Neutral Others: Drive	Inspect neutral switch.	56		
CR_1 (Calibration resistor voltage 1)							37		
CR_2 (Calibration resistor voltage 2)		V		KOEO/	Calibration resistor	Inspect neutral calibration	62		
CR_3 (Calibration resistor voltage 3)	- V		KOER	voltage is displayed	resistor.	89			
CR_4 (Calibration resistor voltage 4)						11			
CRUISESW (Cruise control switch)	On/Off		KOEO/ KOER	Cruise control switch OFF: Off Cruise control switch ON: On	Inspect cruise control switch	64			
DEC_CMP (Fuel correction for deceleration)	mm ³	³ per s	stroke	Fuel correct displayed.	ion for deceleration is	_	_		

Monitor item (Definition)	Unit/C	ondition	Condition	n/Specification (Reference)	Inspection item	PCM terminal
DSC_ACT	Enabled/		KOEO	Disable		
(DSC control enable/ disable)	Disabled		KOER	Idle: Enabled	_	—
DTCCNT (DTC count)			Number of displayed.	DTCs stored in the PCM is	Perform applicable DTC troubleshooting.	_
ECT	°C	°F	KOFO	Engine coolant temperature is displayed		
(Engine coolant temperature)		V	KOEO/ KOER	ECT 25 °C {77 °F}: Approx. 2.85 V ECT 80 °C {176 °F}: Approx. 0.89 V	Inspect ECT sensor.	87
			KOEO	Approx. 0 %	Inspect following PIDs:	
EGRA (Exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve (vent))	%		KOER	Idle: Approx. 100 % START_SW, CPP, CPP/PN IVS, AC_REQ, MAF, APS1, APS2, ECT, BARO, BOOST_DSD, FRP, FRP_A RPM, VSS. Inspect EGR solenoid valve (vent).		72
			KOEO	Approx. 0 %	Inspect following PIDs:	
EGRV (Exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve (vacuum))	%		KOER	Idle: Approx. 75—79 %	START_SW, CPP, CPP/PNP, IVS, AC_REQ, MAF, APS1, APS2, ECT, BARO, BOOST_DSD, FRP, FRP_A, RPM, VSS. Inspect EGR solenoid valve (vacuum).	99
	On/Off		KOEO	Off	Inspect following PIDs:	
EGRV2 (Exhaust gas recirculation control solenoid valve)			KOER	Idle: On	START_SW, CPP, CPP/PNP, IVS, AC_REQ, MAF, APS1, APS2, ECT, BARO, BOOST_DSD, FRP, FRP_A, RPM, VSS. Inspect EGR solenoid valve.	77
EGRVP						
(Exhaust gas recirculation valve position sensor)	V		See F2–37	' EGR VALVE POSITION SEI	NSOR INSPECTION.	32
FAN1 (Cooling fan relay No.2 (Main fan relay))	Or	n/Off	KOER (Idle)	ECT below 100 °C {212 °F}: Off Others: On	Inspect following PIDs: VPWR, AC_REQ, APS1, APS2, ECT Inspect cooling fan relay.	76
FAN3 (Cooling fan relay No.1 (Add fan relay))	On/Off		KOER (Idle)	ECT below 100 °C {212 °F}: Off A/C operating, refrigerant pressure switch (middle) is ON, and ECT below 108 °C {226 °F}: Off Other: On	Inspect following PIDs: VPWR, AC_REQ, APS1, APS2, ECT Inspect cooling fan relay.	102
FFH_STAT (FFH status)	Active	/Inactive	KOER (Idle)	Inactive	_	_
	Cu	rrent		Approx. 1.8 A	Inspect following PIDs:	
FIP_FL (FIP flow control)	%		KOER (Idle)	Approx. 44.4 %	START_SW, CPP, CPP/PNP, IVS, AC_REQ, APS1, APS2, IAT2, ECT, BOOST_DSD, FRP, FRP_A, RPM, VSS. Inspect IDM.	30
			KOEO	Approx. 0 mm ³ /stroke	Inspect following PIDs:	
FIP_FL_DSD (FIP flow desired)	mm ³ per stroke		KOER (Idle)	Approx. 55 mm ³ /stroke	START_SW, CPP, CPP/PNP, IVS, AC_REQ, APS1, APS2, IAT2, ECT, BOOST_DSD, FRP, FRP_A, RPM, VSS.	_

Monitor item (Definition)	Unit	/Cond	dition	Condition	n/Specification (Reference)	Inspection item	PCM terminal						
					KOEO	Approx. 64 mA	Inspect following PIDs:						
FIP_LRN (FIP learning amount)	(Curre	nt	KOER (Idle)	Approx. 77 mA	START_SW, CPP, CPP/PNP, IVS, AC_REQ, APS1, APS2, IAT2, ECT, BOOST_DSD, FRP, FRP_A, RPM, VSS.	_						
FIP_MODE (FIP duty control status)	F	Normal/ Fixed_1/ Fixed_2/ Disabled		Fixed_1/ Fixed_2/		KOEO KOER	Disabled Normal	Inspect following PIDs: START_SW, CPP, CPP/PNP, IVS, AC_REQ, APS1, APS2, IAT2, ECT, BOOST_DSD, FRP, FRP_A, RPM, VSS.	_				
	(Curre	nt	KOEO	Approx. 24 mA	Inspect following PIDs: START_SW, CPP, CPP/PNP,							
FIP_SCV (Suction control valve)				KOER KOEO	1.5—2.2 A Approx. 0.02 V	IVS, AC_REQ, APS1, APS2,	93, 94						
		V		KOEO	1.6—2.2 V	IAT2, ECT, BOOST_DSD, FRP,							
FLT				KOEN KOEO/	Fuel temperature is	FRP_A, RPM, VSS.							
(Fuel temperature)	°C		°F	KOER	displayed.	Inspect fuel temperature sensor	35						
FLTV (FLT signal voltage)		V		KOEO/ KOER	FLT 23 °C {73 °F}: Approx. 2.23 V								
				KOEO	Approx. 1 V								
		V		KOER	Idle: Approx. 1.54 V 2,000 rpm: Approx. 1.7 V								
FRP				KOEO	0 kPa {0 psi, 0 Bar}								
(Fuel pressure sensor)	kPa	psi	Bar	KOER	Idle: Approx. 34 MPa {4,931 psi, 340 Bar} 2,000 rpm: Approx. 43 MPa {6,237 psi, 430 Bar}	Inspect fuel pressure sensor	61						
				KOEO	0 kPa {0 psi, 0 Bar}								
FRP_A (FRP after fuel injection)	kPa psi		Bar	KOER	Idle: Approx. 34 MPa {4,931 psi, 340 Bar} 2,000 rpm: Aprrox.43 MPa {6,237 psi, 430 Bar}								
GLWPG V						I I				KOEO	Approx. 0 V		
(Glow plugs)		V		KOER	Cranking: Approx. 10 V Idle: Approx. 0 V	Inspect following PIDs: START_SW, ECT,	86						
GPC			KOEO		Off	BOOST_DSD, VSS	00						
(Glow plug control)		On/O	ff	KOER	Cranking: On Idle: Off								
				KOEO	Off	Inspect following PIDs:							
IASV (intake shutter solenoid valve (half) control)		On/Off		KOER	Idle: On 1,100 rpm or more: On	START_SW, CPP, CPP/PNP, IVS, APS1, APS2, IAT2, MAF, ECT, BOOST_DSD, RPM, VSS. Inspect intake shutter solenoid valve (half).	74						
				KOEO	Off	Inspect following PIDs:							
IASV2 (intake shutter solenoid valve (full) control)	On/Off		KOER	Idle: Off	START_SW, CPP, CPP/PNP, IVS, APS1, APS2, IAT2, MAF, ECT, BOOST_DSD, RPM, VSS. Inspect intake shutter solenoid valve (full).	100							
IAT Upteke ein	V		V		V 30°C {86 °F}: Approx KOEO/ V		30°C {86 °F}: Approx. 1.9 V						
(Intake air temperature)	°C		°F	KOER	Intake air temperature is display	Inspect IAT sensor.No.1	60						
IAT2		V		KOEO/	23 °C {73 °F}: Approx. 2.2 V								
(Intake air temperature No.2)	°C °F		°F	KOER	Intake air temperature is display	Inspect IAT sensor.No.2	8						

Monitor item (Definition)	Unit/	/Con	dition	Conditio	n/Specification (Reference)	Inspection item	PCM terminal		
105				KOEO	35 MPa {5,076 psi, 350 Bar}	Inspect following PIDs:			
ICP (Injector control pressure)	kPa	psi	Bar	KOER	Idle: Approx.35 MPa {5,076 psi, 350 Bar} 2,000 rpm: Approx.45 MPa {6,526.7 psi, 450 Bar}	START_SW, CPP, CPP/PNP, IVS, AC_REQ, APS1, APS2, IAT2, ECT, BOOST_DSD, FRP, FRP_A, RPM, VSS.	_		
IMRC				KOEO	Off	Inspect following PIDs: CPP,			
(VSC solenoid valve control)		On/O	ff	KOER	Idle: On 1,900 rpm or more: Off	CPP/PNP, APS1, APS2, IVS, MAF, ECT, RPM. Inspect VSC solenoid valve.	101		
INGEAR (Load/no load condition)		On/O	ff	KOEO/ KOER	CPP or CPP/PNP is on: On Others: Off	Inspect following PIDs: CPP, CPP/PNP.	_		
INJ_LRN_DIS (Distance from the last injector learning)	km		mile	KOEO/ KOER	Distance from the last injector learning	Distance from the last injector learning is display.	_		
INJ_MODE	N	Vorma	al/	KOEO	Disabled	Inspect following PIDs:			
(Fuel injection timing control status)	D	isable		KOER	Idle: Normal	START_SW, CPP, CPP/PNP, IVS, MAF, ECT, FRP, FRP_A, RPM, VSS.	_		
				KOEO	Approx. 30°	Inspect following PIDs:			
INJ_TIM (Fuel injection timing)	0			KOER	Idle: Approx. 30° 2,000 rpm: Approx. 30°	START_SW, CPP, CPP/PNP, IVS, MAF, ECT, FRP, FRP_A, RPM, VSS.	42, 43, 44, 45		
INJ1_CMP (Injector 1 correction value)	– mm ³ per stroke					42			
INJ2_CMP (Injector 2 correction value)			KOEO/ Injector correction value is		Inspect following PIDs: START_SW, CPP, CPP/PNP,	45			
INJ3_CMP (Injector 3 correction value)			KOER	displayed	IVS, APS1, APS2, IAT2, ECT, BOOST_DSD, FRP, FRP_A, RPM, VSS.	43			
INJ4_CMP (Injector 4 correction value)						44			
ISC_CMP (Fuel correction for idle speed control)	mm ³	per s	stroke	KOEO/ KOER	Fuel correction for idle speed control is displayed	_	_		
IVS (Idle switch)	Idle	e/Off	Idle	KOEO/ KOER	CTP: Idle Others: Off Idle	Inspect Idle switch	31		
		,		KOEO	0 g/s				
MAF		g/s		KOER	Idle: Approx. 13 g/s 2,000 rpm: Approx. 21 g/s	Inspect MAF sensor.	9		
(Mass air flow amount)		v		KOEO	Less than 1V				
		v		KOER	Idle: Approx. 2.1 V 2,000 rpm: Approx. 2.4 V				
MAF_C				KOEO	Approx. 78.44 mg	4			
(MAF per cylinder)) g			KOER	Idle: Approx. 590 mg 2,000 rpm: Approx. 400 mg	Inspect MAF sensor.	_		
MAF_C_DSD						KOEO	Approx. 1.01 mg		
(MAF per cylinder desired)	g		KOER	Idle: Approx. 358 mg 2,000 rpm: Approx. 320 mg	Inspect MAF sensor.	—			
MAF_LRN_DIS (Distance from the last MAF learning)	km		mile	KOEO/ KOER	Distance from the last MAF learning is displayed	_	_		
MAINRLY (PCM control relay)		On/O	ff	KOEO KOER	On Idle: On	_	69		
(PCM control relay)				NUEK	Idle: On	<u> </u>	ļ		

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Monitor item (Definition)	Unit/Condition			Condition	n/Specification (Reference)	Inspection item	PCM terminal		
MAP	kPa	psi	Bar	KOER	Manifold absolute pressure is displayed		36		
(Manifold absolute pressure)		V		KOEO	Approx. 4.1 V (at sea level)	Inspect MAP sensor.	30		
MIL				KOEO	On	Perform applicable DTC			
(Malfunction indicator lamp)		On/Ot	ff	KOER (Idle)	Off	troubleshooting.	—		
				KOEO	Disabled				
MULTI_INJ (Multiple fuel injection control status)	3_ 5_	INJ/2_ INJ/4_ INJ/6_ Disable	INJ/ INJ/	KOER	Idle: 4_INJ As increase the engine speed: 4_INJ \rightarrow 3_INJ \rightarrow 2_INJ \rightarrow 1_INJ Release the accelerator pedal while the engine speed is high: Disabled	Inspect following PIDs: START_SW, CPP, CPP/PNP, IVS, AC_REQ, APS1, APS2, MAF, IAT2, ECT, FLT, RPM, VSS.	_		
NUMKEYS (Number of keys stored in module)		_		KOEO/ KOER	Number of keys stored in module	_	_		
· ·				KOER	0 RPM				
RPM (Engine speed)	RPM		I	KOER	No load: 725—825 RPM E/L operating: 725—825 RPM P/S operating: 725—825 RPM A/C ON: 725—825 RPM	Inspect CKP sensor.	3, 29		
SC_BOO	(Brake switch for		Applied/Not		Brake pedal released: Off Brake pedal depressed: On				
(Brake switch for cruise)					Brake pedal released: Not Applied Brake pedal depressed: Applied	Inspect brake switch	34		
SC_CANCEL (Cruise cancel switch)	Active/Inactive		Active/Inactive		Cruise cancel switch released: Inactive Cruise cancel switch depressed: Active	Inspect cruise cancel switch	64		
SC_COAST (Cruise coast switch)	Active/Inactive		Active/Inactive		active	KOEO/ KOER	Cruise coast switch released: Inactive Cruise coast switch depressed: Active	Inspect cruise cancel switch	64
SC_MAIN (Cruise main switch)	Active/Inactive		active	KOEO/ KOER	Cruise control switch OFF: Inactive Cruise control switch ON: Active	Inspect cruise cancel switch	64		
SC_RES (Cruise resume switch)	Active/Inactive		active	KOEO/ KOER	Cruise resume switch released: Inactive Cruise resume switch depressed: Active	Inspect cruise cancel switch	64		
	1			KOEO	Off				
START_SW (Starter switch value)	On/Off		KOER	Cranking: On Idle: Off	Inspect cruise cancel switch	57			
TC_CMP (Fuel correction for traction control)	mm ³ per stroke		mm ³ per stroke		Fuel correction for traction control is display.	Inspect following PIDs: START_SW, CPP, CPP/PNP, IVS, AC_REQ, APS1, APS2, IAT2, ECT, BOOST_DSD, FRP, FRP_A, RPM, VSS.	_		
VBCV	1			KOEO	0 %	Inspect following PIDs: CPP,			
(VBC solenoid valve control)	%			KOER	Idle: Approx. 51 % 2,000 rpm: Approx. 50 %	CPP/PNP, APS1, APS2, IVS, MAF, ECT, RPM. Inspect VBC solenoid valve.	67		

Monitor item (Definition)	Unit/Condition		Condition/	Specification (Reference)	Inspection item	PCM terminal		
VFDES (Volume fuel desired)	mm ³ per stroke		KOEO/ KOER	Volume fuel desired is displayed	Inspect following PIDs: START_SW, CPP, CPP/PNP, IVS, AC_REQ, APS1, APS2, IAT2, ECT, BOOST_DSD, FRP, FRP_A, RPM, VSS.	_		
VPWR (Battery positive voltage)	V		V K		KOEO	Battery positive voltage is displayed	Inspect PCM control relay. Inspect battery.	27, 53, 79
VSS (Vehicle speed)	km/h	mph	KOER	Vehicle speed is displayed	Perform applicable DTC troubleshooting.	_		

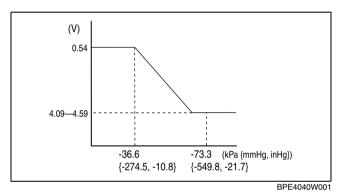
EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR INSPECTION

Voltage Inspection

- 1. Disconnect the vacuum hose from the EGR valve position sensor and connect the vacuum pump to the EGR valve.
- 2. Turn the engine switch to the ON position.
- 3. Verify that the voltage at terminal B changes while applying the vacuum to the EGR valve as show in the graph.
 - If not as specified, replace the EGR valve.

Specification

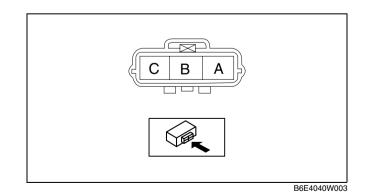
Vacuum	Voltage
0— -36.6 kPa {0— -274.5 mmHg, 0— -10.8 inHg} or above	4.09—4.59 V
-73.3 {-549.8 mmHg, -21.7 inHg} or below	Approx. 0.54 V



Resistance Inspection

- 1. Disconnect the EGR valve position sensor connector.
- 2. Measure the resistance between terminal A and C.
 - If not as specified, replace the EGR valve.

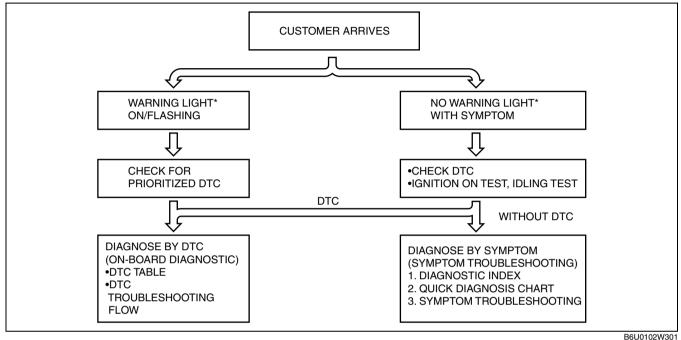
EGR valve position sensor resistance Approx. 5 kilohms



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FOREWORD

- When the customer reports a vehicle malfunction, check the malfunction indicator light (MIL) indication and diagnostic trouble code (DTC), then diagnose the malfunction according to following flowchart.
 - If the DTC exists, diagnose the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
 - If the DTC does not exist and the MIL does not illuminate or flash, diagnose the applicable symptom troubleshooting.



* : Malfunction Indicator Light (MIL), Generator Warning Light, Security Light

OBD PENDING TROUBLE CODES

These appear when a problem is detected in a monitored system. The MIL is illuminated when a problem is
detected in two consecutive drive cycles. The code for a failed system is stored in the PCM memory in the first
drive cycle. This code is called the pending code. If the problem is not found in the second drive cycle, the PCM
judges that the system returned to normal or the problem was mistakenly detected, and deletes the pending
code. If the problem is found in the second drive cycle too, the PCM judges that the system has failed, deletes
the pending code, illuminates the MIL and stores the DTC.

OBD FREEZE FRAME DATA

This is the technical data which indicates the engine's condition at the time of the first malfunction. This data will remain in the memory even if another emission-related DTC is stored, with the exception of Misfire or Fuel System DTCs. Once freeze frame data for a Misfire or Fuel System DTC is stored, it will overwrite any previous data and the freeze frame will not be overwritten again.

OBD READ/CLEAR DIAGNOSTIC TEST RESULTS

 This retrieves all stored DTCs in the PCM and clears the DTC, Freeze Frame Data, On-Board Readiness Test Results, Diagnostic Monitoring Test Results and Pending Trouble Codes.

OBD PARAMETER IDENTIFICATION (PID) ACCESS

 The PID mode allows access to certain data values, analog and digital inputs and outputs, calculated values and system status information. Since PID values for output devices are PCM internal data values, inspect each device to identify which output devices are malfunctioning.

ON-BOARD DIAGNOSTIC TEST

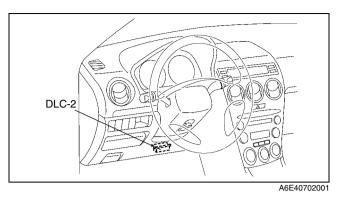
DTCs Retrieving Procedure

1. Perform the necessary vehicle preparation and visual inspection.

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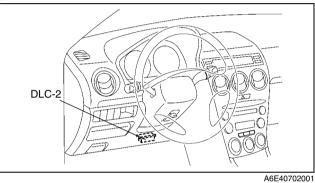
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- Connect WDS or equivalent to the vehicle DLC-2 16-pin connector located on the left side of the steering column.
- 3. Retrieve DTC using WDS or equivalent.



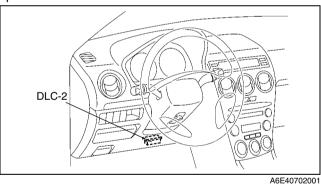
Pending Trouble Code Access Procedure

- 1. Perform the necessary vehicle preparation and visual inspection.
- Connect WDS or equivalent to the vehicle DLC-2 16-pin connector located on the left side of the steering column.
- 3. Retrieve pending trouble code using WDS or equivalent.



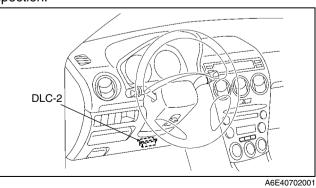
Freeze Frame PID Data Access Procedure

- 1. Perform the necessary vehicle preparation and visual inspection.
- Connect WDS or equivalent to the vehicle DLC-2 16-pin connector located on the left side of the steering column.
- 3. Retrieve FREEZE FRAME PID DATA using WDS or equivalent.



PID/DATA Monitor and Record Procedure

- 1. Perform the necessary vehicle preparation and visual inspection.
- Connect WDS or equivalent to the vehicle DLC-2 16-pin connector located on the left side of the steering column.
- 3. Access and monitor PIDs using WDS or equivalent.



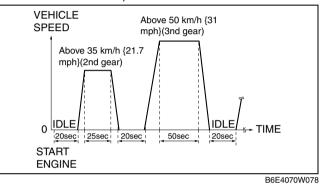
OBD DRIVE MODE

 Performing the Drive Mode inspects the OBD system for proper operation and must be performed to ensure that no additional DTCs are present.

- During Drive Mode, the following systems are inspected:
 - P0101 MAF sensor circuit range/performance problem
 - P0106 Boost sensor circuit range/performance problem
 - P0401 EGR flow insufficient detected
 - P0402 EGR flow excessive detected
 - P0404 EGR valve stuck
 - P2227 BARO sensor circuit range/performance problem

Caution

- While performing the Drive Mode, always operate the vehicle in a safe and lawful manner.
- When the WDS or equivalent is used to observe monitor system status while driving, be sure to
 have another technician with you, or record the data in the WDS or equivalent using the PID/DATA
 MONITOR AND RECORD function and inspect later.
- 1. Warm up the engine to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Verify all accessory loads (A/C, headlights, blower fan, rear window defroster) are off.
- 3. Drive the vehicle five times in the driving mode indicated in the figure on a road with a 0% gradient.
- 4. Stop the vehicle.
- 5. Verify no DTCs are available.



DTC TABLE

DTC No.	Condition	MIL	DC	Memory function	Page
P0016	Crankshaft position-camshaft position correlation malfunction	OFF	2	×	(See F2-42 DTC P0016.)
P0045	Variable boost control (VBC) solenoid valve control circuit low input	ON	2	×	(See F2-43 DTC P0045.)
P0088	Fuel pressure system too high	—	_	х	(See F2-46 DTC P0088.)
P0093	Fuel system leak detection	ON	1	х	(See F2-47 DTC P0093.)
P0096	Intake air temperature (IAT) sensor No.2 range/ performance problem	ON	2	×	(See F2-48 DTC P0096.)
P0097	Intake air temperature (IAT) sensor No.2 circuit low input	ON	1	×	(See F2-49 DTC P0097.
P0098	Intake air temperature (IAT) sensor No.2 circuit high input	ON	1	×	(See F2-51 DTC P0098.
P0101	Mass air flow (MAF) sensor range/performance problem	ON	2	Х	(See F2-54 DTC P0101.
P0102	Mass air flow (MAF) sensor circuit low input	ON	1	Х	(See F2-55 DTC P0102.
P0103	Mass air flow (MAF) sensor circuit high input	ON	1	Х	(See F2-58 DTC P0103.
P0106	Boost sensor range/performance problem	ON	2	×	(See F2-60 DTC P0106.
P0107	Boost sensor circuit low input	ON	1	×	(See F2-61 DTC P0107.
P0108	Boost sensor circuit high input	ON	1	×	(See F2-64 DTC P0108.
P0111	Intake air temperature (IAT) sensor No.1 range/ performance problem	ON	2	×	(See F2-66 DTC P0111.
P0112	Intake air temperature (IAT) sensor No.1 circuit low input	ON	1	×	(See F2-67 DTC P0112.
P0113	Intake air temperature (IAT) sensor No.1 circuit high input	ON	1	×	(See F2-69 DTC P0113.
P0116	Engine coolant temperature (ECT) sensor range/ performance problem	ON	2	×	(See F2-72 DTC P0116.
P0117	Engine coolant temperature (ECT) sensor circuit low input	ON	1	×	(See F2-74 DTC P0117.

DTC No.	Condition	MIL	DC	Memory function	Page
P0118	Engine coolant temperature (ECT) sensor circuit high input	ON	1	×	(See F2-75 DTC P0118.)
P0122	Accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor No.1 circuit low input	ON	1	×	(See F2-78 DTC P0122.)
P0123	Accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor No.1 circuit high input	ON	1	×	(See F2-80 DTC P0123.)
P0182	Fuel temperature sensor circuit low input	ON	1	×	(See F2-82 DTC P0182.)
P0183	Fuel temperature sensor circuit high input	ON	1	×	(See F2-84 DTC P0183.)
P0191	Fuel pressure sensor range/performance problem	OFF	2	×	(See F2-86 DTC P0191.)
P0192	Fuel pressure sensor circuit low input	ON	1	×	(See F2-87 DTC P0192.)
P0193	Fuel pressure sensor circuit high input	ON	1	×	(See F2-90 DTC P0193.)
P0200	Fuel injector operation identified	ON	1	×	(See F2-92 DTC P0200.)
P0201	Fuel injector No.1 operation identified	ON	1	×	(See F2-95 DTC P0201.)
P0202	Fuel injector No.2 operation identified	ON	1	×	(See F2-98 DTC P0202.)
P0203	Fuel injector No.3 operation identified	ON	1	×	(See F2-101 DTC P0203.)
P0204	Fuel injector No.4 operation identified	ON	1	×	(See F2-104 DTC P0204.)
P0222	Accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor No.2 circuit low input	ON	1	×	(See F2-107 DTC P0222.)
P0223	Accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor No.2 circuit high input	ON	1	×	(See F2-110 DTC P0223.)
P0225	Idle switch circuit malfunction	ON	2	×	(See F2-112 DTC P0225.)
P0301	Cylinder No.1 misfire detection	ON	1	×	(See F2–114 DTC P0301, P0302, P0303, P0304.)
P0302	Cylinder No.2 misfire detection	ON	1	×	(See F2–114 DTC P0301, P0302, P0303, P0304.)
P0303	Cylinder No.3 misfire detection	ON	1	×	(See F2–114 DTC P0301, P0302, P0303, P0304.)
P0304	Cylinder No.4 misfire detection	ON	1	×	(See F2–114 DTC P0301, P0302, P0303, P0304.)
P0336	CKP sensor range/performance problem	OFF	2	×	(See F2-116 DTC P0336.)
P0337	CKP sensor circuit low input	ON	1	Х	(See F2-117 DTC P0337.)
P0341	CMP sensor range/performance problem	OFF	2	×	(See F2-120 DTC P0341.)
P0342	CMP sensor circuit low input	ON	1	Х	(See F2-121 DTC P0342.)
P0401	EGR flow insufficient detected	ON	2	×	(See F2-124 DTC P0401.)
P0402	EGR flow excessive detected	ON	2	×	(See F2-125 DTC P0402.)
P0404	EGR valve stuck	ON	2	×	(See F2-126 DTC P0404.)
P0406	EGR valve position sensor circuit high input	ON	1	×	(See F2-127 DTC P0406.)
P0489	EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) control circuit low input	ON	2	×	(See F2-130 DTC P0489.)
P0490	EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) control circuit high input	ON	2	×	(See F2-132 DTC P0490.)
P0500	Vehicle speed signal problem	ON	2	×	(See F2-134 DTC P0500.)
P0504	Brake switch signal correlation malfunction	OFF	2	×	(See F2-134 DTC P0504.)
P0512	Engine switch circuit high input	ON	1	×	(See F2-137 DTC P0512.)
P0562	Battery voltage low input	ON	1	×	(See F2-140 DTC P0562.)
P0563	Battery voltage high input	ON	1	×	(See F2-141 DTC P0563.)
P0564	Cruise control signal malfunction	OFF	2	×	(See F2-144 DTC P0564.)
P0602	PCM programming error	ON	1	×	(See F2-146 DTC P0602.)
P0606	PCM malfunction	ON	1	×	(See F2-146 DTC P0606.)
P0610	Control module vehicle options error	ON	1	×	(See F2-147 DTC P0610.)
P0627	Suction control valve circuit open	ON	1	×	(See F2-147 DTC P0627.)
P0628	Suction control valve circuit low input	ON	1	×	(See F2-150 DTC P0628.)
P0629	Suction control valve circuit high input	ON	1	×	(See F2-152 DTC P0629.)
P0661	Intake shutter solenoid valve circuit (half) low input	ON	2	×	(See F2-154 DTC P0661.)
P0662	Intake shutter solenoid valve circuit (half) high input	ON	2	×	(See F2-156 DTC P0662.)
P0664	Intake shutter solenoid valve (full) circuit voltage low input	ON	2	×	(See F2-158 DTC P0664.)

DTC No.	Condition	MIL	DC	Memory function	Page
P0665	Intake shutter solenoid valve (full) circuit voltage high input	ON	2	×	(See F2-160 DTC P0665.)
P0704	Clutch switch circuit malfunction	ON	2	×	(See F2-162 DTC P0704.)
P0850	Neutral switch circuit malfunction	ON	2	×	(See F2-164 DTC P0850.)
P1190	Calibration resistor circuit malfunction	ON	2	×	(See F2-166 DTC P1190.)
P1211	Fuel pressure higher or lower than desired pressure	ON	2	×	(See F2-169 DTC P1211.)
P1391	Glow plug circuit low input	OFF	2	×	(See F2-170 DTC P1391.)
P1392	Glow plug circuit high input	OFF	2	×	(See F2-173 DTC P1392.)
P2009	Variable swirl control (VSC) solenoid valve circuit high input	ON	2	×	(See F2-178 DTC P2010.)
P2010	Variable swirl control (VSC) solenoid valve circuit low input	ON	2	×	(See F2-176 DTC P2009.)
P2135	Accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor No.1/No.2 voltage correlation	ON	1	×	(See F2-180 DTC P2135.)
P2136	Accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor No.1/idle switch correlation	ON	1	×	(See F2-180 DTC P2136.)
P2141	EGR solenoid valve (vent) circuit low input	ON	2	×	(See F2-182 DTC P2141.)
P2142	EGR solenoid valve (vent) circuit high input	ON	2	×	(See F2-185 DTC P2142.)
P2144	EGR control solenoid valve circuit low input	ON	2	×	(See F2-187 DTC P2144.)
P2145	EGR control solenoid valve circuit high input	ON	2	×	(See F2-189 DTC P2145.)
P2146	Fuel injector No.1/No.4 circuit malfunction	ON	1	×	(See F2-191 DTC P2146.)
P2149	Fuel injector No.2/No.3 circuit malfunction	ON	1	×	(See F2-194 DTC P2149.)
P2227	BARO sensor range/performance problem	ON	2	×	(See F2-197 DTC P2227.)
P2228	BARO sensor circuit low input	ON	1	×	(See F2-197 DTC P2228.)
P2229	BARO sensor circuit high input	ON	1	×	(See F2-198 DTC P2229.)

DTC P0016

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DTC P0016	Crankshaft position-camshaft position correlation malfunction
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the input signals from the CKP sensor and the CMP sensor while the engine is running. If the input signals from the CKP sensor and the CMP sensor do not correspond, the PCM determines that there is a correlation malfunction between crankshaft and camshaft positions. Diagnostic support note The MIL does not illuminates. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 CKP sensor malfunction CMP sensor malfunction Loose timing belt PCM malfunction

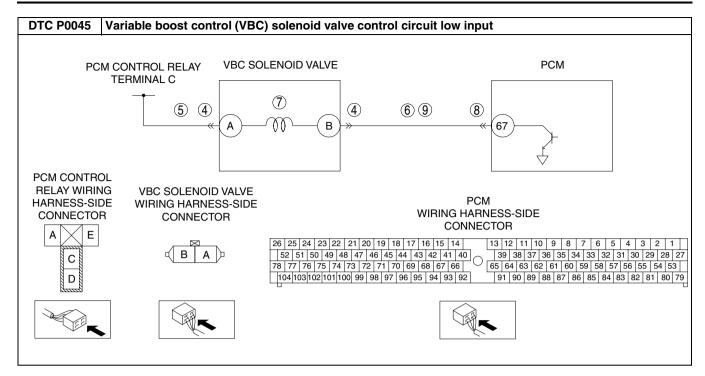
Diagnostic	procedure
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STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDED	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order,
	Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?		then go to the next step.
2	 VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY Verify related service information availability. 	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the availableService Information.If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	 Is any related repair information available? 	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	IDENTIFY TRIGGER DTC FOR FREEZE FRAME DATA	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2–40 DTC TABLE)
	 Is P0336, P0337, P0341 or P0342 on FREEZE FRAME DATA? 	No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT CKP SENSOR	Yes	Replace the CKP sensor, go to Step 8.
	Inspect the CKP sensor.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT CMP SENSOR		Replace the CMP sensor, go to Step 8.
	Inspect the CMP sensor.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT TIMING BELT	Yes	Reinstall the timing belt, go to the next step.
	Inspect the timing belt installation.Is any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
8	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0016	Yes	Replace the PCM, go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
9	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. (See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) Are any DTCs present? 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2–40 DTC TABLE)
		No	Troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0045

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DTC P0045	Variable boost control (VBC) solenoid valve control circuit low input			
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the output signal when the PCM controls the variable boost control solenoid valve between 30 and 70%. If the current of the variable boost control solenoid valve is less than 0.8 A during variable boost control solenoid valve control, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the variable boost control solenoid valve control circuit. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in two consecutive drive cycles or in one drive cycle while the DTC for the same malfunction has been stored in the PCM. PENDING CODE is available if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition during the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory. 			
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 VBC solenoid valve malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction Open circuit in wiring harness between PCM control relay terminal C and VBC solenoid valve terminal A Open circuit in wiring harness between VBC solenoid valve terminal B and PCM terminal 67 Short to GND in wiring harness between VBC solenoid valve terminal B and PCM terminal 67 PCM malfunction 			



ACTION

Diagnostic procedure		
STEP	INSPECTION	
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEI RECORDED	
	Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been record	
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION	

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDED	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order,
	 Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded? 		then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available
	AVAILABILITY		repair information.
	 Verify related service repair information 		 If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.	No	Go to the next step.
	 Is any related repair information available? 		
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT?	No	Intermittent concern exists.
	Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2.		Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS
	 Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. 		TROUBLESHOOTING".
	Start the engine.		
	• Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present?		
4		Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 10.
	CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	No	Go to the next step.
	 Turn the engine switch off. 	110	
	• Disconnect the VBC solenoid valve connector.		
	Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/		
	pulled-out pins, corrosion).		
	Is there any malfunction?		
5		Yes	Go to the next step.
	CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible open
	 Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). 		circuit or short to GND, then go to Step 10.
	 Measure the voltage between VBC solenoid 		
	valve terminal A (wiring harness-side) and		
	body GND.		
	 Is the voltage B+? 		
6	INSPECT VBC SOLENOID VALVE CONTROL	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to
	CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GND		GND, then go to Step 10.
	Turn the engine switch off.	No	Go to the next step.
	 Inspect for continuity between VBC solenoid valve terminal B (wiring harness-side) and 		
	body GND.		
	 Is there continuity? 		
7	INSPECT VBC SOLENOID VALVE	Yes	Replace the VBC solenoid valve, then go to Step 10.
	 Inspect the VBC solenoid valve. 	No	Go to the next step.
	 Is there any malfunction? 		
8	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 10.
	CONNECTION	No	Go to the next step.
	Turn the engine switch off.	-	
	Disconnect the PCM connector.		
	 Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). 		
	Is there any malfunction?		
9	INSPECT VBC SOLENOID VALVE CONTROL	Yes	Go to the next step.
3	CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT		Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible open
	Turn the engine switch off.	No	circuit, then go to the next step.
	 Inspect for continuity between VBC solenoid 		
	valve terminal B (wiring harness-side) and		
	PCM terminal 67 (wiring harness-side).		
	Is there continuity?		
10	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0045	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	COMPLETED	No	Go to the next step.
	Make sure to reconnect all disconnected		
	connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using		
	 Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. 		
	Start the engine.		
	 Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 		
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F2

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
11	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)Is any DTCs present?	No	DTC troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0088

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DTC P0088	Fuel pressure system too high
DETECTION	• The PCM monitors the fuel pressure in the common rail from the fuel pressure sensor while the engine
CONDITION	running. If the fuel pressure is more than 188 MPa {1,917 kgf/cm ² , 27,267 psi}, the PCM determines that the fuel pressure is too high.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 Suction control valve malfunction Fuel pressure sensor malfunction Fuel pressure limiter malfunction PCM malfunction

Diagnostic procedure

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDED	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order,
	Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?		then go to the next step.
2		Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available Service Information.
	AVAILABILITYVerify related service information availability.		 If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	 Is any related repair information available? 	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
_	CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT?	No	Intermittent concern exists.
	 Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. 		Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS
	 Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. 		TROUBLESHOOTING".
	 Start the engine. 		
	 Is the same DTC present? 		
4	IDENTIFY TRIGGER DTC FOR FREEZE FRAME	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection.
	DATA		(See F2-40 DTC TABLE)
	 Is P0627, P0628, P0629, P0191, P0192 or P0193 on FREEZE FRAME DATA? 	No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT SUCTION CONTROL VALVE	Yes	Repair the supply pump, go to Step 8.
	Inspect the suction control valve.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT FUEL PRESSURE SENSOR	Yes	Replace the common rail, go to Step 8.
	Inspect the fuel pressure sensor.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT COMMON RAIL	Yes	Replace the common rail, go to the next step.
	Inspect the common rail.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
8	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0088	Yes	Replace the PCM, go to the next step.
	COMPLETED	No	Go to the next step.
	 Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. 		
	 Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using 		
	the WDS or equivalent.		
	Start the engine.Is the same DTC present?		
9	VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection.
Ĭ	Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode.		(See F2-40 DTC TABLE)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) • Are any DTCs present?	No	Troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0093

DTC P0093 Fuel system leak detection The PCM monitors the fuel pressure in the common rail from the fuel pressure sensor while the engine ٠ running. If the fuel pressure is lower after the fuel injection than the preprogrammed criteria, the PCM determines fuel system leakage. DETECTION **Diagnostic support note** CONDITION The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. ٠ FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. • • The DTC is stored in the PCM memory. Fuel leakage or clogged fuel line • Suction control valve malfunction Fuel pressure sensor malfunction • POSSIBLE ٠ CAUSE Fuel injector malfunction • • PCM malfunction

Diagnostic procedure

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	 VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY Verify related Service Information availability. Is any related repair information available? 	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available Service Information. • If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step. Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
0	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	IDENTIFY TRIGGER DTC FOR FREEZE FRAME DATA	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE)
	 Is P0192, P0193 or P1190 on FREEZE FRAME DATA? 	No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT FUEL LINE	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected fuel line, go to Step 9.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for fuel leakage or clogging in the following fuel lines for each cylinder: Supply pump and Common rail. Common rail and fuel injector. Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT SUCTION CONTROL VALVE	Yes	Repair the supply pump, go to Step 9.
	Inspect the suction control valve.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT FUEL PRESSURE SENSOR	Yes	Replace the common rail, go to Step 9.
	Inspect the fuel pressure sensor.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
8	INSPECT FUEL INJECTOR	Yes	Replace the fuel injector, go to the next step.
	Inspect the fuel injector.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
9	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0093	Yes	Replace the PCM, go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
10	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2–40 DTC TABLE)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) • Are any DTCs present?	No	Troubleshooting completed.

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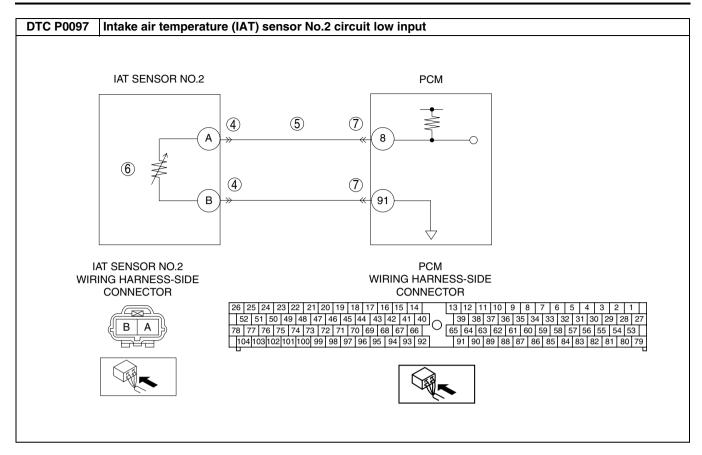
DTC P0096	B6E407000001105			
DTC P0096	Intake air temperature (IAT) sensor No.2 circuit range/performance problem			
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the input signal from intake air temperature sensor No.2. If the difference between the maximum and minimum value of the intake air temperature sensor No.2 is less than 1 °C {1.8 °F}, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in intake air temperature sensor No.2. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in two consecutive drive cycles or in one drive cycle while the DTC for the same malfunction has been stored in the PCM. PENDING CODE is available if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition during the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory. 			
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 IAT sensor No.2 malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction PCM malfunction 			
	IAT SENSOR NO.2 PCM			
IAT SENSOR NO.2 PCM WIRING HARNESS-SIDE CONNECTOR CONNECTOR				
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STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDED	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order,
	Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?		then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available
	AVAILABILITY		repair information.
	Verify related service repair information		• If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
3	CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT?		
	 Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS
	 Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using 		TROUBLESHOOTING".
	the WDS or equivalent.		
	Start the engine.		
	Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present?		
4	INSPECT IAT SENSOR No.2 CONNECTOR FOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 7.
	POOR CONNECTIONTurn the engine switch off.	No	Go to the next step.
	 Disconnect the IAT sensor No.2 connector. 		
	 Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ 		
	pulled-out pins, corrosion).		
	 Is there any malfunction? 		
5	INSPECT IAT SENSOR NO.2	Yes	Replace the IAT sensor No.2, then go to Step 7.
	Inspect the IAT sensor No.2.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
	-	Ma a	Densing a sector of the terminal there are to the sector term
6	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to the next step.
	Turn the engine switch off.	No	Go to the next step.
	 Disconnect the PCM connector. 		
	 Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ 		
	pulled-out pins, corrosion).		
	Is there any malfunction?		
7	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0096	Yes	
	COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected	No	Go to the next step.
	 Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. 		
	 Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using 		
	the WDS or equivalent.		
	Start the engine.		
	• Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present?		
8		Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection.
	 Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	[(See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)	No	DTC troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0097

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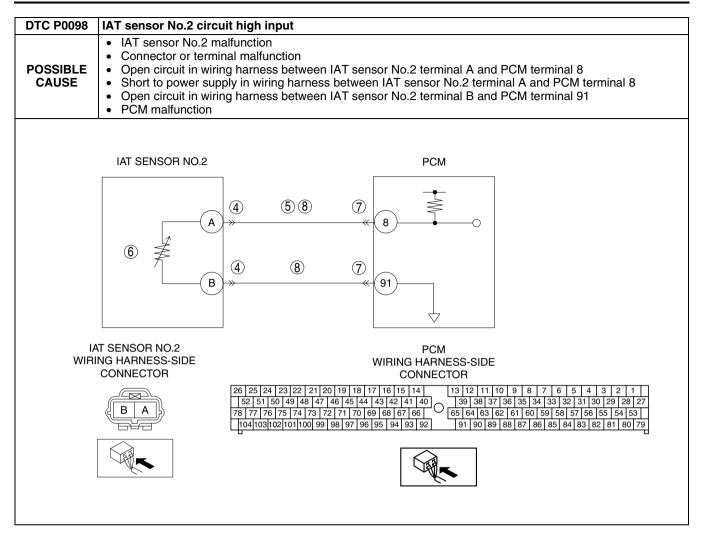
DTC P0097	Intake air temperature (IAT) sensor No.2 circuit low input	
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the input signal from intake air temperature sensor No.2. If the voltage from intake air temperature sensor No.2 is less than 0.14 V, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the intake air temperature sensor No.2 circuit. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory. 	
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 IAT sensor No.2 malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction Short to GND in wiring harness between IAT sensor No.2 terminal A and PCM terminal 8 PCM malfunction 	



STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY • Verify related service repair information	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information. If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT IAT SENSOR NO.2 CONNECTOR FOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 8.
	 POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the IAT sensor No.2 connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT IAT SENSOR NO.2 SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GND	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to GND, then go to Step 8.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between IAT sensor No.2 terminal A (wiring harness-side) and body GND. Is there continuity? 	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT IAT SENSOR NO.2	Yes	Replace the IAT sensor No.2, then go to Step 8.
	Inspect the IAT sensor No.2.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to the next step.
	 CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the PCM connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
8	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0097	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
9	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. (See 52, 20, ORD, DRIVE MODE.) 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) • Are any DTCs present?	No	DTC troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0098

DIC F0090	B6E407000001107
DTC P0098	IAT sensor No.2 circuit high input
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the input signal from intake air temperature sensor No.2. If the voltage from intake air temperature sensor No.2 is more than 4.92 V, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the intake air temperature sensor No.2 circuit. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.



STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDED	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order,
	Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?		then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available
	AVAILABILITY		repair information.
	Verify related service repair information		• If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Vaa	Co to the port stop
3	CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT?	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS
	Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using		TROUBLESHOOTING".
	the WDS or equivalent.		
	Start the engine.		
	Is the same DTC present?		
4	INSPECT IAT SENSOR NO.2 CONNECTOR FOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9.
	POOR CONNECTION	No	Go to the next step.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the IAT sensor No.2 connector. 		
	 Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ 		
	pulled-out pins, corrosion).		
	 Is there any malfunction? 		
5	INSPECT IAT SENSOR NO.2 SIGNAL CIRCUIT	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to
	FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY		power supply, then go to Step 9.
	 Turn the engine switch to the ON position 	No	Go to the next step.
	(Engine off).Measure the voltage between IAT sensor No.2		
	terminal A (wiring harness-side) and body		
	GND.		
	 Is the voltage B+? 		
6	INSPECT IAT SENSOR NO.2	Yes	Replace the IAT sensor No.2, then go to Step 9.
	Inspect the IAT sensor No.2.	No	Go to the next step.
	Is there any malfunction?		
7	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9.
	Turn the engine switch off.	No	Go to the next step.
	 Disconnect the PCM connector. 		
	 Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ 		
	pulled-out pins, corrosion).		
	Is there any malfunction?		-
8	INSPECT IAT SENSOR NO.2 CIRCUIT FOR	Yes	Go to the next step.
	OPEN CIRCUIT	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible open
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between the following 		circuit, then go to the next step.
	terminals:		
	— IAT sensor No.2 terminal A (wiring harness-		
	aida) and DCM tarminal 9 (wiring harpage		
	side) and PCM terminal 8 (wiring harness-		
	side)		
	side) — IAT sensor No.2 terminal B (wiring harness- side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness- side)		
	side) — IAT sensor No.2 terminal B (wiring harness- side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness- side) • Is there continuity?		
9	 side) IAT sensor No.2 terminal B (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-side) Is there continuity? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0098 	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
9	side) — IAT sensor No.2 terminal B (wiring harness- side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness- side) • Is there continuity? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0098 COMPLETED	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step. Go to the next step.
9	 side) IAT sensor No.2 terminal B (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-side) Is there continuity? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0098 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected 		
9	 side) IAT sensor No.2 terminal B (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-side) Is there continuity? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0098 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. 		
9	 side) IAT sensor No.2 terminal B (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-side) Is there continuity? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0098 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using 		
9	 side) IAT sensor No.2 terminal B (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-side) Is there continuity? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0098 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. 		
9	 side) IAT sensor No.2 terminal B (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-side) Is there continuity? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0098 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 		
9	 side) IAT sensor No.2 terminal B (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-side) Is there continuity? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0098 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE 		Go to the next step. Go to the applicable DTC inspection.
	 side) IAT sensor No.2 terminal B (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-side) Is there continuity? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0098 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.

DTC P0101

B6E407000100101 **DTC P0101** Mass air flow (MAF) sensor range/performance problem The PCM monitors the input signal from the mass air flow sensor when the engine speed is between 600 rpm and 2,100 rpm. If the voltage characteristic of the air flow sensor signal is out of the threshold, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the mass air flow sensor. Diagnostic support note DETECTION The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in two consecutive drive cycles or CONDITION in one drive cycle while the DTC for the same malfunction has been stored in the PCM. PENDING CODE is available if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition during the first drive • cvcle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory. . MAE sensor malfunction . POSSIBLE Connector or terminal malfunction CAUSE PCM malfunction • MAF SENSOR (MAF/IAT SENSOR) PCM PCM CONTROL RELAY **TERMINAL C** (4) А (6) 4 С 9 0 (5) Ş (6) (4) В 14 PCM CONTROL **RELAY WIRING** PCM HARNESS-SIDE MAF/IAT SENSOR WIRING HARNESS-SIDE CONNECTOR WIRING HARNESS-SIDE CONNECTOR CONNECTOR Е Α

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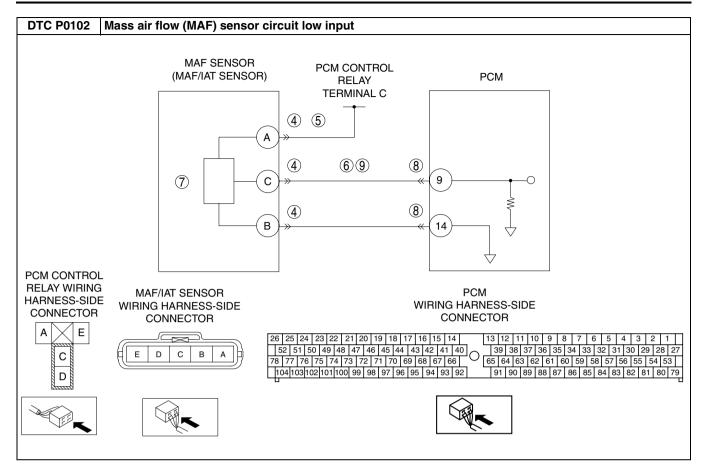
Diagnostic procedure

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDED	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order,
	Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?		then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available
	AVAILABILITY		repair information.
	 Verify related service repair information 		If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	• IS any related repair mornation available?	Yes	Co to the port stop
3	CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT?	No	Go to the next step. Intermittent concern exists.
	Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2.	INO	Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS
	Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using		TROUBLESHOOTING".
	the WDS or equivalent.		
	Start the engine.		
	Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. (See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)		
	 Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 		
4	INSPECT MAF SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 7.
	POOR CONNECTION	No	Go to the next step.
	Turn the engine switch off.		
	• Disconnect the MAF sensor connector.		
	 Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). 		
	 Is there any malfunction? 		
5	INSPECT MAF SENSOR	Yes	Replace the MAF/IAT sensor, then go to Step 7.
	 Inspect the MAF sensor. 	No	Go to the next step.
	 Is there any malfunction? 		
6	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to the next step.
	CONNECTION	No	Go to the next step.
	Turn the engine switch off.Disconnect the PCM connector.		
	 Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ 		
	pulled-out pins, corrosion).		
	 Is there any malfunction? 		
7	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0101	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	COMPLETED	No	Go to the next step.
	 Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. 		
	 Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using 		
	the WDS or equivalent.		
	Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode.		
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)		
	Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present?	V	
8	VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F_2 -40 DTC TABLE)
	 Perform the "AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE". Are any DTCs present? 	No	(See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
		No	DTC troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0102

DTC P0102	Mass air flow (MAF) sensor circuit low input
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the input signal from the air flow sensor. If the voltage from the air flow sensor is less than 0.15 V, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the air flow sensor circuit. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 MAF sensor malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction Open circuit in wiring harness between PCM control relay terminal C and MAF/IAT sensor terminal A Open circuit in wiring harness between MAF/IAT sensor terminal C and PCM terminal 9 Short to GND in wiring harness between MAF/IAT sensor terminal C and PCM terminal 9 PCM malfunction

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STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDED	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order,
	Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?		then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available
	AVAILABILITY		repair information.
	Verify related service repair information availability.		• If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
		No	Go to the next step.
	Is any related repair information available?		
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. 	No	Intermittent concern exists.
			Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS
			TROUBLESHOOTING".
	 Is the same DTC present? 		
4	INSPECT MAF/IAT SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 10.
	POOR CONNECTION	No	Go to the next step.
	 Turn the engine switch off. 		
	 Disconnect the MAF/IAT sensor connector. 		
	 Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ nulled out ping, correction) 		
	pulled-out pins, corrosion).Is there any malfunction?		
5	-	Vaa	Co to the part stop
5	INSPECT MAF SENSOR POWER CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT	Yes	1
	 Turn the engine switch to the ON position 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible open circuit or short to GND, then go to Step 10.
	(Engine off).		
	 Measure the voltage between MAF/IAT sensor 		
	terminal A (wiring harness-side) and body		
	GND.		
	Is the voltage B+?		
6	INSPECT MAF SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR	Yes	
	SHORT TO GND		GND, then go to Step 10.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between MAF/IAT sensor 	No	Go to the next step.
	terminal C (wiring harness-side) and body		
	GND.		
	 Is there continuity? 		
7	INSPECT MAF SENSOR	Yes	Replace the MAF/IAT sensor, then go to Step 10.
	 Inspect the MAF sensor. 	No	Go to the next step.
	 Is there any malfunction? 		·
8	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 10.
	CONNECTION	No	Go to the next step.
	Turn the engine switch off.		
	 Disconnect the PCM connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ 		
	 Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). 		
	 Is there any malfunction? 		
9	INSPECT MAF SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR	Yes	Go to the next step.
5	OPEN CIRCUIT	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible open
	Turn the engine switch off.	110	circuit, then go to the next step.
	 Inspect for continuity between MAF/IAT sensor 		
	terminal C (wiring harness-side) and PCM		
	terminal 9 (wiring harness-side).		
	Is there continuity?		
10	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0102	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
		No	Go to the next step.
	 Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors 		
	connectors.Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using		
	the WDS or equivalent.		
	the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. 		

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
11	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) • Are any DTCs present?	No	DTC troubleshooting completed.

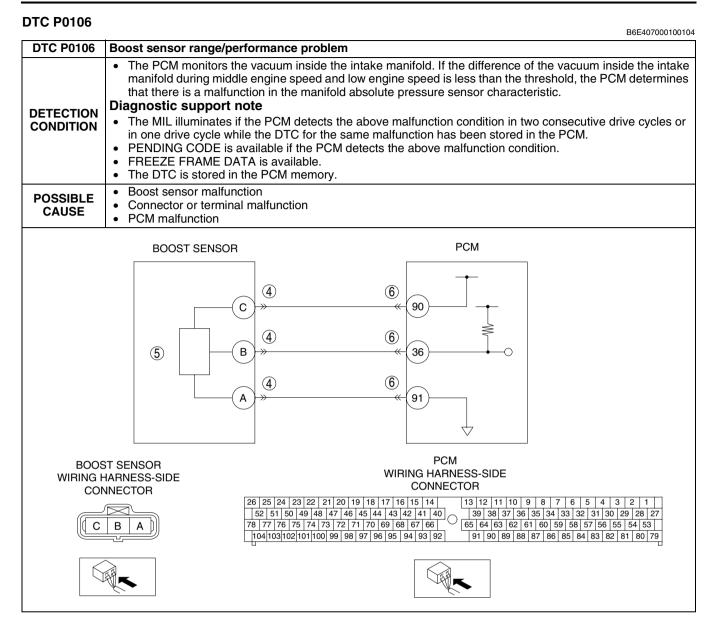
DTC P0103

B6E407000100103

	B6E407000100103
DTC P0103	Mass air flow (MAF) sensor circuit high input
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the input signal from the air flow sensor. If the voltage from the air flow sensor is more than 4.9 V, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the intake air temperature sensor No. 2 circuit. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 MAF sensor malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction Short to power supply in wiring harness between MAF/IAT sensor terminal C and PCM terminal 9 Open circuit in wiring harness between MAF/IAT sensor terminal B and PCM terminal 14 PCM malfunction
PCM CONTE RELAY WIRI HARNESS-S CONNECTO A E C D	NG MAF/IAT SENSOR PCM IDE WIRING HARNESS-SIDE WIRING HARNESS-SIDE DR CONNECTOR CONNECTOR

Diagnostic	procedure
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STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 RECORDED Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded? 	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY • Verify related service repair information	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information.If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT MAF/IAT SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9.
	 POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the MAF/IAT sensor connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT MAF SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to power supply, then go to Step 9.
	 Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between MAF/IAT sensor terminal C (wiring harness-side) and body GND. Is the voltage more than 4.9 V? 	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT MAF SENSOR	Yes	Replace the MAF/IAT sensor, then go to Step 9.
Ū	Inspect the MAF sensor.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9.
	 CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the PCM connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
8	INSPECT MAF SENSOR GND CIRCUIT FOR	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between MAF/IAT sensor terminal B (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 14 (wiring harness-side). Is there continuity? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible open circuit, then go to the next step.
9	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0103	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
10	• Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode.	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)	No	DTC troubleshooting completed.



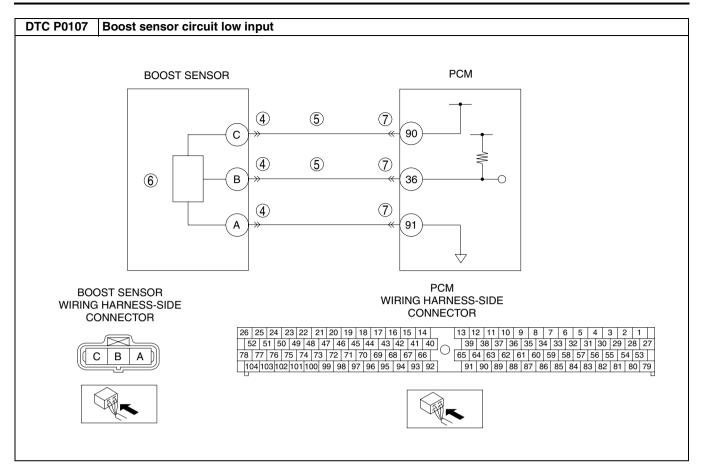
Diagnostic procedure

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDED	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order,
	Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?		then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available
	AVAILABILITY		repair information.
	 Verify related service repair information 		• If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
0	CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT?	No	Intermittent concern exists.
	Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2.	NO	Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS
	 Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using 		TROUBLESHOOTING".
	the WDS or equivalent.		
	Start the engine.Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present?		
4	Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? INSPECT BOOST SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR	Vaa	Densiry or replace the terminal, then as to Oten 7
4	POOR CONNECTION	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 7.
	Turn the engine switch off.	No	Go to the next step.
	 Disconnect the boost sensor connector. 		
	 Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ 		
	pulled-out pins, corrosion).		
	Is there any malfunction?	X	
5	INSPECT BOOST SENSOR	Yes	Replace the boost sensor, then go to Step 7.
	Inspect the boost sensor.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to the next step.
U	CONNECTION	No	Go to the next step.
	Turn the engine switch off.	NO	do to the next step.
	 Disconnect the PCM connector. 		
	 Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ 		
	pulled-out pins, corrosion).Is there any malfunction?		
7	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0106	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
'	COMPLETED	No	Go to the next step.
	Make sure to reconnect all disconnected	INO	do to the next step.
	connectors.		
	 Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using 		
	the WDS or equivalent.		
	 Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. (See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) 		
	 Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 		
			Os ta tha angliashla DTO igan astisu
8	VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE	Yes	GO TO THE APPLICADIE DIG INSPECTION.
8	VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDUREAre any DTCs present?	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)

DTC P0107

B6E407000100105

DTC P0107	Boost sensor circuit low input
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the input signal from the manifold absolute pressure. If the voltage from the manifold absolute pressure sensor is less than 0.4 V, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the manifold absolute pressure sensor circuit. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 Boost sensor malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction Short to GND in wiring harness between boost sensor terminal C and PCM terminal 90 Short to GND in wiring harness between boost sensor terminal B and PCM terminal 36 PCM malfunction



STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information.
	 Verify related service repair information availability. Is any related repair information available? 	No	If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step. Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT BOOST SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 8.
	 POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the boost sensor connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT BOOST SENSOR CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GND	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to GND, then go to Step 8.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between the following terminals and body GND: Boost sensor terminal C (wiring harness-side) and body GND Boost sensor terminal B (wiring harness-side) and body GND Is there continuity? 	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT BOOST SENSOR	Yes	Replace the boost sensor, then go to Step 8.
	Inspect the boost sensor.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 8.
	 CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the PCM connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
8	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0107	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
9	VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection.
	 Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. (See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) Are any DTCs present? 	No	(See F2-40 DTC TABLE.) DTC troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0108

DTC P0108

DETECTION

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BOOST SENSOR

WIRING HARNESS-SIDE

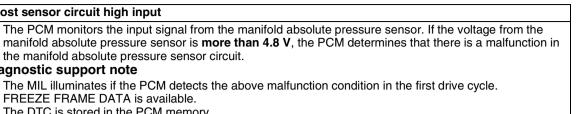
CONNECTOR

B A D

C

Boost sensor circuit high input

the manifold absolute pressure sensor circuit.



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B6E407000100106

Diagnostic support note CONDITION The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. . The DTC is stored in the PCM memory. • Boost sensor malfunction • Connector or terminal malfunction . POSSIBLE Short to power supply in wiring harness between boost sensor terminal B and PCM terminal 36 • Short to power supply in wiring harness between boost sensor terminal C and PCM terminal 90 CAUSE • Open circuit in wiring harness between boost sensor terminal A and PCM terminal 91 PCM malfunction • PCM BOOST SENSOR (4) $\overline{(7)}$ С 90 (5) 4 \bigcirc В 36 6 (4) (8) $\overline{\mathcal{T}}$ А 91

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PCM

WIRING HARNESS-SIDE

CONNECTOR

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDED	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order,
	Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?		then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available
	AVAILABILITY		repair information.
	 Verify related service repair information 		If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.	No	Go to the next step.
	 Is any related repair information available? 		
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT?	No	Intermittent concern exists.
	 Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. 		Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS
			TROUBLESHOOTING".
	the WDS or equivalent.		
	Start the engine. Is the same DTC present?		
	Is the same DTC present?		
4	INSPECT BOOST SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9.
	POOR CONNECTION	No	Go to the next step.
	Turn the engine switch off.Disconnect the boost sensor connector.		
	 Disconnect the boost sensor connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ 		
	pulled-out pins, corrosion).		
	 Is there any malfunction? 		
5	INSPECT BOOST SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to
Ũ	FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY	100	power supply, then go to Step 9.
	Turn the engine switch to the ON position	No	Go to the next step.
	(Engine off).		
	Measure the voltage between the following		
	terminals:		
	— Boost sensor terminal B (wiring harness-		
	side) and body GND		
	- Boost sensor terminal C (wiring harness-		
	side) and body GND Is the voltage more than 4.8 V? 		
6	INSPECT BOOST SENSOR	Yes	Replace the boost sensor, then go to Step 9.
0	Turn the engine switch off.		
	 Inspect the boost sensor. 	No	Go to the next step.
	 Is there any malfunction? 		
7	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9.
-	CONNECTION	No	Go to the next step.
	Turn the engine switch off.	NO	do to the next step.
	 Disconnect the PCM connector. 		
	• Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/		
	pulled-out pins, corrosion).		
	Is there any malfunction?		
8	INSPECT BOOST SENSOR GND CIRCUIT FOR	Yes	Go to the next step.
	OPEN CIRCUIT	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit,
	Turn the engine switch off.		then go to the next step.
	Inspect for continuity between boost sensor terminal A and DCM terminal 01		
	terminal A and PCM terminal 91.Is there continuity?		
0		Vaa	Paplace the PCM, then as to the next stan
9	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0108 COMPLETED	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
		No	Go to the next step.
	 Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. 		
	Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using		
	the WDS or equivalent.		
	Start the engine.		
	 Is the same DTC present? 		
10	VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection.
	Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode.	-	(See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2-39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)		· · · · · ·
	Are any DTCs present?	No	DTC troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0111	B6E407000100107
DTC P0111	Intake air temperature (IAT) sensor No.1 range/performance problem
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the input signal from intake air temperature sensor No.1. If the difference between the maximum and minimum value of the intake air temperature sensor No.1 is less than 1 °C {1.8 °F}, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in intake air temperature sensor No.1. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in two consecutive drive cycles or in one drive cycle while the DTC for the same malfunction has been stored in the PCM. PENDING CODE is available if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition during the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 IAT sensor No.1 malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction PCM malfunction
WIRING HA	IAT SENSOR NO.1 (MAF/IAT SENSOR) PCM
	52 51 50 49 48 47 46 45 44 43 42 41 40 39 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 C B A 78 77 76 75 74 73 72 71 70 69 68 67 65 64 63 62 61 60 59 58 57 56 55 54 53 191 90 89 88 87 86 85 84 83 82 81 80 79 104 103 102 101 100 99 98 97 96 95 94 93 92 91 90 89 88 87 86 85 84 83 82 81 80 79 104 103 102 101 100 99 98 97 96 95 94 93 92 91 90 89

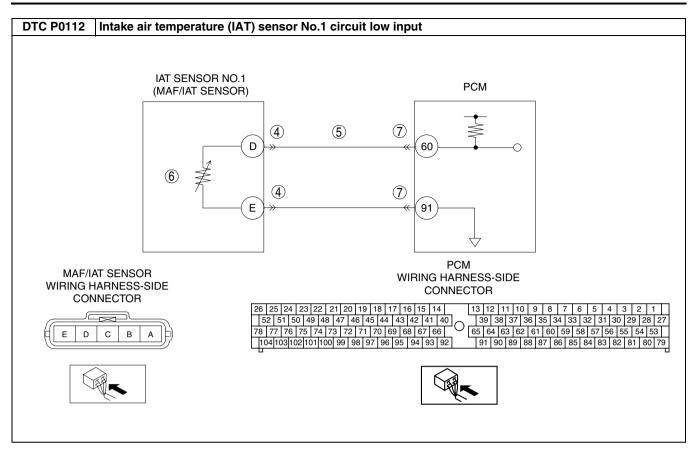
Diagnostic procedure

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDED	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order,
	Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?		then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available
	AVAILABILITY		repair information.
	 Verify related service repair information 		• If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.	No	Go to the next step.
	Is any related repair information available?		
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT?	No	Intermittent concern exists.
	 Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using 		Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
	the WDS or equivalent.		
	Start the engine.		
	 Is the same DTC present? 		
4	INSPECT MAF/IAT SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 7.
	POOR CONNECTION	No	Go to the next step.
	Turn the engine switch off.		
	Disconnect the MAF/IAT sensor connector.		
	 Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). 		
	 Is there any malfunction? 		
5	INSPECT IAT SENSOR NO.1	Yes	Replace the MAF/IAT sensor, then go to Step 7.
	 Inspect the IAT sensor No.1. 	No	Go to the next step.
	Is there any malfunction?		
6	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to the next step.
		No	Go to the next step.
	Turn the engine switch off.Disconnect the PCM connector.		
	 Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ 	,	
	pulled-out pins, corrosion).		
	 Is there any malfunction? 		
7	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0111	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	COMPLETED	No	Go to the next step.
	Make sure to reconnect all disconnected		
	connectors.Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using		
	the WDS or equivalent.		
	 Start the engine and warm it up completely. 		
	 Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 		
8	VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection.
	Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode.		(See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2-39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)	No	DTC troubleshooting completed.
	Are any DTCs present?		

DTC P0112

B6E407000100108

DTC P0112	Intake air temperature (IAT) sensor No.1 circuit low input
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the input signal from intake air temperature sensor No.1. If the voltage from intake air temperature sensor No.1 is less than 0.14 V, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the intake air temperature sensor No.1 circuit. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 IAT sensor No.1 malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction Short to GND in wiring harness between MAF/IAT sensor terminal D and PCM terminal 60 PCM malfunction



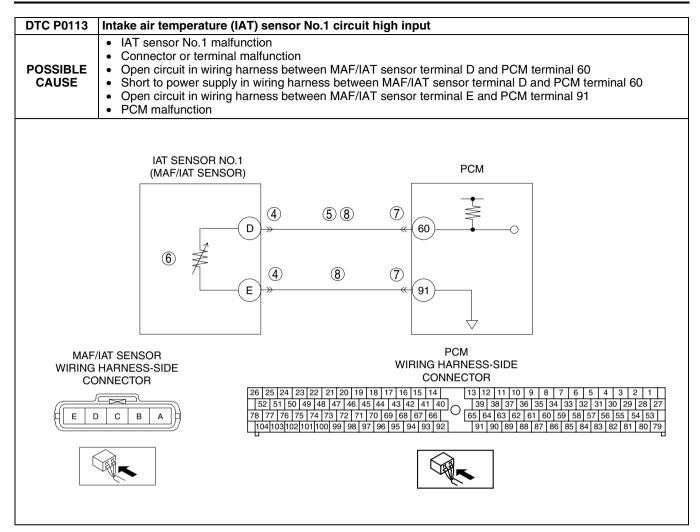
STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY • Verify related service repair information	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information.If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT MAF/IAT SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 8.
	 POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the MAF/IAT sensor connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT IAT SENSOR NO.1 SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GND	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to GND, then go to Step 8.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between MAF/IAT sensor terminal D (wiring harness-side) and body GND. Is there continuity? 	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT IAT SENSOR NO.1	Yes	Replace the MAF/IAT sensor, then go to Step 8.
	Inspect the IAT sensor No.1.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to the next step.
	 CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the PCM connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
8	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0112	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
9	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2–40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)Are any DTCs present?	No	DTC troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0113

DTC P0113	Intake air temperature (IAT) sensor No.1 circuit high input
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the input signal from intake air temperature sensor No.1. If the voltage from intake air temperature sensor No.1 is more than 4.92 V, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the intake air temperature sensor No.1 circuit. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the characteristic sensitive and the first drive eveloped.
	 The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.

F2

B6E407000100109



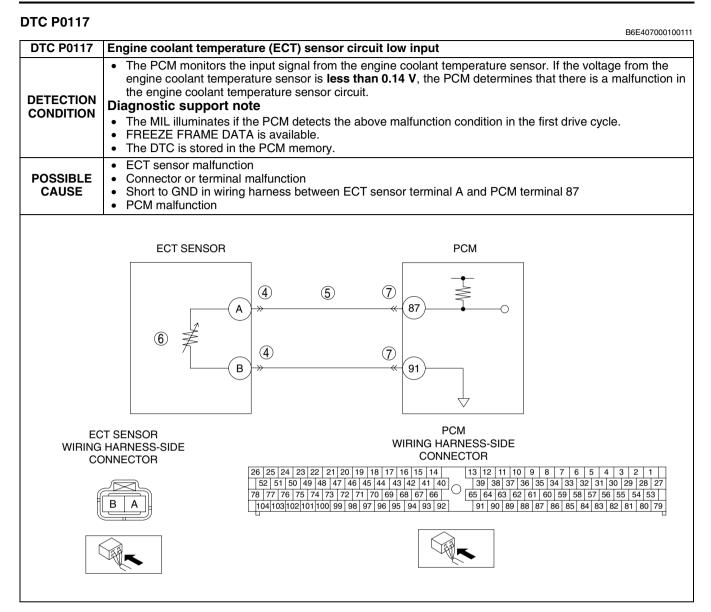
STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDED	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order,
	Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?		then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information.
	Verify related service repair information		• If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT MAF/IAT SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9.
	 POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the MAF/IAT sensor connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT IAT SENSOR NO.1 SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to power supply, then go to Step 9.
	 Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between MAF/IAT sensor terminal D (wiring harness-side) and body GND. Is the voltage more than 4.92 V? 	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT IAT SENSOR NO.1	Yes	Replace the MAF/IAT sensor, then go to Step 9.
-	Inspect the IAT sensor No.1.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9.
	 CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the PCM connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
8	INSPECT IAT SENSOR NO.1 CIRCUIT FOR	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between the following terminals: MAF/IAT sensor terminal D (wiring harnessside) and PCM terminal 60 (wiring harnessside) MAF/IAT sensor terminal E (wiring harnessside) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harnessside) Is there continuity? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible open circuit, then go to the next step.
9	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0113	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
10	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) • Are any DTCs present?	No	DTC troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0116

DTC P0116		B6E40700010011
DTC P0116	Engine coolant temperature (ECT) sensor range	
DETECTION CONDITION	 the maximum and the minimum value of the EC is a malfunction in the engine coolant tempera Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the about in one drive cycle while the DTC for the same 	ove malfunction condition in two consecutive drive cycles or
POSSIBLE CAUSE	ECT sensor malfunctionConnector or terminal malfunctionPCM malfunction	
EC	ECT SENSOR	PCM
WIRING	HARNESS-SIDE NNECTOR B A B A B A B A B A B A B A B A B A B A	15 141 139 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 170 69 68 67 66 65 64 63 62 61 60 59 58 57 56 55 54 53

Diagnostic procedure

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY • Verify related service repair information	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information.If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine and warm it up completely. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT ECT SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 8.
	 POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the ECT sensor connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT ECT SENSOR	Yes	Replace the ECT sensor, then go to Step 8.
	Inspect the ECT sensor.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 8.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the PCM connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 		
7	COMPARE ECT PID VALUE	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 Prepare a new ECT sensor. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Connect the ECT sensor connector to the new ECT sensor without installing to the engine. Turn the engine switch to the ON position and record the ECT PID value. Replace the malfunctioning ECT sensor with new one. Start the engine and wait for 5 min. Record the ECT PID value. Is the difference between ECT PID values more than 3°C {5.4 °F}? 	No	 Inspect the thermostat. If thermostat is normal, go to the next step. If thermostat is not normal, replace thermostat, then g to the next step
8	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0116	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine and warm it up completely. Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
9	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2–40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) • Are any DTCs present?	No	DTC troubleshooting completed.



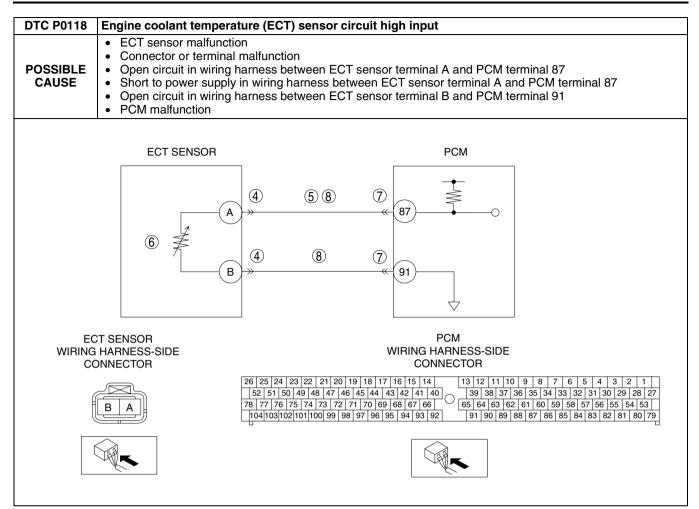
Diagnostic procedure

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY • Verify related service repair information	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information. If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT ECT SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 8.
	 POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the ECT sensor connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT ECT SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to
	SHORT TO GND		GND, then go to Step 8.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the ECT sensor connector. Inspect for continuity between ECT sensor terminal A (wiring harness-side) and body GND. Is there continuity? 	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT ECT SENSOR	Yes	Replace the ECT sensor, then go to Step 8.
	Inspect the ECT sensor.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to the next step.
	 CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the PCM connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
8	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0117	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
9	VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDUREPerform the Repair Verification Drive Mode.	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2–40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) • Are any DTCs present?	No	DTC troubleshooting completed.

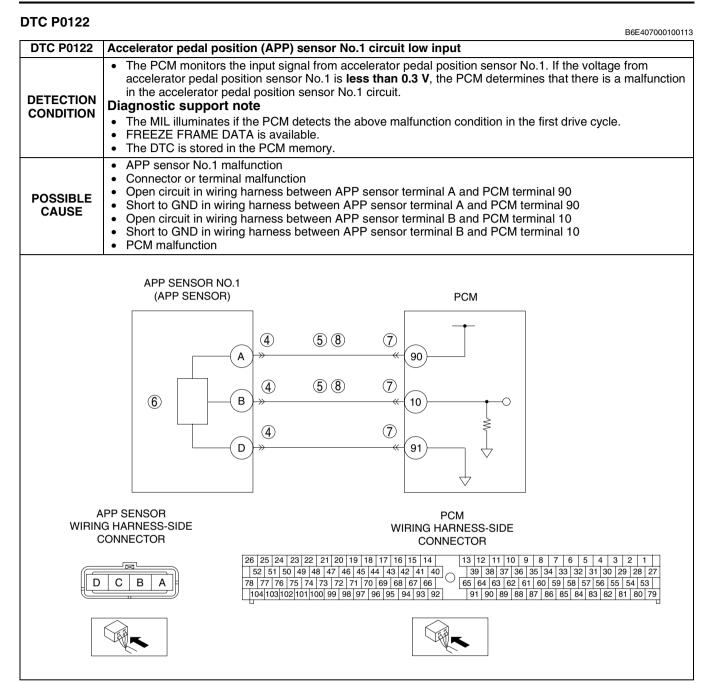
DTC P0118

B6E407000100112

DTC P0118	Engine coolant temperature (ECT) sensor circuit high input
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the input signal from the engine coolant temperature sensor. If the voltage from the engine coolant temperature sensor is more than 4.92 V, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the engine coolant temperature sensor circuit. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.



STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDED	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order,
	Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?		then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION	Yes	
_	AVAILABILITY		repair information.
	Verify related service repair information		 If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.	No	Go to the next step.
	 Is any related repair information available? 	110	
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
0	CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT?		-
		No	Intermittent concern exists.
	 Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using 		Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS
	the WDS or equivalent.Start the engine.		TROUBLESHOOTING".
	 Is the same DTC present? 		
4	INSPECT ECT SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9.
-	POOR CONNECTION		
	Turn the engine switch off.	No	Go to the next step.
	 Disconnect the ECT sensor connector. 		
	 Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ 		
	pulled-out pins, corrosion).		
	Is there any malfunction?		
5	INSPECT ECT SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to
-	SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY		power supply, then go to Step 9.
	Turn the engine switch to the ON position	No	Go to the next step.
	(Engine off).		
	Measure the voltage between ECT sensor		
	terminal A (wiring harness-side) and body		
	GND.		
	Is the voltage more than 4.92 V?		
6	INSPECT ECT SENSOR	Yes	Replace the ECT sensor, then go to Step 9.
	 Inspect the ECT sensor. 	No	Go to the next step.
	 Is there any malfunction? 		
7	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9.
	CONNECTION	No	Go to the next step.
	 Turn the engine switch off. 		
	 Disconnect the PCM connector. 		
	Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/		
	pulled-out pins, corrosion).		
	Is there any malfunction?		
8	INSPECT ECT SENSOR CIRCUIT FOR OPEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	CIRCUIT	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible open
	 Turn the engine switch off. 		circuit, then go to the next step.
	 Inspect for continuity between the following 		
	terminolo		
	terminals:		
	- ECT sensor terminal A (wiring harness-side)		
	 ECT sensor terminal A (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 87 (wiring harness-side) 		
	 ECT sensor terminal A (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 87 (wiring harness-side) ECT sensor terminal B (wiring harness-side) 		
	 ECT sensor terminal A (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 87 (wiring harness-side) ECT sensor terminal B (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-side) 		
	 ECT sensor terminal A (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 87 (wiring harness-side) ECT sensor terminal B (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-side) Is there continuity? 	Vaa	Penlage the PCM, then go to the post stor
9	 ECT sensor terminal A (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 87 (wiring harness-side) ECT sensor terminal B (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-side) Is there continuity? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0118 	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
9	 ECT sensor terminal A (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 87 (wiring harness-side) ECT sensor terminal B (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-side) Is there continuity? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0118 COMPLETED 	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step. Go to the next step.
9	 ECT sensor terminal A (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 87 (wiring harness-side) ECT sensor terminal B (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-side) Is there continuity? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0118 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected 		
9	 ECT sensor terminal A (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 87 (wiring harness-side) ECT sensor terminal B (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-side) Is there continuity? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0118 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. 		
9	 ECT sensor terminal A (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 87 (wiring harness-side) ECT sensor terminal B (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-side) Is there continuity? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0118 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using 		
9	 ECT sensor terminal A (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 87 (wiring harness-side) ECT sensor terminal B (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-side) Is there continuity? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0118 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. 		
9	 ECT sensor terminal A (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 87 (wiring harness-side) ECT sensor terminal B (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-side) Is there continuity? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0118 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. 		
	 ECT sensor terminal A (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 87 (wiring harness-side) ECT sensor terminal B (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-side) Is there continuity? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0118 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
9	 ECT sensor terminal A (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 87 (wiring harness-side) ECT sensor terminal 8 (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-side) Is there continuity? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0118 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE 		Go to the next step. Go to the applicable DTC inspection.
	 ECT sensor terminal A (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 87 (wiring harness-side) ECT sensor terminal B (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-side) Is there continuity? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0118 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.



Diagnostic	procedure
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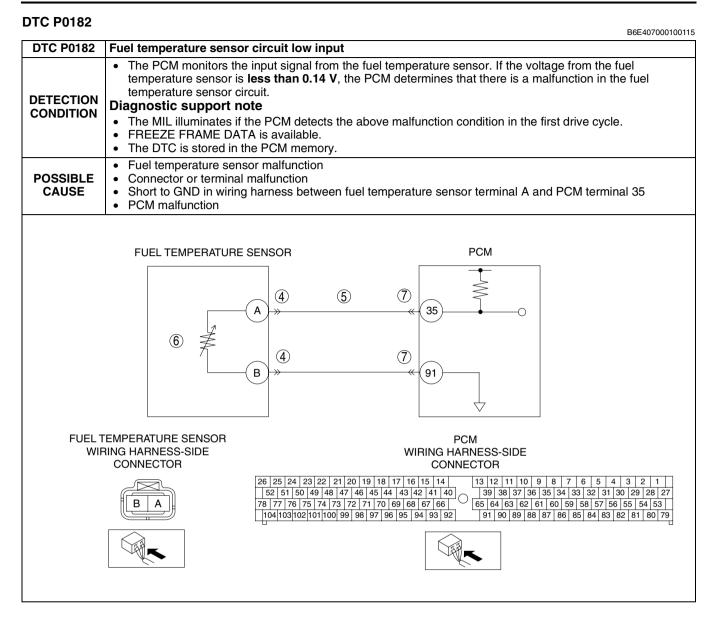
STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 RECORDED Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded? 	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information. If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	 Verify related service repair information availability. Is any related repair information available? 	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
Ū	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT APP SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9.
	 POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the APP sensor connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT APP SENSOR NO.1 CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GND	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to GND, then go to Step 9.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between the following terminals and body GND: APP sensor terminal A (wiring harness-side) and body GND APP sensor terminal B (wiring harness-side) and body GND Is there continuity? 	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT APP SENSOR NO.1	Yes	Replace the APP sensor, then go to Step 9.
	Inspect the APP sensor No.1.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9.
	 CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the PCM connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
8	INSPECT APP SENSOR NO.1 CIRCUIT FOR	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between the following terminals: APP sensor terminal A (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 90 (wiring harness-side) APP sensor terminal B (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 10 (wiring harness-side) Is there continuity? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible open circuit, then go to the next step.
9	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0122	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
10	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) • Are any DTCs present?	No	DTC troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0123

DICFUIZS	B6E407000100114				
DTC P0123	Accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor No.1 circuit high input				
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the input signal from accelerator pedal position sensor No.1. If the voltage from accelerator pedal position sensor No.1 is more than 4.7 V, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the accelerator pedal position sensor No.1 circuit. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory. 				
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 APP sensor No.1 malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction Short to power supply in wiring harness between APP sensor terminal B and PCM terminal 10 Open circuit in wiring harness between APP sensor terminal D and PCM terminal 91 PCM malfunction 				
	APP SENSOR NO.2 (APP SENSOR) PCM				
	$ \begin{array}{c} $				
APP SENSOR PCM WIRING HARNESS-SIDE WIRING HARNESS-SIDE CONNECTOR CONNECTOR					
26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 D C B A 78 77 76 75 74 73 72 71 70 69 68 67 66 64 63 62 61 60 59 58 57 56 55 54 53 104 103 102 101 100 99 98 79 69 59 94 93 92 91 90 88 87 86 85 84 83 82 81 80 79					

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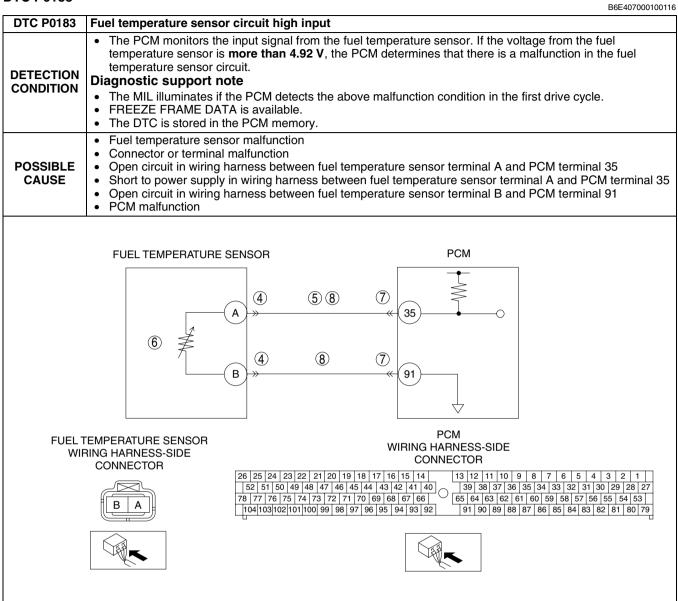
STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDED	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order,
	Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?		then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available
	AVAILABILITY		repair information.
	Verify related service repair information		If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.	No	Go to the next step.
	 Is any related repair information available? 		
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
-	CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT?	No	Intermittent concern exists.
	• Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2.	NO	Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS
	Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using		TROUBLESHOOTING".
	the WDS or equivalent.		
	Start the engine.		
	Is the same DTC present?		
4	INSPECT APP SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9.
-	POOR CONNECTION	No	Go to the next step.
	Turn the engine switch off.	NO	do to the flext step.
	 Disconnect the APP sensor connector. 		
	 Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ 		
	pulled-out pins, corrosion).		
	 Is there any malfunction? 		
5	INSPECT APP SENSOR NO.1 SIGNAL CIRCUIT	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to
	FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY		power supply, then go to Step 9.
	Turn the engine switch to the ON position	No	Go to the next step.
	(Engine off).		
	Measure the voltage between APP sensor		
	terminal B (wiring harness-side) and body		
	GND.		
	 Is the voltage more than 4.7 V? 		
6	INSPECT APP SENSOR NO.1	Yes	Replace the APP sensor, then go to Step 9.
	 Inspect the APP sensor No.1. 	No	Go to the next step.
	 Is there any malfunction? 		
7	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9.
	CONNECTION	No	Go to the next step.
	Turn the engine switch off.		
	 Disconnect the PCM connector. 		
	Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/		
	pulled-out pins, corrosion).		
	 Is there any malfunction? 		
8	INSPECT APP SENSOR NO.1 GND CIRCUIT	Yes	Go to the next step.
	FOR OPEN CIRCUIT	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible open
	Turn the engine switch off.		circuit, then go to the next step.
	 Inspect for continuity between APP sensor 		
	terminal D (wiring harness-side) and PCM		
	terminal 91 (wiring harness-side).		
	Is there continuity?		
9	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0123	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	COMPLETED	No	Go to the next step.
	Make sure to reconnect all disconnected		
	connectors.		
	Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using		
	the WDS or equivalent.		
	 Start the engine. 		
	 Is the same DTC present? 		
		Vee	Go to the applicable DTC inspection.
10	VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE	Yes	
10		res	(See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
10	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. (See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) 	No	



Diagnostic procedure

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	 VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY Verify related service repair information 	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information.If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 8.
	 CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the fuel temperature sensor connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to
	SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GND		GND, then go to Step 8.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the fuel temperature sensor connector. Inspect for continuity between fuel temperature sensor terminal A (wiring harness-side) and body GND. Is there continuity? 	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR	Yes	Replace the fuel temperature sensor, then go to Step 8.
	Inspect the fuel temperature sensor.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to the next step.
	 CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the PCM connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
8	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0182	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
9	VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection.
	 Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. (See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) Are any DTCs present? 	No	(See F2-40 DTC TABLE.) DTC troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0183



Diagnostic procedure

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDED	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order,
	Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?		then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available
	AVAILABILITY		repair information.
	Verify related service repair information		 If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.	No	Go to the next step.
	 Is any related repair information available? 		
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT?	No	Intermittent concern exists.
	• Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2.		Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS
	Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using		TROUBLESHOOTING".
	the WDS or equivalent.		
	Start the engine.		
	Is the same DTC present?		
4	INSPECT FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9.
	CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	No	Go to the next step.
	 Turn the engine switch off. 		
	Disconnect the fuel temperature sensor		
	connector.		
	 Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). 		
	 Is there any malfunction? 		
-	,	Vee	Densiy sy yanlasa tha wijing hawaaa fay a naasihla ahayt t
5		Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to power supply, then go to Step 9.
	SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER		
	SUPPLY	No	Go to the next step.
	Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off)		
	(Engine off).Measure the voltage between fuel temperature		
	sensor terminal A (wiring harness-side) and		
	body GND.		
	Is the voltage more than 4.92 V?		
6	INSPECT FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR	Yes	Replace the fuel temperature sensor, then go to Step 9.
	 Inspect the fuel temperature sensor. 	No	Go to the next step.
	 Is there any malfunction? 		
7	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9.
	CONNECTION	No	Go to the next step.
	Turn the engine switch off.		
	 Disconnect the PCM connector. 		
	Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/		
	pulled-out pins, corrosion).		
	Is there any malfunction?		-
8	INSPECT FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible open
	Turn the engine switch off.		circuit, then go to the next step.
	 Inspect for continuity between the following terminale: 		
	terminals: — Fuel temperature sensor terminal A (wiring		
	harness-side) and PCM terminal 35 (wiring		
	harness-side)		
	— Fuel temperature sensor terminal B (wiring		
	harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring		
	harness-side)		
	 Is there continuity? 		
			Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
9	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0183	Yes	
9			
9	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0183	Yes No	Go to the next step.
9	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0183 COMPLETED		
9	 VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0183 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using 		
9	 VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0183 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. 		
9	 VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0183 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using 		

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
10	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2–40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)Are any DTCs present?	No	DTC troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0191

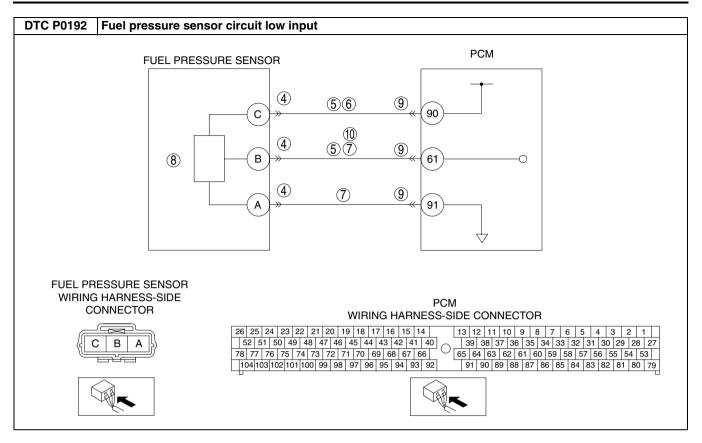
	B6E40/00010011
DTC P0191	Fuel pressure sensor range/performance problem
	 The PCM monitors the fuel pressure in the common rail and input signal from the fuel pressure sensor while the engine is running. If any one of the following conditions is met, the PCM determines that there is malfunction in the fuel pressure sensor range/performance problem. The PCM calculates the difference between the actual fuel pressure and the target fuel pressure. If the pressure difference more than 2 MPa {20 kgf/cm², 290 psi}, the PCM determines that there is a
DETECTION CONDITION	 malfunction in fuel pressure sensor range/performance problem. The PCM monitors the input signal from fuel pressure sensor. If the difference between the maximum and minimum voltage of the fuel pressure sensor is less than 0.015 V, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in fuel pressure sensor range/performance problem.
	Diagnostic support note
	The MIL does not illuminates.The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 Fuel pressure sensor malfunction Suction control valve malfunction Clogged fuel line PCM malfunction

Diagnostic procedure

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	 VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY Verify related Service Information availability. 	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available Service Information. • If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	 Is any related repair information available? 	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT FUEL PRESSURE SENSOR	Yes	Replace the common rail, go to Step 7.
	Inspect the fuel pressure sensor.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT SUCTION CONTROL VALVE	Yes	Repair the supply pump, go to Step 7.
	Inspect the suction control valve.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT FUEL LINETurn the engine switch off.	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected fuel line, go to the next step.
	 Inspect for clogging in the following fuel lines for each cylinder: — Common rail and fuel injector. — Common rail and fuel tank. Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
7	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0191	Yes	Replace the PCM, go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
8	VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection.
	Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode.		(See F2-40 DTC TABLE)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)Are any DTCs present?	No	Troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0192

DTC P0192	Fuel pressure sensor circuit low input			
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the input voltage from the fuel pressure sensor while the engine is running. If the input voltage from the fuel pressure sensor is less than 0.4 V, the PCM determines there is a malfunction in the fuel pressure sensor circuit. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory. 			
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 Fuel pressure sensor malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction Short to GND in wiring harness between fuel pressure sensor terminal C and PCM terminal 90 Open circuit in wiring harness between fuel pressure sensor terminal C and PCM terminal 90 Short to GND in wiring harness between fuel pressure sensor terminal B and PCM terminal 61 Fuel pressure sensor signal and GND circuits are shorted each other. PCM malfunction 			



Diagnostic	procedure
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STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available Service Information. • If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	 Verify related Service Information availability. Is any related repair information available? 	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	-
3	CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT?	No	Go to the next step. Intermittent concern exists.
	 Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	NO	Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT FUEL PRESSURE SENSOR	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, go to Step 11.
-	CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	No	Go to the next step.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	NO	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT FUEL PRESSURE SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GND	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to GND, go to Step 11.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between the following terminals and body GND: Fuel pressure sensor terminal C Fuel pressure sensor terminal B Is there continuity? 	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT FUEL PRESSURE SENSOR POWER CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, go to Step 11.
	 Turn the engine switch to the ON position. (Engine off) Inspect the voltage at fuel pressure sensor terminal C (wiring harness side). Is the voltage below 1.0 V? 	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT FUEL PRESSURE SENSOR CIRCUIT	Yes	Repair or replace wiring harness for a short, go to Step 11.
	FOR SHORT	No	Go to the next step.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between fuel pressure sensor terminals B and A. Is there continuity? 		
8	INSPECT FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR	Yes	Repair the supply pump, go to Step 11.
	Inspect the fuel temperature sensor.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
9	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, go to Step 11.
	CONNECTION	No	Go to the next step.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 		
10	INSPECT FUEL PRESSURE SENSOR CIRCUIT	Yes	Repair or replace suspected terminal, go to the next step.
	 FOR OPEN Turn the ignition switch off. Inspect continuity between fuel pressure sensor terminal B and PCM terminal 61. Is there continuity? 	No	Go to the next step.
11	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0192	Yes	Replace the PCM, go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. 	No	Go to the next step.
	Start the engine.Is the same DTC present?		

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
12	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)Are any DTCs present?	No	Troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0193

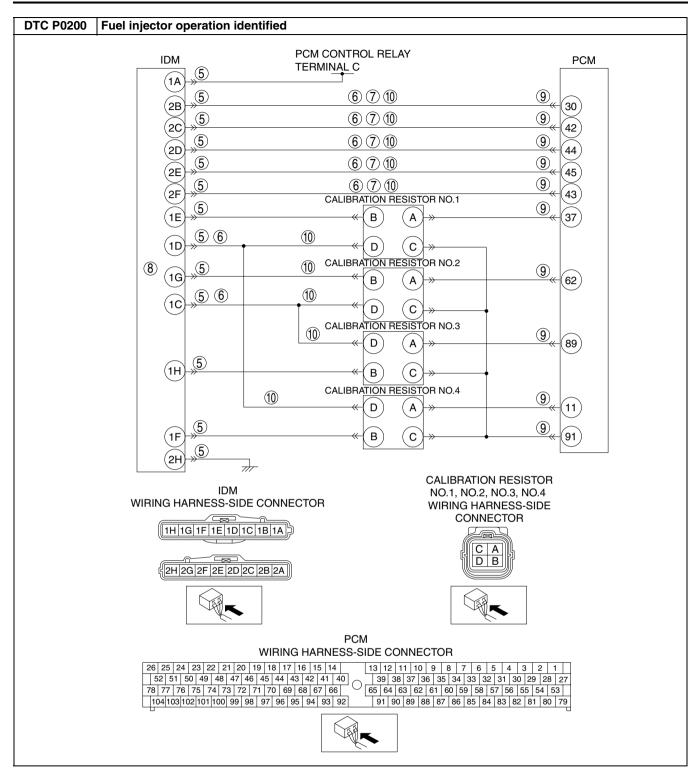
DTC P0193	Fuel pressure sensor circuit high input			
DETECTION CONDITION				
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 Fuel pressure sensor malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction Fuel pressure sensor power and signal circuits are shorted to each other. Short to power supply in wiring between fuel pressure sensor terminal B and PCM terminal 61 Open circuit in wiring between fuel pressure sensor terminal A and PCM terminal 91 PCM malfunction 			
	FUEL PRESSURE SENSOR PCM			
$ \begin{array}{c} $				
FUEL PRESSURE SENSOR WIRING HARNESS-SIDE CONNECTOR PCM WIRING HARNESS-SIDE CONNECTOR Image: Connector conn				

Diagnostic p	orocedure
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STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	 VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY Verify related Service Information availability. 	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the availableService Information.If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	 Is any related repair information available? 	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT FUEL PRESSURE SENSOR	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, go to Step 9.
	CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	No	Go to the next step.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 		
5	INSPECT FUEL PRESSURE SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY	Yes	Repair or replace harness for short with each other, go to Step 9.
	 Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between fuel pressure sensor terminal B (wiring harness-side) and body GND Is the voltage more than 4.86 V 	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR	Yes	Repair the supply pump, go to Step 9.
	Inspect the fuel temperature sensor.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, go to Step 9.
	 CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
8	INSPECT FUEL PRESSURE SENSOR FOR	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between fuel pressure sensor terminal A and PCM terminal 91. Is there continuity? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, go to the next step.
9	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0193	Yes	Replace the PCM, go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
10	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)Are any DTCs present?	No	Troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0200

DTC P0200	B6E407000200101
DTC P0200	Fuel injector operation identified
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors each cylinder injection confirmation signal from the IDM while the engine is running. If the PCM does not receive the injection confirmation signal for unspecified cylinder normally, the PCM determines that the unspecified cylinder fuel injector operation is not verified. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 IDM malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction Short to GND in wiring harness between IDM terminal 2B and PCM terminal 30 Short to GND in wiring harness between IDM terminal 2C and PCM terminal 42 Short to GND in wiring harness between IDM terminal 2D and PCM terminal 44 Short to GND in wiring harness between IDM terminal 2E and PCM terminal 45 Short to GND in wiring harness between IDM terminal 2F and PCM terminal D and IDM terminal 1D Short to GND in wiring harness between fuel injector No.1 or No.4 terminal D and IDM terminal 1C Short to GND in wiring harness between fuel injector No.2 or No.3 terminal D and IDM terminal 1C Short to power supply in wiring harness between IDM terminal 2B and PCM terminal 30 Short to power supply in wiring harness between IDM terminal 2D and PCM terminal 44 Short to power supply in wiring harness between IDM terminal 2D and PCM terminal 42 Short to power supply in wiring harness between IDM terminal 2D and PCM terminal 44 Short to power supply in wiring harness between IDM terminal 2D and PCM terminal 44 Short to power supply in wiring harness between IDM terminal 2D and PCM terminal 44 Short to power supply in wiring harness between IDM terminal 2E and PCM terminal 43 Open circuit in wiring harness between IDM terminal 2B and PCM terminal 43 Open circuit in wiring harness between IDM terminal 2D and PCM terminal 43 Open circuit in wiring harness between IDM terminal 2D and PCM terminal 43 Open circuit in wiring harness between IDM terminal 2D and PCM terminal 43 Open circuit in wiring harness between IDM terminal 2B and PCM terminal 43 Open circuit in wiring harness between IDM terminal 2D and PCM terminal 43 Open circuit in wiring harness between IDM terminal 2D and PCM terminal 44 Open circuit in wiring harness between IDM terminal 2D and PCM terminal 44



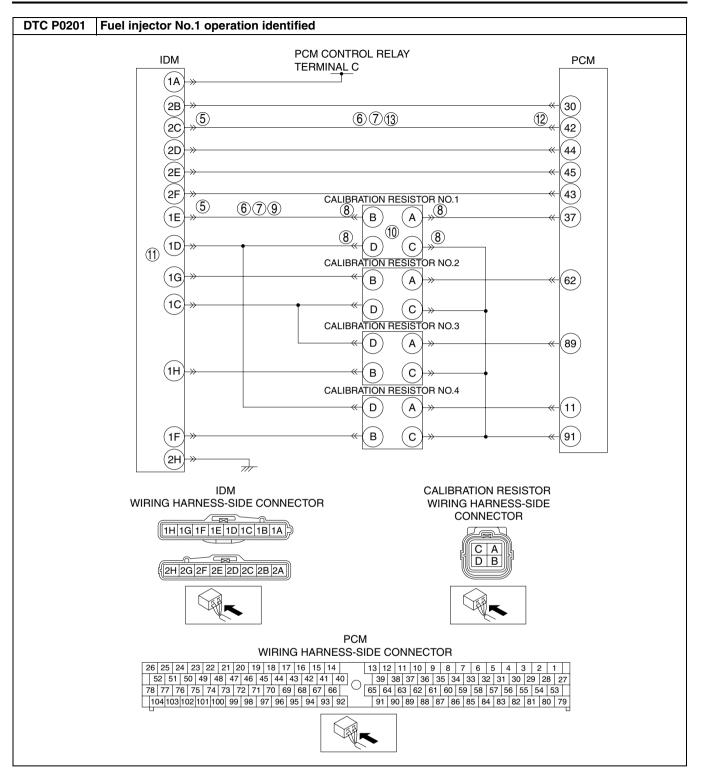
Diagnostic procedure

STEP	ostic procedure INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	
1	RECORDED		Go to the next step.
	Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the availableService Information.If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	Verify related Service Information availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
0	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	-	
3	CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT?	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	IDENTIFY TRIGGER DTC FOR FREEZE FRAME	Yes	Go to the next step.
	DATAIs DTC P0200 on the FREEZE FRAME DATA?	No	Go to troubleshooting procedures for the DTC in the FREEZE FRAME DATA.
5	INSPECT IDM CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, then go to Step 11.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
6	 INSPECT IDM CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GND Turn the engine switch off. 	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to GND, then go to Step 11.
	 Inspect for continuity between the following terminals and body GND: IDM terminal 2B (wiring harness-side) IDM terminal 2C (wiring harness-side) IDM terminal 2D (wiring harness-side) IDM terminal 2E (wiring harness-side) IDM terminal 2F (wiring harness-side) IDM terminal 1D (wiring harness-side) IDM terminal 1C (wiring harness-side) IDM terminal 1C (wiring harness-side) Is there continuity? 	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT IDM FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to GND, then go to Step 11.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect the voltage between following harnesses and body GND: IDM terminal 2B (wiring harness-side) IDM terminal 2C (wiring harness-side) IDM terminal 2D (wiring harness-side) IDM terminal 2E (wiring harness-side) IDM terminal 2F (wiring harness-side) IDM terminal 2F (wiring harness-side) 	No	Go to the next step.
8	INSPECT IDM	Yes	Replace the IDM, then go to Step 11.
	Inspect the IDM.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
9	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, then go to Step 11.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
10	INSPECT IDM FOR OPEN CIRCUIT	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between the following terminals: IDM terminal 2B and PCM terminal 30 IDM terminal 2C and PCM terminal 42 IDM terminal 2D and PCM terminal 44 IDM terminal 2E and PCM terminal 45 IDM terminal 2F and PCM terminal 43 IDM terminal 1D and fuel injector No.1 and No.4 terminal 1C and fuel injector terminal No.2 and No.3 terminal D Is there continuity? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, then go to the next step.
11	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0200	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
12	VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC troubleshooting.
	Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode.		(See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)Are any DTCs present?	No	Troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0201

DIC P0201	B6E407000200102
DTC P0201	Fuel injector No.1 operation identified
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors each cylinder injection confirmation signal from the IDM while the engine is running. If the PCM does not receive the injection confirmation signal for No.1 cylinder normally, PCM determines that the fuel injector No.1 operation is not verified. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 IDM malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction Short to GND in wiring harness between IDM terminal 2C and PCM terminal 42 Short to power supply in wiring harness between IDM terminal 2C and PCM terminal 42 Open circuit in wiring harness between IDM terminal 2C and PCM terminal 42 Fuel injector No.1 malfunction Short to GND in wiring harness between fuel injector No.1 terminal B and IDM terminal 1E Short to power supply in wiring harness between fuel injector No.1 terminal B and IDM terminal 1E Open circuit in wiring harness between fuel injector No.1 terminal B and IDM terminal 1E Open circuit in wiring harness between fuel injector No.1 terminal B and IDM terminal 1E Open circuit in wiring harness between fuel injector No.1 terminal B and IDM terminal 1E Open circuit in wiring harness between fuel injector No.1 terminal B and IDM terminal 1E



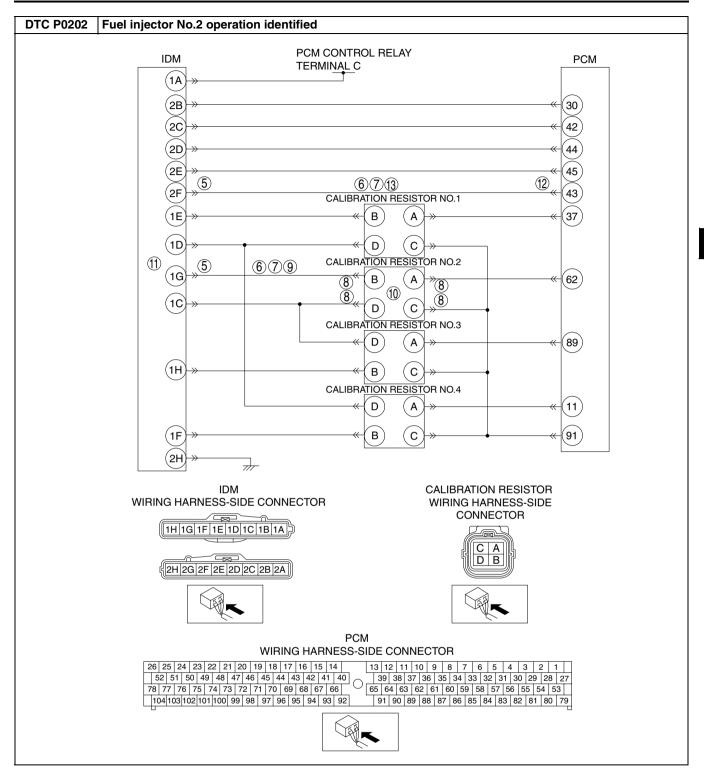
Diagnostic procedure	Diagno	ostic	procedure
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STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY • Verify related Service Bulletins and/or on-line	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information.If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	repair information availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	IDENTIFY TRIGGER DTC FOR FREEZE FRAME	Yes	Go to the next step.
	DATA Is DTC P0201 on FREEZE FRAME DATA? 	No	Go to troubleshooting procedures for the DTC in FREEZE FRAME DATA.
5	INSPECT IDM CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, then go to Step 14.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT IDM FOR SHORT TO GNDTurn the engine switch off.	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to GND, then go to Step 14.
	 Inspect continuity between the following connector terminals and body GND. IDM terminal 2C (wiring harness-side) IDM terminal 1E (wiring harness-side) Is there continuity? 	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT IDM FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to power supply, then go to Step 14.
	 Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Inspect the voltage between following terminals and body GND. IDM terminal 2C (wiring harness-side) IDM terminal 1E (wiring harness-side) Is the voltage B+? 	No	Go to the next step.
8	INSPECT FUEL INJECTOR NO.1 CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, then go to Step 14.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
9	INSPECT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT BETWEEN IDM	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 AND FUEL INJECTOR NO.1 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between IDM terminal 1E (wiring harness-side) and fuel injector No.1 terminal B (wiring harness-side). Is there continuity? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, then go to Step 14.
10	INSPECT FUEL INJECTOR	Yes	Replace fuel injector No.1, then go to Step 14.
	Inspect fuel injector No.1.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
	INSPECT IDM	Yes	Replace the IDM, then go to step 14.
11	Inspect the IDM.	100	

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
12	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, then go to Step 14.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
13	INSPECT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT BETWEEN IDM	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 AND PCM Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between IDM terminal 2C (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 42 (wiring harness-side). Is there continuity? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, then go to the next step.
14	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0201	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
15	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC troubleshooting. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)Are any DTCs present?	No	Troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0202

DTC P0202	Fuel injector No.2 operation identified
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors each cylinder injection confirmation signal from the IDM while the engine is running. If the PCM does not receive the injection confirmation signal for No.2 cylinder normally, the PCM determines that the fuel injector No.2 operation is not verified. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 IDM malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction Short to GND in wiring harness between IDM terminal 2F and PCM terminal 43 Short to power supply in wiring harness between IDM terminal 2F and PCM terminal 43 Open circuit in wiring harness between IDM terminal 2F and PCM terminal 43 Fuel injector No.2 malfunction Short to GND in wiring harness between fuel injector No.2 terminal B and IDM terminal 1G Short to power supply in wiring harness between fuel injector No.2 terminal B and IDM terminal 1G Open circuit in wiring harness between fuel injector No.2 terminal B and IDM terminal 1G PCM malfunction



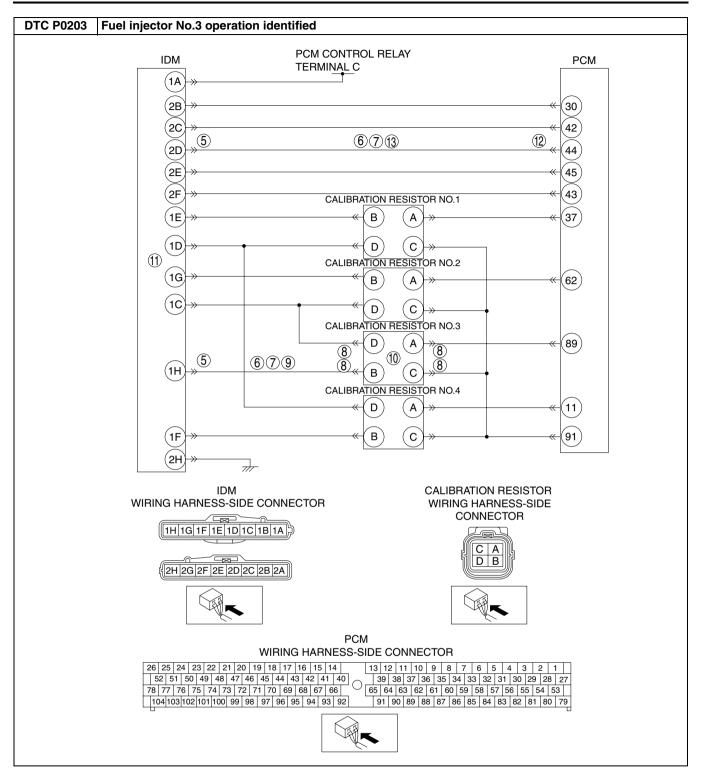
Diagnostic procedure

	ostic procedure		ACTION
STEP		V-	ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 RECORDED Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded? 	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information.
	 Verify related Service Bulletins and/or on-line repair information availability. 	NI-	• If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	repair information availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	IDENTIFY TRIGGER DTC FOR FREEZE FRAME	Yes	Go to the next step.
	DATA Is DTC P0202 on FREEZE FRAME DATA? 	No	Go to the troubleshooting procedures for the DTC in the FREEZE FRAME DATA.
5	INSPECT IDM CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, then go to Step 14.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT IDM FOR SHORT TO GNDTurn the engine switch off.	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to GND, then go to Step 14.
	 Inspect the continuity between the following terminals and body GND. IDM terminal 2F (wiring harness-side) IDM terminal 1G (wiring harness-side) Is there continuity? 	No	Go to the next step.
7	 INSPECT IDM FOR SHORT TO POWER Turn the engine switch to the ON position 	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to power, then go to Step 14.
	 (Engine off). Inspect the voltage between the following terminals and body GND. IDM terminal 2F (wiring harness-side) IDM terminal 1G (wiring harness-side) Is the voltage B+? 	No	Go to the next step.
8	INSPECT FUEL INJECTOR NO.2 CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, then go to Step 14.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
9	INSPECT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT BETWEEN IDM	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 AND FUEL INJECTOR NO.2 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between IDM terminal 1G (wiring harness-side) and fuel injector No.2 terminal B (wiring harness-side). Is there continuity? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit then go to Step 14.
10	INSPECT FUEL INJECTOR	Yes	Replace fuel injector No.2, then go to Step 14.
	Inspect fuel injector No.2.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
11	INSPECT IDM	Yes	Replace the IDM, then go to step 14.
	Inspect the IDM.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
12	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, then go to Step 14.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
13	INSPECT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT BETWEEN IDM	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 AND PCM Turn the engine switch off. Inspect the continuity between IDM terminal 2F (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 43 (wiring harness-side). Is there continuity? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, then go to the next step.
14	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0202	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
15	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC troubleshooting. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)Are any DTCs present?	No	Troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0203

DTC P0203	uel injector No.3 operation identified			
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors each cylinder's injection confirmation signal from the IDM while the engine is running. If the PCM does not receive the injection confirmation signal for No.3 cylinder normally, the PCM determines that the fuel injector No.3 operation is not verified. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory. 			
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 IDM malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction Short to GND in wiring harness between IDM terminal 2D and PCM terminal 44 Short to power supply in wiring harness between IDM terminal 2D and PCM terminal 44 Open circuit in wiring harness between IDM terminal 2D and PCM terminal 44 Fuel injector No.3 malfunction Short to GND in wiring harness between fuel injector No.3 terminal B and IDM terminal 1H Short to power supply in wiring harness between fuel injector No.3 terminal B and IDM terminal 1H Popen circuit in wiring harness between fuel injector No.3 terminal B and IDM terminal 1H PCM malfunction 			



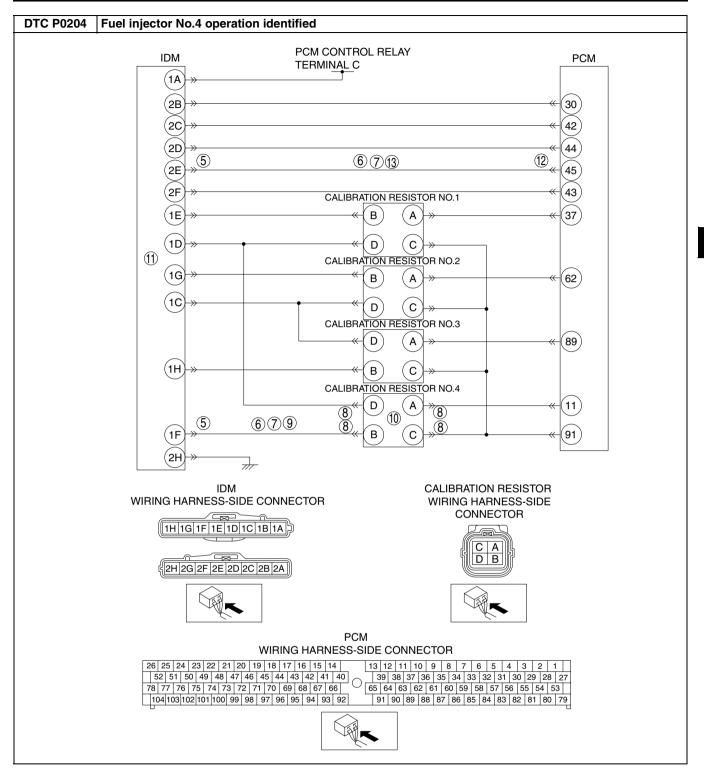
Diagnostic	procedure
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STEP		. <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</u>	ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 RECORDED Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded? 	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information.
	 Verify related Service Bulletins and/or on-line repair information availability. Is any related repair information available? 	No	• If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step. Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
5	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	IDENTIFY TRIGGER DTC FOR FREEZE FRAME	Yes	Go to the next step.
	DATAIs DTC P0203 on the FREEZE FRAME DATA?	No	Go to the troubleshooting procedures for the DTC in the FREEZE FRAME DATA.
5	INSPECT IDM CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, then go to Step 14.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT IDM FOR SHORT TO GNDTurn the engine switch off.	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to GND, then go to Step 14.
	 Inspect the continuity between the following terminals and body GND: IDM terminal 2D (wiring harness-side) IDM terminal 1H (wiring harness-side) Is there continuity? 	No	Go to the next step.
7	 7 INSPECT IDM FOR SHORT TO POWER Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Inspect the voltage between the following terminals and body GND: IDM terminal 2D (wiring harness-side) IDM terminal 1H (wiring harness-side) Is voltage B+? 	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to power then go to Step 14.
		No	Go to the next step.
8	INSPECT FUEL INJECTOR NO.3 CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, then go to Ste 14.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
9	INSPECT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT BETWEEN IDM	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 AND FUEL INJECTOR NO.3 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between IDM terminal 1H (wiring harness-side) and fuel injector No.3 terminal B (wiring harness-side). Is there continuity? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, then go to Step 14.
10	INSPECT FUEL INJECTOR	Yes	Replace fuel injector No.3, then go to Step 14.
	Inspect fuel injector No.3.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
11	INSPECT IDM	Yes	Replace the IDM, then go to step 14.
	Inspect the IDM.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
12	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, then go to Ste 14.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
13	INSPECT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT BETWEEN IDM	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 AND PCM Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between IDM terminal 2D (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 44 (wiring harness-side). Is there continuity? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, then go to the next step.
14	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0203	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
15	Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode.	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC troubleshooting. (See F2–40 DTC TABLE.)
		No	Troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0204

DTC P0204	Fuel injector No.4 operation identified			
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors each cylinder injection confirmation signal from the IDM while the engine is running. If the PCM does not receive the injection confirmation signal for No.4 cylinder normally, the PCM determines that the fuel injector No.4 operation is not verified. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory. 			
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 IDM malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction Short to GND in wiring harness between IDM terminal 2E and PCM terminal 45 Short to power supply in wiring harness between IDM terminal 2E and PCM terminal 45 Open circuit in wiring harness between IDM terminal 2E and PCM terminal 45 Fuel injector No.4 malfunction Short to GND in wiring harness between fuel injector No.4 terminal B and IDM terminal 1F Short to power supply in wiring harness between fuel injector No.4 terminal B and IDM terminal 1F Open circuit in wiring harness between fuel injector No.4 terminal B and IDM terminal 1F PCM malfunction 			



Diagnostic procedure

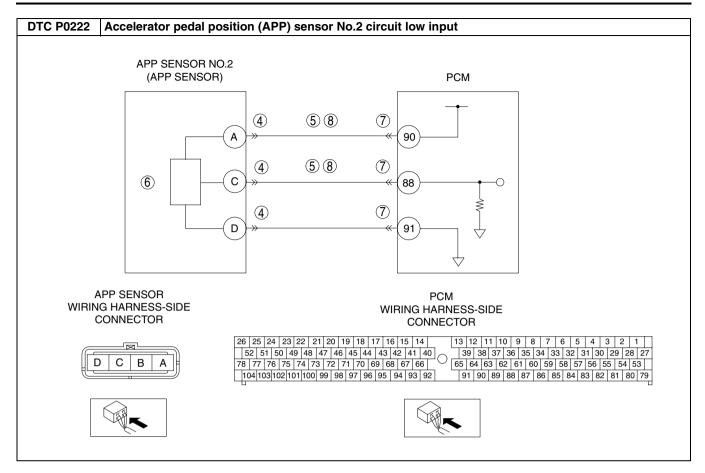
STEP	ostic procedure		ACTION
		V	ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 RECORDED Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded? 	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information.
	 Verify related Service Bulletins and/or on-line repair information availability. 	No	If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step. Go to the next step.
0	Is any related repair information available?	Vee	
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT?	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	IDENTIFY TRIGGER DTC FOR FREEZE FRAME	Yes	Go to the next step.
	DATA Is DTC P0204 on FREEZE FRAME DATA? 	No	Go to the troubleshooting procedures for the DTC in the FREEZE FRAME DATA.
5	INSPECT IDM CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, then go to Step 14.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
6	 INSPECT IDM FOR SHORT TO GND Turn the engine switch off. 	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to GND, then go to Step 14.
	 Inspect the continuity between the following terminals and body GND. IDM terminal 2E (wiring harness-side) IDM terminal 1F (wiring harness-side) Is there continuity? 	No	Go to the next step.
7	 INSPECT IDM FOR SHORT TO POWER Turn the engine switch to the ON position 	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to power, then go to Step 14.
	 (Engine off). Inspect the voltage between the following terminals and body GND. IDM terminal 2E (wiring harness-side) IDM terminal 1F (wiring harness-side) Is the voltage B+? 	No	Go to the next step.
8	INSPECT FUEL INJECTOR NO.4 CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, then go to Step 14.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
9	INSPECT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT BETWEEN IDM	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 AND FUEL INJECTOR NO.4 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between IDM terminal 1F (wiring harness-side) and fuel injector terminal B (wiring harness-side). Is there continuity? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, then go to Step 14.
10	INSPECT FUEL INJECTOR	Yes	Replace fuel injector No.4, then go to Step 14.
	Inspect fuel injector No.4.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
11	INSPECT IDM	Yes	Replace the IDM, then go to step 14.
	Inspect the IDM.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
12	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, then go to Step 14.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
13	INSPECT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT BETWEEN IDM	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 AND PCM Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between IDM terminal 2E (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 45 (wiring harness-side). Is there continuity? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, then go to the next step.
14	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0204	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
15	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. (See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) Are any DTCs present? 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC troubleshooting. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
		No	Troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0222

DTC P0222 Accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor No.2 circuit low input The PCM monitors the input signal from accelerator pedal position sensor No.2. If the voltage from ٠ accelerator pedal position sensor No.2 is less than 0.3 V, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the accelerator pedal position sensor No.2 circuit. DETECTION **Diagnostic support note** CONDITION • The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. • The DTC is stored in the PCM memory. • ٠ APP sensor No.2 malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction Open circuit in wiring harness between APP sensor terminal A and PCM terminal 90 • POSSIBLE Short to GND in wiring harness between APP sensor terminal A and PCM terminal 90 ٠ CAUSE Open circuit in wiring harness between APP sensor terminal C and PCM terminal 88 • Short to GND in wiring harness between APP sensor terminal C and PCM terminal 88 ٠ PCM malfunction •

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Diagnostic procedure

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY	Yes	
	 Verify related service repair information availability. 	No	If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step. Go to the next step.
	Is any related repair information available?		·
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT?	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT APP SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9.
	 POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the APP sensor connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT APP SENSOR NO.2 CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GND	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to GND, then go to Step 9.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between the following terminals and body GND: APP sensor terminal A (wiring harness-side) and body GND APP sensor terminal C (wiring harness-side) and body GND Is there continuity? 	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT APP SENSOR NO.2	Yes	Replace the APP sensor, then go to Step 9.
	Inspect the APP sensor No.2.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9.
	 CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the PCM connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
8	INSPECT APP SENSOR NO.2 CIRCUIT FOR	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between the following terminals: APP sensor terminal A (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 90 (wiring harness-side) APP sensor terminal C (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 88 (wiring harness-side) Is there continuity? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible open circuit, then go to the next step.
9	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0222	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
10	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2–40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) • Are any DTCs present?	No	DTC troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0223

DIC F0223	B6E407000200107
DTC P0223	Accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor No.2 circuit high input
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the input signal from accelerator pedal position sensor No.2. If the voltage from accelerator pedal position sensor No.2 is more than 4.7 V, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the accelerator pedal position sensor No.2 circuit. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 APP sensor No.2 malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction Short to power supply in wiring harness between APP sensor terminal C and PCM terminal 88 Open circuit in wiring harness between APP sensor terminal D and PCM terminal 91 PCM malfunction
	APP SENSOR NO.2 (APP SENSOR) PCM
	$ \begin{array}{c} $
WIRING	PP SENSOR PCM G HARNESS-SIDE WIRING HARNESS-SIDE CONNECTOR CONNECTOR
D	C B A 104 103 102 101 100 99 98 97 96 95 94 93 92 91 90 88 87 86 85 84 83 82 81 80 79

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDED	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order,
	 Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded? 		then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available
-	AVAILABILITY		repair information.
	 Verify related service repair information 		• If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.	No	Go to the next step.
	 Is any related repair information available? 		
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT?	No	Intermittent concern exists.
	• Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2.	110	Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS
	 Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using 		TROUBLESHOOTING".
	the WDS or equivalent.		
	 Start the engine. 		
	 Is the same DTC present? 		
4	INSPECT APP SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9.
	POOR CONNECTION	No	Go to the next step.
	 Turn the engine switch off. 		
	 Disconnect the APP sensor connector. 		
	 Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ 		
	pulled-out pins, corrosion).		
	Is there any malfunction?		
5	INSPECT APP SENSOR NO.2 SIGNAL CIRCUIT	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to
	FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY		power supply, then go to Step 9.
	Turn the engine switch to the ON position	No	Go to the next step.
	(Engine off).		
	 Measure the voltage between APP sensor terminal C (wiring barnage side) and bady 		
	terminal C (wiring harness-side) and body GND.		
	 Is the voltage more than 4.7 V? 		
6	INSPECT APP SENSOR NO.2	Yes	Replace the APP sensor, then go to Step 9.
Ŭ	 Inspect the APP sensor. 	No	Go to the next step.
	 Is there any malfunction? 	INU	do to the next step.
7	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9.
	CONNECTION	No	Go to the next step.
	Turn the engine switch off.	NO	do to the next step.
	 Disconnect the PCM connector. 		
	 Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ 		
	pulled out pipe correction)		
	pulled-out pins, corrosion).		
	Is there any malfunction?		
8	Is there any malfunction? INSPECT APP SENSOR NO.2 GND CIRCUIT	Yes	Go to the next step.
8	Is there any malfunction?	Yes No	Go to the next step. Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible open
8	Is there any malfunction? INSPECT APP SENSOR NO.2 GND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off.		
8	 Is there any malfunction? INSPECT APP SENSOR NO.2 GND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between APP sensor 		Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible open
8	 Is there any malfunction? INSPECT APP SENSOR NO.2 GND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between APP sensor terminal D (wiring harness-side) and PCM 		Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible open
8	 Is there any malfunction? INSPECT APP SENSOR NO.2 GND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between APP sensor terminal D (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-side). 		Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible open
_	 Is there any malfunction? INSPECT APP SENSOR NO.2 GND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between APP sensor terminal D (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-side). Is there continuity? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible open circuit, then go to the next step.
8	 Is there any malfunction? INSPECT APP SENSOR NO.2 GND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between APP sensor terminal D (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-side). Is there continuity? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0223 	No Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible open circuit, then go to the next step. Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
_	 Is there any malfunction? INSPECT APP SENSOR NO.2 GND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between APP sensor terminal D (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-side). Is there continuity? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0223 COMPLETED 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible open circuit, then go to the next step.
_	 Is there any malfunction? INSPECT APP SENSOR NO.2 GND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between APP sensor terminal D (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-side). Is there continuity? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0223 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected 	No Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible open circuit, then go to the next step. Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
_	 Is there any malfunction? INSPECT APP SENSOR NO.2 GND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between APP sensor terminal D (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-side). Is there continuity? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0223 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. 	No Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible open circuit, then go to the next step. Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
_	 Is there any malfunction? INSPECT APP SENSOR NO.2 GND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between APP sensor terminal D (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-side). Is there continuity? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0223 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using 	No Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible open circuit, then go to the next step. Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
_	 Is there any malfunction? INSPECT APP SENSOR NO.2 GND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between APP sensor terminal D (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-side). Is there continuity? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0223 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. 	No Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible open circuit, then go to the next step. Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
_	 Is there any malfunction? INSPECT APP SENSOR NO.2 GND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between APP sensor terminal D (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-side). Is there continuity? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0223 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. 	No Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible open circuit, then go to the next step. Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
9	 Is there any malfunction? INSPECT APP SENSOR NO.2 GND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between APP sensor terminal D (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-side). Is there continuity? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0223 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No Yes No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible open circuit, then go to the next step. Replace the PCM, then go to the next step. Go to the next step.
_	 Is there any malfunction? INSPECT APP SENSOR NO.2 GND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between APP sensor terminal D (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-side). Is there continuity? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0223 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible open circuit, then go to the next step. Replace the PCM, then go to the next step. Go to the next step. Go to the applicable DTC inspection.
9	 Is there any malfunction? INSPECT APP SENSOR NO.2 GND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between APP sensor terminal D (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-side). Is there continuity? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0223 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No Yes No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible open circuit, then go to the next step. Replace the PCM, then go to the next step. Go to the next step.

DTC P0225 B6E407000200108 **DTC P0225** Idle switch circuit malfunction The PCM monitors the input signals from the accelerator pedal position sensor and the idle switch. If the • idle switch is off even if the voltage from the accelerator pedal position sensor is less than 0.75 V, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the idle switch circuit. Diagnostic support note DETECTION The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in two consecutive drive cycles or CONDITION in one drive cycle while the DTC for the same malfunction has been stored in the PCM. PENDING CODE is available if PCM detects the above malfunction condition during the first drive cycle. • FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. ٠ DTC is stored in the PCM memory. • Idle switch malfunction • Connector or terminal malfunction • POSSIBLE Open circuit in wiring harness between idle switch terminal B and GND CAUSE Open circuit in wiring harness between idle switch terminal A and PCM terminal 31 • • PCM malfunction **IDLE SWITCH** PCM \bigcirc (4) (8) 31 А 6 (5) (4) в 7/7 PCM WIRING HARNESS-SIDE **IDLE SWITCH WIRING** CONNECTOR HARNESS-SIDE 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 52 51 50 49 48 47 46 45 44 43 42 41 40 39 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 78 77 76 75 74 73 72 71 70 69 68 67 66 64 63 62 61 60 59 58 57 56 55 54 53 CONNECTOR в А 104 103 102 101 100 99 98 97 96 95 94 93 92 91 90 89 88 87 86 85 84 83 82 81 80 79

Diagnostic procedure

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	 VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY Verify related service repair information 	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information.If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT IDLE SWITCH CONNECTOR FOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9.
	 POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT IDLE SWITCH GND CIRCUIT FOR	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between idle switch terminal B and body GND. Is there continuity? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, then go to Step 9.
6	INSPECT IDLE SWITCHInspect the idle switch.	Yes	Replace the accelerator pedal component, then go to Step 9.
	 Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9.
	 CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
8	INSPECT IDLE SWITCH SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between idle switch terminal A and PCM terminal 31. Is there continuity? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, then go to the next step.
9	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0225	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
10	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2–40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)Are any DTCs present?	No	Troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0301, P0302, P0303, P0304

B6E407000300101 **DTC P0301** Cylinder No.1 misfire detection Cylinder No.2 misfire detection **DTC P0302 DTC P0303** Cylinder No.3 misfire detection **DTC P0304** Cylinder No.4 misfire detection The PCM monitors the CKP sensor input signal interval time. The PCM calculates the deviation of the • interval time for each cylinder. If the deviation of the interval time exceeds the preprogrammed criteria, the PCM detects a misfire in the corresponding cylinder. While the engine is running, the PCM counts the number of misfires and calculates misfire ratio for each crankshaft revolution. If the ratio exceeds the preprogrammed criteria, the PCM determines that a misfire, which can affect emission performance, has DETECTION occurred. CONDITION **Diagnostic support note** The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. . FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. • The DTC is stored in the PCM memory. • • Fuel injector malfunction CKP sensor malfunction ٠ POSSIBLE CMP sensor malfunction ٠ CAUSE Inadequate engine compression due to engine internal malfunction ٠ Related connector or terminal malfunction • ٠ Related wiring harness malfunction

Diagnostic	procedure
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VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Vee	
	Yes	Go to the next step.
 RECORDED Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded? 	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
 VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY Verify related Service Bulletins and/or on-line repair information availability. Is any related repair information available? 	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information.If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	No	Go to the next step.
VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
IDENTIFY TRIGGER DTC FOR FREEZE FRAME	Yes	Go to the next step.
DATA Is DTC P0301, P0302, P0303 or P0304 on FREEZE FRAME DATA? 	No	Go to troubleshooting procedures for the DTC on the FREEZE FRAME DATA.
INSPECT FUEL LINE Turn the engine switch off.	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected fuel line, then go to Step 13.
for fuel leakage or clogging.	No	Go to the next step.
 VERIFY CURRENT INPUT SIGNAL STATUS UNDER TROUBLESHOOTING CONDITION Access the BOO, ECT, IAT, MAF, RPM, APP, EGR PS and VSS PIDs using the WDS or equivalent. Is any signal that is far out of specification when the engine switch is at the ON position and the engine idles? 	Yes	Inspect the suspected circuit or part or both according to the inspection results. Then go to Step 13.
	No	Go to the next step.
VERIFY CURRENT INPUT SIGNAL STATUS UNDER TROUBLE CONDITION	Yes	Inspect suspected circuit or part or both according to the inspection results. Then go to Step 13.
simulating the FREEZE FRAME DATA condition.Is there any signal which cause drastic changes?	No	Go to the next step.
INSPECT CKP SENSORInspect the CKP sensor and the pulse wheel.	Yes	inspection results, then go to Step 13.
-	No	Go to the next step.
Inspect the CMP sensor.	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected part according to the inspection results, then go to Step 13.
-	No	Go to the next step.
ENGINE COOLANT LEAKAGEPerform the engine coolant leakage inspection.		Repair or replace the malfunctioning part according to th inspection results. Then go to Step 13.
	No	Go to the next step.
	Yes	Go to the next step.
suspected cylinder.	No	Overhaul the engine, then go to Step 13.
 INSPECT FUEL INJECTOR Inspect the fuel injector and the related circuit 	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected part according to the inspection results, then go to the next step.
for the suspected cylinder. • Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
	 AVAILABILITY Verify related Service Bulletins and/or on-line repair information availability. Is any related repair information available? VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? IDENTIFY TRIGGER DTC FOR FREEZE FRAME DATA Is DTC P0301, P0302, P0303 or P0304 on FREEZE FRAME DATA? INSPECT FUEL LINE Turn the engine switch off. Inspect the fuel lines of the suspected cylinder for fuel leakage or clogging. VERIFY CURRENT INPUT SIGNAL STATUS UNDER TROUBLESHOOTING CONDITION Access the BOO, ECT, IAT, MAF, RPM, APP, EGR PS and VSS PIDs using the WDS or equivalent. Is any signal that is far out of specification when the engine switch is at the ON position and the engine idles? VERIFY CURRENT INPUT SIGNAL STATUS UNDER TROUBLE CONDITION Inspect the same PIDs as in Step 6 while simulating the FREEZE FRAME DATA condition. Is there any signal which cause drastic changes? INSPECT CMP SENSOR Inspect the CKP sensor and the pulse wheel. Is there any malfunction? INSPECT ENGINE COOLANT PASSAGE FOR ENGINE COOLANT PASSAGE FOR ENGINE COOLANT LEAKAGE Perform the engine coolant leakage inspection. Is there any malfunction? <l< td=""><td>AVAILABILITY Verify related Service Bulletins and/or on-line repair information availability. No Is any related repair information available? Yes VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? No Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Yes Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? No IDENTIFY TRIGGER DTC FOR FREEZE FRAME PATA? No ISPECT FUEL LINE Yes Turn the engine switch off. Inspect the fuel lines of the suspected cylinder for fuel leakage or clogging. No VERIFY CURRENT INPUT SIGNAL STATUS UNDER TROUBLESHOOTING CONDITION Yes Access the BOO, ECT, IAT, MAF, RPM, APP, EGR PS and VSS PIDs using the WDS or equivalent. No Is any signal that is far out of specification when the engine switch is at the ON position and the engine idles? Yes VERIFY CURRENT INPUT SIGNAL STATUS UNDER TROUBLE CONDITION No Inspect the Same PIDs as in Step 6 while simulating the FREEZE FRAME DATA condition. No Is there any signal which cause drastic changes? No INSPECT CKP SENSOR Yes Inspect the COLANT PASSAGE FOR Yes Inspect the COLANT LEAKAGE Yes <t< td=""></t<></td></l<>	AVAILABILITY Verify related Service Bulletins and/or on-line repair information availability. No Is any related repair information available? Yes VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? No Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Yes Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? No IDENTIFY TRIGGER DTC FOR FREEZE FRAME PATA? No ISPECT FUEL LINE Yes Turn the engine switch off. Inspect the fuel lines of the suspected cylinder for fuel leakage or clogging. No VERIFY CURRENT INPUT SIGNAL STATUS UNDER TROUBLESHOOTING CONDITION Yes Access the BOO, ECT, IAT, MAF, RPM, APP, EGR PS and VSS PIDs using the WDS or equivalent. No Is any signal that is far out of specification when the engine switch is at the ON position and the engine idles? Yes VERIFY CURRENT INPUT SIGNAL STATUS UNDER TROUBLE CONDITION No Inspect the Same PIDs as in Step 6 while simulating the FREEZE FRAME DATA condition. No Is there any signal which cause drastic changes? No INSPECT CKP SENSOR Yes Inspect the COLANT PASSAGE FOR Yes Inspect the COLANT LEAKAGE Yes <t< td=""></t<>

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
13	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF MISFIRE DTC	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
14	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC troubleshooting. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)Are any DTCs present?	No	Troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0336

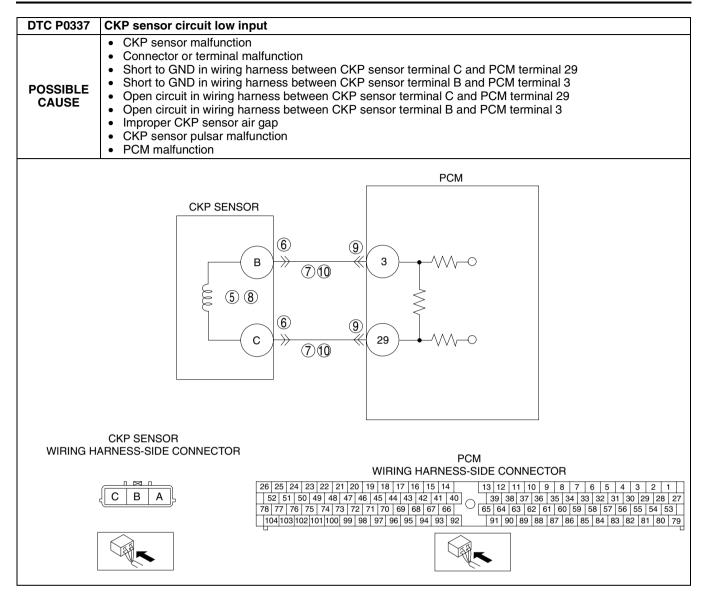
DIC P0330	B6E407000300102
DTC P0336	CKP sensor range/performance problem
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the input signal from the CKP sensor while the engine is running. If the input signal from the CKP sensor does not correspond with the proper pulse number, the PCM determines CKP sensor performance problem. Diagnostic support note The MIL does not illuminates. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 CKP sensor malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction CKP sensor pulsar malfunction PCM malfunction

Diagnostic procedure

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	 VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY Verify related Service Information availability. 	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the availableService Information.If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	 VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	Yes No	Go to the next step. Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT CKP SENSOR PULSAR	Yes	Replace the CKP sensor pulsar, then go to Step 8.
	Inspect the CKP sensor pulsar for damage and/or cracks.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT CKP SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, go to Step 8.
	 POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT CKP SENSOR	Yes	Replace the CKP sensor, go to Step 8.
	Inspect the CKP sensor.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, go to the next step.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
8	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0336	Yes	Replace the PCM, go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
9	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)Are any DTCs present?	No	Troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0337

DIC F0337	B6E407000300103	
DTC P0337	CKP sensor circuit low input	
	 The PCM monitors the input signal from the CKP sensor and the CMP sensor while the engine is running. If the input signal from the CKP sensor is not input while the PCM detects 28 pulses from the CMP sensor, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the CKP sensor circuit. Diagnostic support note 	
CONDITION	 The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory. 	



Diagnostic	procedure
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STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2		Yes	
	Verify related Service Information availability.		• If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT CKP SENSOR AIR GAP	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 Measure the CKP sensor air gap. Is the CKP sensor air gap normal? Specification 1.5—2.5 mm {0.059—0.098 in} 	No	Replace the CKP sensor, then go to Step 11.
5	INSPECT CKP SENSOR PULSAR	Yes	Replace the CKP sensor pulsar, then go to Step 11.
	 Inspect the CKP sensor pulsar for damage and/or cracks. Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT CKP SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, go to Step 11.
	POOR CONNECTION	No	Go to the next step.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 		
7	INSPECT CKP SENSOR FOR SHORT TO GNDTurn the engine switch off.	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to GND, go to Step 11.
	 Inspect for continuity between the following terminals and body GND: — CKP sensor terminal B and body GND — CKP sensor terminal C and body GND Is there continuity? 	No	Go to the next step.
8	INSPECT CKP SENSOR	Yes	Replace the CKP sensor, go to Step 11.
	Inspect the CKP sensor.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
9	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, go to Step 11.
	 CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
10	INSPECT CKP SENSOR FOR OPEN CIRCUIT	Yes	•
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between the following terminals: CKP sensor terminal B and PCM terminal 3 CKP sensor terminal C and PCM terminal 29 Is there continuity? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, go to the next step.
11	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0337	Yes	Replace the PCM, go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine and idle it. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
12	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)Are any DTCs present?	No	Troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0341

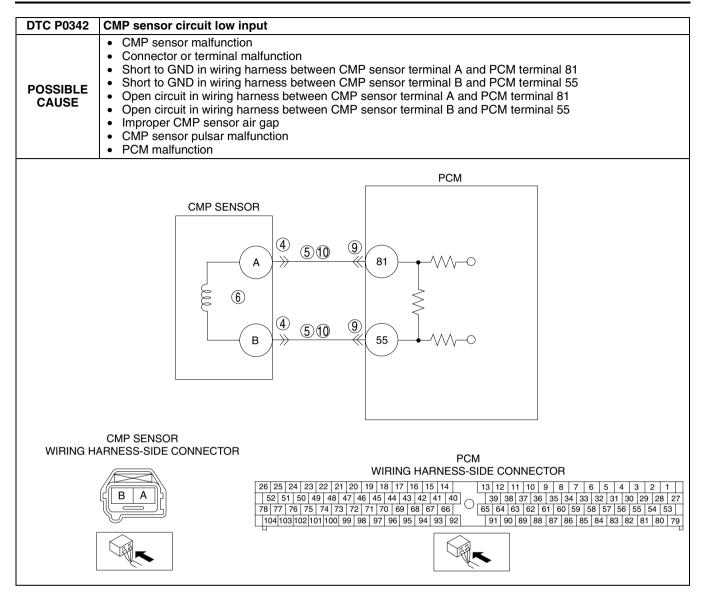
DTC P0341	CMP sensor range/performance problem	
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the input signal from the CMP sensor while the engine is running. If the input signal from the CMP sensor does not correspond with the proper pulse number, the PCM determines CMP sensor performance problem. Diagnostic support note The MIL does not illuminates. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory. 	
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 CMP sensor malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction CMP sensor pulsar malfunction PCM malfunction 	

Diagnostic procedure

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY • Verify related Service Information availability.	Yes	 Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available Service Information. If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	 VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	Yes No	Go to the next step. Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT CMP SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, go to Step 8.
	 POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT CMP SENSOR	Yes	Replace the CMP sensor, go to Step 8.
	Inspect the CMP sensor.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT CMP SENSOR PULSAR	Yes	Replace the camshaft, then go to Step 8.
	Inspect the CMP sensor pulsar for damage and/or cracks.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, go to the next step.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
8	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0341	Yes	Replace the PCM, go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
9	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2–40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)Are any DTCs present?	No	Troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0342

DIC F0342	B6E407000300105	
DTC P0342	CMP sensor circuit low input	
	 The PCM monitors the input signal from the CMP sensor and the CKP sensor while the engine is running. If the input signal from the CMP sensor is not input while the PCM detects 255 pulses from the CKP sensor, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the CMP sensor circuit. Diagnostic support note 	
CONDITION	 The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory. 	



Diagnostic	procedure
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STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 RECORDED Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded? 	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY	Yes	Service Information.
	Verify related Service Information availability.		If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT CMP SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, go to Step 11.
•	POOR CONNECTION	No	Go to the next step.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 		
5	INSPECT CMP SENSOR CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GND	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to GND, go to Step 11.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between the following terminals and body GND: CMP sensor terminal A and body GND. CMP sensor terminal B and body GND. Is there continuity? 	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT CMP SENSOR	Yes	Replace the CMP sensor, go to Step 11.
	Inspect the CMP sensor.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT CMP SENSOR AIR GAP	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 Measure the CMP sensor air gap. Is the CMP sensor air gap normal? Specification 0.5—1.5 mm {0.020—0.059 in} 	No	Replace the CMP sensor, then go to Step 11.
8	INSPECT CMP SENSOR PULSAR	Yes	Replace the camshaft, then go to Step 11.
	 Inspect the CMP sensor pulsar for damage and/or cracks. Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
9	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, go to Step 11.
	 CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
10	INSPECT CMP SENSOR FOR OPEN CIRCUIT	Yes	Go to the next step.
10	Turn the engine switch off.	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, go
	 Inspect for continuity between the following terminals: — CMP sensor terminal A and PCM terminal 81. — CMP sensor terminal B and PCM terminal 55. Is there continuity? 		to the next step.
11	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0342	Yes	Replace the PCM, go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine and idle it. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
12	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)Are any DTCs present?	No	Troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0401

DTC P0401	EGR flow insufficient detected
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the difference between the target air amount and intake air amount while the EGR system is operating. If the difference between the target air amount and the intake air amount is less than the threshold, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the EGR system. Diagnostic support note MIL illuminates if PCM detects above malfunction condition in two consecutive drive cycles or in one drive cycle while DTC for the same malfunction has been stored in PCM. PENDING CODE is available if PCM detects the above malfunction condition during first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. DTC is stored in the PCM memory.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 Vacuum hose malfunction EGR valve malfunction EGR boost sensor malfunction EGR gasket malfunction PCM malfunction

Diagnostic	procedure
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STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDED	No	Record FREEZE FRAME DATA on repair order, then go to
	Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?		the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available
	AVAILABILITY		repair information.
	Verify related service bulletins and/or on-line		If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	repair information availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	INSPECT FOR OTHER DTCS	Yes	Repair the circuit malfunction for the applicable DTCs.
5	Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2.	No	Go to the next step.
	 Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using 	INO	Go to the next step.
	the WDS or equivalent.		
	 Turn the engine switch to the ON position. 		
	(Engine off).Have other DTCs been stored?		
4	Have other DTCs been stored? INSPECT VACUUM HOSE CONDITION	Yes	Replace the vacuum hoses, then go to Step 8.
4	 Inspect the vacuum hoses for clogging, 	No	Go to the next step.
	damage, freezing, or vacuum leakage.	INO	Go to the next step.
	 Is there any malfunction? 		
5	INSPECT EGR VALVE MALFUNCTION	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Inspect the EGR valve.	No	Replace the EGR valve, then go to Step 8.
	Is the EGR valve okay?		-
6	INSPECT EGR BOOST SENSOR	Yes	Go to the next step.
	MALFUNCTION	No	Replace the EGR boost sensor, then go to Step 8.
	Inspect the EGR boost sensor.Is the EGR boost sensor okay?		
7	INSPECT EGR VALVE PASSAGE	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Turn the engine switch off.	No	Install the gasket correctly, then go to the next step.
	Remove the EGR valve.	-	
	Is gasket installation normal?		-
8	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0401	Yes	Go to the next step.
	COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected	No	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 Make sure to reconnect an disconnected connectors. 		
	 Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. 		
	Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using		
	the WDS or equivalent.		
	Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. (See F2, 20 OPD DRIVE MODE.)		
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present?		
9	VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection.
Ŭ	Are any DTCs present?	103	(See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
		No	Troubleshooting completed.
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DTC P0402

DTC P0402	EGR flow excessive detected
	• The PCM monitors the difference between the target air amount and intake air amount while the EGR system is operating. If the difference between the target air amount and the intake air amount is more than the threshold, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the EGR system. Diagnostic support note
DETECTION CONDITION	 The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects above malfunction condition in two consecutive drive cycles or in one drive cycle while the DTC for the same malfunction has been stored in the PCM. PENDING CODE is available if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition during the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	The EGR valve gasket is not installed.The EGR valve gasket has been damaged.PCM malfunction

Diagnostic procedure

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDED	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order,
	 Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded? 		then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available
	AVAILABILITY		repair information.
	 Verify related service bulletins and/or on-line 		• If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	repair information availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	INSPECT FOR OTHER DTCS	Yes	Repair circuit malfunction for the applicable DTCs.
0	• Turn the engine switch to the ON position.	No	Go to the next step.
	(Engine off).	NO	
	 Have other DTCs been stored? 		
4	INSPECT EGR VALVE GASKET HAS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	INSTALLED	No	Install the EGR valve gasket, then go to Step 6.
	Turn the engine switch off.		
	Remove the EGR valve.Is the EGR valve gasket installed?		
5	INSPECT EGR VALVE GASKET MALFUNCTION	Yes	Replace the EGR valve gasket, then next step.
Ũ	 Inspect if there is any crack or damage on the 	No	Go to the next step.
	EGR valve gasket?	NO	do to the next step.
6	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0402	Yes	Go to the next step.
	COMPLETED	No	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	Make sure to reconnect all disconnected		
	connectors.Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2.		
	 Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using 		
	the WDS or equivalent.		
	 Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 		
	(See F2-39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)		
	Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present?	N.	On the the combined in DTO is an action
7		Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2–40 DTC TABLE.)
	Are any DTCs present?	No	Troubleshooting completed.
		INU	

DTC P0404

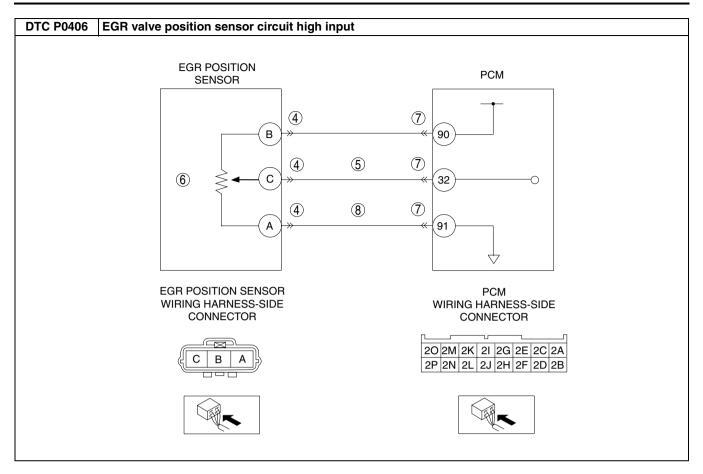
DTC P0404	EGR valve stuck
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the input signal from the EGR valve position sensor while the EGR system is operating. If the output voltage difference is less than threshold when the EGR flow amount changes, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the EGR valve. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in two consecutive drive cycles or in one drive cycle while the DTC for the same malfunction has been stored in the PCM. PENDING CODE is available if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition during the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	EGR valve malfunction

Diagnostic procedure

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION	
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.	
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.	
2	 VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY Verify related service repair information availability. 	Yes No	 Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information. If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step. Go to the next step. 	
3	Is any related repair information available? VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Co to the pout stop	
5	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Perform the Drive Mode. (See F2-39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step. Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".	
4	INSPECT EGR VALVE	Yes	Replace the EGR valve, then go to Step the next step.	
	Inspect the EGR valve.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.	
5	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0404	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.	
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. (See F2-39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.	
6	VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDUREAre any DTCs present?	Yes	(See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)	
		No	DTC troubleshooting completed.	

DTC P0406

DTC P0406	EGR valve position sensor circuit high input
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the input signal from the EGR valve position sensor. If the voltage from the EGR valve position sensor is more than 4.75 V, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the EGR valve position sensor circuit. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 EGR valve position sensor malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction Short to power supply in wiring harness between EGR valve position sensor terminal C and PCM terminal 32 Open circuit in wiring harness between EGR valve position sensor terminal A and PCM terminal 91 PCM malfunction



Diagnostic procedure

2 VI 2 VI 3 VI 3 VI 4 IN 5 IN 5 IN 6 IN 7 IN 0 0 7 IN 0 0	 VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN RECORDED Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded? VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY Verify related service repair information availability. Is any related repair information available? VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the EGR valve position sensor connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between EGR valve position sensor 	Yes No Yes No Yes No	Go to the next step. Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step. Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information. • If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step. Go to the next step. Go to the next step. Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING". Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9. Go to the next step. Go to the next step. Go to the next step. Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING". Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9. Go to the next step. Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to power supply, then go to Step 9. Go to the next step.
2 VI A 3 VI C 0 1 3 VI C 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	 Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded? VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY Verify related service repair information availability. Is any related repair information available? VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the EGR valve position sensor connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between EGR valve 	Yes No Yes No Yes	then go to the next step. Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information. • If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step. Go to the next step. Go to the next step. Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING". Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9. Go to the next step. Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9. Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to power supply, then go to Step 9.
2 VI A • • 3 VI C • • • • • • • • • • • • •	 VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY Verify related service repair information availability. Is any related repair information available? VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the EGR valve position sensor connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between EGR valve 	No Yes No Yes No	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information. • If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step. Go to the next step. Go to the next step. Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING". Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9. Go to the next step.
A 3 VI 3 VI 4 IN 5 IN 5 IN 6 IN 7 IN 0 0 0 0 0 0 10 0 11 0 12 0 13 0 14 10 15 10 16 10 17 10 10 0 10 0 10 0 11 0 12 0 13 0 14 10 15 10 16 10 17 10 10 0 10 0 10 0 10 0 10 0 10 0 11 0 12 0 13 0 14 10 15 10 16 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	 AVAILABILITY Verify related service repair information availability. Is any related repair information available? VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the EGR valve position sensor connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between EGR valve 	No Yes No Yes No	repair information. If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step. Go to the next step. Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING". Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9. Go to the next step. Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to power supply, then go to Step 9.
3 VI C C C C C C C C C C C C C	 Verify related service repair information availability. Is any related repair information available? VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the EGR valve position sensor connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between EGR valve 	Yes No Yes No	If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step. Go to the next step. Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING". Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9. Go to the next step. Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to power supply, then go to Step 9.
3 VI Cu • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	 availability. Is any related repair information available? VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the EGR valve position sensor connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between EGR valve 	Yes No Yes No	Go to the next step. Go to the next step. Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING". Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9. Go to the next step. Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to power supply, then go to Step 9.
3 VI Cu • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	 availability. Is any related repair information available? VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the EGR valve position sensor connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between EGR valve 	Yes No Yes No	Go to the next step. Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING". Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9. Go to the next step. Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to power supply, then go to Step 9.
3 VI C - - - - - - - - - - - - -	 VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the EGR valve position sensor connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between EGR valve 	No Yes No Yes	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING". Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9. Go to the next step. Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to power supply, then go to Step 9.
4 IN 4 IN 5 IN 5 IN 6 IN • •	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the EGR valve position sensor connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between EGR valve 	No Yes No Yes	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING". Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9. Go to the next step. Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to power supply, then go to Step 9.
4 IN 4 IN C - - - - - - - - - - - - -	 Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR CONNECTION FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the EGR valve position sensor connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between EGR valve 	Yes No Yes	Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING". Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9. Go to the next step. Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to power supply, then go to Step 9.
4 IN C • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	 Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the EGR valve position sensor connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between EGR valve 	No Yes	TROUBLESHOOTING". Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9. Go to the next step. Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to power supply, then go to Step 9.
4 IN C • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	 the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the EGR valve position sensor connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between EGR valve 	No Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9. Go to the next step. Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to power supply, then go to Step 9.
4 IN Cu • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	 Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the EGR valve position sensor connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between EGR valve 	No Yes	Go to the next step. Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to power supply, then go to Step 9.
4 IN Cu • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	 Is the same DTC present? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the EGR valve position sensor connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between EGR valve 	No Yes	Go to the next step. Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to power supply, then go to Step 9.
5 IN 5 IN 5 SI 6 IN 6 IN 6 IN 6	 INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the EGR valve position sensor connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between EGR valve 	No Yes	Go to the next step. Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to power supply, then go to Step 9.
5 IN 5 IN 5 SI 6 IN 6 IN 6 IN 6	 CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the EGR valve position sensor connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between EGR valve 	No Yes	Go to the next step. Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to power supply, then go to Step 9.
5 IN SI SI 6 IN 6 IN 6	 Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the EGR valve position sensor connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between EGR valve 	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to power supply, then go to Step 9.
6 IN 7 IN 7 IN 6	 Disconnect the EGR valve position sensor connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between EGR valve 		power supply, then go to Step 9.
5 IN SI SI • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	 connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between EGR valve 		power supply, then go to Step 9.
5 IN SI SI • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	 Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between EGR valve 		power supply, then go to Step 9.
5 IN SI SI • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	 pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between EGR valve 		power supply, then go to Step 9.
5 IN SI SI • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	 Is there any malfunction? INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between EGR valve 		power supply, then go to Step 9.
6 IN 7 IN 6	 SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between EGR valve 		power supply, then go to Step 9.
6 IN 7 IN 0	 SUPPLY Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between EGR valve 		power supply, then go to Step 9.
6 IN • 7 IN C	 Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between EGR valve 	No	Go to the next step.
6 IN 6 IN 0 7 IN C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(Engine off).Measure the voltage between EGR valve		
6 IN • • 7 IN C • •	Measure the voltage between EGR valve		
6 IN • • 7 IN C • •			
6 IN • • 7 IN Cu			
6 IN • • 7 IN Cu	position sensor terminal C (wiring harness-		
6 IN • • 7 IN Cu	side) and body GND.Is the voltage more than 4.75 V?		
7 IN Cu	INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR	Yes	Replace the EGR valve position sensor, then go to Step 9
7 IN C • •	Inspect the EGR valve position sensor.	No	Go to the next step.
C (Is there any malfunction? 	NO	do to the next step.
C (INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 9.
	CONNECTION	No	Go to the next step.
	Turn the engine switch off.		
	 Disconnect the PCM connector. 		
	 Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ 		
	pulled-out pins, corrosion).		
	Is there any malfunction?		-
	INSPECT EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR GND	Yes	Go to the next step.
-		No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible open
•	Turn the engine switch off.Inspect for continuity between EGR valve		circuit, then go to the next step.
•	 Inspect for continuity between EGR valve position sensor terminal A (wiring harness- 		
	side) and PCM terminal 91 (wiring harness-		
	side).		
•	 Is there continuity? 		
9 VI	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0406	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
C	COMPLETED	No	Go to the next step.
•			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	 Make sure to reconnect all disconnected 		
•	connectors.		
	connectors.Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using		
•	connectors.Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent.		
	connectors.Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent.Start the engine.		
	connectors.Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent.Start the engine.Is the same DTC present?	N	
•	connectors.Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent.Start the engine.	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)

DTC P0489	B6E407000400105
DTC P0489	EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) control circuit low input
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the output signal to the EGR solenoid valve (vacuum). If the EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) voltage is low even if the EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) is off, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the intake shutter solenoid valve control circuit. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in two consecutive drive cycles or in one drive cycle while the DTC for the same malfunction has been stored in the PCM. PENDING CODE is available if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition during the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction Open circuit in wiring harness between PCM control relay terminal C and EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) terminal A Open circuit in wiring harness between EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) terminal B and PCM terminal 99 Short to GND in wiring harness between EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) terminal B and PCM terminal 99 PCM malfunction
	IG EGR SOLENOID DE VALVE (VACUUM) PCM

Yes Go to the next step.

ACTION

Diagnostic procedure				
STEP	INSPECTION			
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN			
	RECORDED			
	Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded			
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION			

1		163	do to the next step.
	RECORDED Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded? 	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order,
			then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available
	AVAILABILITY		repair information.
	 Verify related service repair information 		If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.	No	Go to the next step.
	 Is any related repair information available? 		
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT?	No	Intermittent concern exists.
	 Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. 		Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS
	 Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using 		TROUBLESHOOTING".
	the WDS or equivalent.		
	Perform the Drive Mode.		
	(See F2-39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)		
	Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present?		
4	INSPECT EGR SOLENOID VALVE (VACUUM)	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 10.
	CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	No	Go to the next step.
	 Turn the engine switch off. 		
	Disconnect the EGR solenoid valve (vacuum)		
	connector.		
	 Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ nulled out nine, correction) 		
	pulled-out pins, corrosion).Is there any malfunction?		
_	-	V	
5		Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible open
	 Turn the engine switch to the ON position 		circuit or short to GND, then go to Step 10.
	(Engine off).		
	 Measure the voltage between EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) terminal A (wiring harness- 		
	side) and body GND.		
	 Is the voltage B+? 		
6	INSPECT EGR SOLENOID VALVE (VACUUM)	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to
-	CONTROL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GND		GND, then go to Step 10.
	 Turn the engine switch off. 	No	Go to the next step.
	 Inspect for continuity between EGR solenoid 		
	valve (vacuum) terminal B (wiring harness-		
	side) and body GND.		
	 Is there continuity? 		
7	INSPECT EGR SOLENOID VALVE (VACUUM)	Yes	Replace the EGR solenoid valve (vacuum), then go to Step
	 Inspect the EGR solenoid valve (vacuum). 		10.
	Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
8	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 10.
-	CONNECTION	No	Go to the next step.
	Turn the engine switch off.	110	
	 Disconnect the PCM connector. 		
	 Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ 		
	pulled-out pins, corrosion).		
	 Is there any malfunction? 		
9	INSPECT EGR SOLENOID VALVE (VACUUM)	Yes	Go to the next step.
	CONTROL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible open
			circuit, then go to the next step.
	 Turn the engine switch off. 		· • •
	 Inspect for continuity between EGR solenoid 		
	 Inspect for continuity between EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) terminal B (wiring harness- 		
	 Inspect for continuity between EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) terminal B (wiring harness- side) and PCM terminal 99 (wiring harness- 		
	 Inspect for continuity between EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) terminal B (wiring harness- 		

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
10	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0489	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. (See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
11	• Are any DTCs present?	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2–40 DTC TABLE.)
		No	DTC troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0490

DTC P0490	B6E4070004001
DTC P0490	EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) control circuit high input
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the output signal to the EGR solenoid valve (vacuum). If the EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) voltage is high even if the EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) is on, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) control circuit. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in two consecutive drive cycles or in one drive cycle while the DTC for the same malfunction has been stored in the PCM. PENDING CODE is available if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition during the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction Short to power supply in wiring harness between EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) terminal B and PCM terminal 99 PCM malfunction
	EGR SOLENOID

Diagnostic procedure

STEP	INSPECTION	-	ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	 VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY Verify related service repair information 	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information.If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
З	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Perform the Drive Mode. (See F2-39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT EGR SOLENOID VALVE (VACUUM)	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 8.
	 CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ 	No	Go to the next step.
	pulled-out pins, corrosion).Is there any malfunction?		
5	INSPECT EGR SOLENOID VALVE (VACUUM) CONTROL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to power supply, then go to Step 8.
	 Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between EGR solenoid valve (vacuum) terminal B (wiring harness-side) and body GND. Is the voltage B+? 	No	Go to the next step.
6	 INSPECT EGR SOLENOID VALVE (VACUUM) Inspect the EGR solenoid valve (vacuum). 	Yes	Replace the EGR solenoid valve (vacuum), then go to Step 8.
	Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to the next step.
	 CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the PCM connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). 	No	Go to the next step.
	Is there any malfunction?	X	
8	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0490 COMPLETED	Yes No	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step. Go to the next step.
	 Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. (See F2-39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 		
9	VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDUREAre any DTCs present?	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2–40 DTC TABLE.)

DTC P0500

B6E407000500101

DTC P0500	Vehicle speed signal
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the CAN input signal from DSC HU/CM. If the input signal is not correct, the PCM determines that there is a CAN input signal. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in two consecutive drive cycles or in one drive cycle while the DTC for the same malfunction has been stored in the PCM. PENDING CODE is available if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition during the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	DSC HU/CM malfunction PCM malfunction

Diagnostic procedure

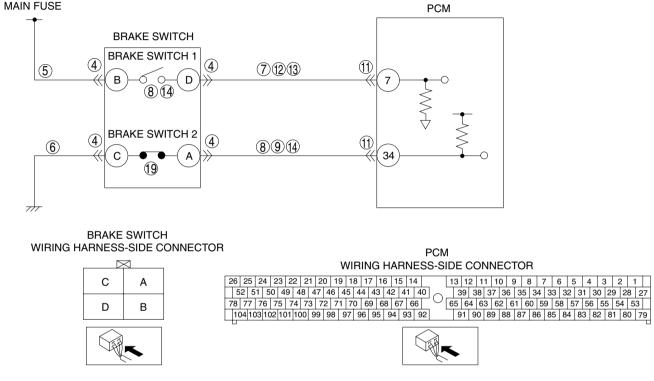
STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	 VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY Verify related service repair information availability. Is any related repair information available? 	Yes No	 Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information. If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step. Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT INPUT SIGNAL STATUS: IS CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? • Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2.	Yes	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
	 Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
4	INSPECT DSC HU/CMInspect the DSC HU/CM.	Yes	Repair or replace the malfunctioning part, then go to the next step.
	 Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
5	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0500	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the PENDING CODE same as the DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
6	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)Are any DTCs present?	No	DTC troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0504

DTC P0504	Brake switch signal correlation malfunction
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the input signal from brake switch 1 and brake switch 2 while the engine is running. The PCM determines the brake switch signal correlation malfunction if the input signal from brake switch 1 brake switch 2 is as follows: Brake switch 1 is on and brake switch 2 is off. Brake switch 1 is off and brake switch 2 is on. Diagnostic support note The MIL does not illuminates. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.

DTC P0504	Brake switch signal correlation malfunction
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 Brake switch malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction Open circuit in wiring harness between main fuse and brake switch terminal B Open circuit in wiring harness between brake switch terminal D and PCM terminal 7 Short to power circuit in wiring harness between brake switch terminal D and PCM terminal 7 Open circuit in wiring harness between brake switch terminal C and GND Short to GND in wiring harness between brake switch terminal A and PCM terminal 34 Open circuit in wiring harness between brake switch terminal A and PCM terminal 34 Short to GND in wiring harness between brake switch terminal A and PCM terminal 34 Short to GND in wiring harness between brake switch terminal D and PCM terminal 34 Short to power circuit in wiring harness between brake switch terminal D and PCM terminal 34 PCM malfunction

MAIN FUSE



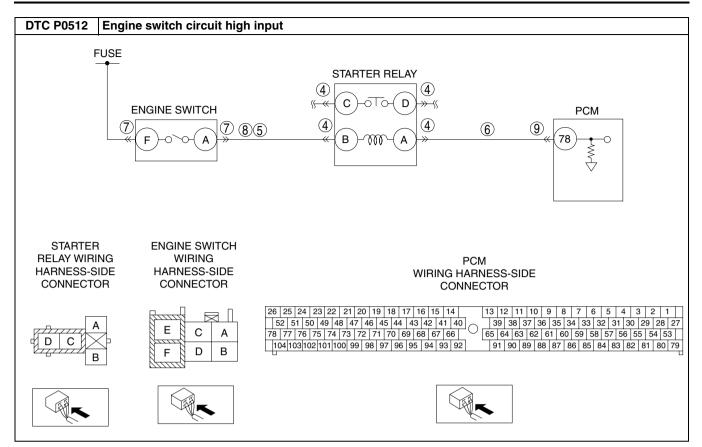
Diagnostic procedure

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDED Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded? 	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available Service Information.
	Check for related Service Information availability.	No	If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step. Go to the next step.
-	Is any related repair information available?		
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT BRAKE SWITCH CONNECTOR FOR	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, go to Step 15.
	 POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT BRAKE SWITCH 1 POWER SUPPLY	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CIRCUIT FOR OPEN Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Inspect the voltage between brake switch terminal B and body GND. Is the voltage B+? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open, go to Step 15.
6	INSPECT BRAKE SWITCH 2 GND CIRCUIT FOR	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 OPEN Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between brake switch terminal C and body GND. Is there continuity? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open, go to Step 15.
7	INSPECT BRAKE SWITCH 1 SIGNAL CIRCUIT	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 FOR SHORT TO POWER Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Inspect the voltage between brake switch terminal D and body GND. Is the voltage less than 1.0 V? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to power supply, go to Step 15.
8	INSPECT BRAKE SWITCH 2 SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, go to Step 15.
	 Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Inspect the voltage between brake switch terminal A and body GND. Is the voltage less than 1.0 V? 	No	Go to the next step.
9	INSPECT BRAKE SWITCH 2 SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GND	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to GND, go to Step 15.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between brake switch terminal A and body GND. Is there continuity? 	No	Go to the next step.
10	INSPECT BRAKE SWITCH	Yes	Replace the brake switch, go to Step 15.
	Inspect brake switch.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
11	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, go to Step 15.
	 CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
12	INSPECT BRAKE SWITCH 1 SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GND	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to GND, go to Step 15.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between brake switch terminal D and body GND. Is there continuity? 	No	Go to the next step.
13	INSPECT BRAKE SWITCH 1 SIGNAL CIRCUIT	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 FOR OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between brake switch terminal D and PCM terminal 7. Is there continuity? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, go to Step 15.
14	INSPECT BRAKE SWITCH 2 SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to power supply, go to the next step.
	 Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Inspect the voltage between brake switch terminal D and body GND. Is the voltage B+? 	No	Go to the next step.
15	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0504	Yes	Replace the PCM, go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Depress and release the brake pedal for 10 times. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
16	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2–40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) • Are any DTCs present?	No	Troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0512

DTC P0512	Engine switch circuit high input			
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the engine speed and the starter signal. If the engine speed is more than 700 rpm and the starter switch ON signal is input, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the starter switch circuit. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory. 			
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 Engine switch malfunction Starter relay malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction Short to power supply in wiring harness between starter relay terminal A and PCM terminal 78 Short to power supply in wiring harness between engine switch terminal A and starter relay terminal B PCM malfunction 			



Diagnostic procedure

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDED	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order,
	Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?		then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available
	AVAILABILITY		repair information.
	 Verify related service repair information 		• If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.	No	Go to the next step.
	Is any related repair information available?		
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT?	No	Intermittent concern exists.
	 Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. 		Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS
			TROUBLESHOOTING".
	 Is the same DTC present? 		
4	INSPECT STARTER RELAY CONNECTOR FOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 10.
	POOR CONNECTION	No	Go to the next step.
	 Turn the engine switch off. 	110	
	 Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ 		
	pulled-out terminals, corrosion).		
	Is there any malfunction?		
5	DETERMINE IF MALFUNCTION IS IN ENGINE	Yes	Go to Step 7.
	SWITCH SIDE OR STARTER RELAY SIDE	No	Go to the next step.
	 Turn the engine switch to the ON position 		
	(Engine off).Measure the voltage between starter relay		
	terminal B and body GND.		
	 Is the voltage B+? 		
6	DETERMINE IF MALFUNCTION IS IN STARTER	Yes	Go to Step 9.
-	RELAY OR PCM SIDE	No	Inspect the starter relay, then go to Step 10.
	 Turn the engine switch to the ON position 	110	hopeor the starter relay, then go to stop rel
	(Engine off).		
	Measure the voltage between starter relay		
	terminal A and body GND.		
7	Is the voltage B+?	Vee	Densir as replace the terminal, then as to Stan 10
7	INSPECT ENGINE SWITCH CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 10.
	Turn the engine switch off.	No	Go to the next step.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ 		
	pulled-out terminals, corrosion).		
	 Is there any malfunction? 		
8	INSPECT ENGINE SWITCH SIGNAL CIRCUIT	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to power
	FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY		supply, then go to Step 10.
	 Turn the engine switch to the ON position 	No	Inspect engine switch, then go to Step 10.
	(Engine off).		
	Measure the voltage between engine switch		
	terminal A and body GND.		
	Is the voltage B+?		
0	Is the voltage B+?	Voc	Repair or replace the terminal, then do to the payt stop
9	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to the next step.
9	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	Yes No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to power
9	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION • Turn the engine switch off.		Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to power supply between starter relay terminal A and PCM terminal
9	 INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). 		Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to power
9	 INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ 		Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to power supply between starter relay terminal A and PCM terminal
9	 INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). 		Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to power supply between starter relay terminal A and PCM terminal
_	 INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to power supply between starter relay terminal A and PCM terminal 78, then go to the next step. Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
_	 INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0512 	No Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to power supply between starter relay terminal A and PCM terminal 78, then go to the next step.
_	 INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0512 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. 	No Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to power supply between starter relay terminal A and PCM terminal 78, then go to the next step. Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
_	 INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0512 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using 	No Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to power supply between starter relay terminal A and PCM terminal 78, then go to the next step. Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
_	 INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0512 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. 	No Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to power supply between starter relay terminal A and PCM terminal 78, then go to the next step. Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
11	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2–40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) • Is there any DTC present?	No	Troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0562

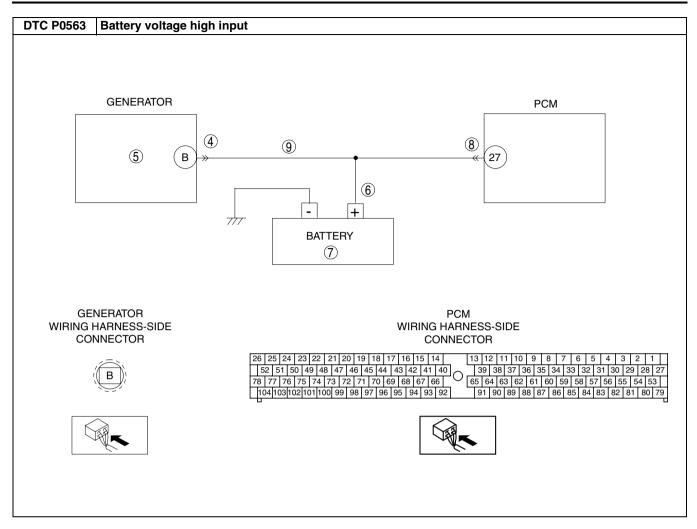
	B6E40700050010
DTC P0562	Battery voltage low input
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the battery voltage. If the battery voltage is less than 8 V, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the battery and the battery signal system. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 Generator malfunction Terminal malfunction PCM malfunction
	GENERATOR PCM
	5 B B T BATTERY BATTERY
WIRING	PCM HARNESS-SIDE DNNECTOR PCM WIRING HARNESS-SIDE CONNECTOR 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 Image: Second Secon

Diagnostic procedure

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	 VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY Verify related service repair information availability. Is any related repair information available? 	Yes No	 Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information. If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step. Go to the next step.
3	 VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	Yes No	Go to the next step. Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	 INSPECT GENERATOR TERMINAL FOR POOR INSTALLATION Turn the engine switch off. Inspect generator terminal B for looseness. Is there any malfunction? 	Yes No	Connect generator terminal B correctly, then go to Step 6. Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT GENERATOR Inspect the generator.	Yes No	Replace the generator, then go to the next step. Go to the next step.
6	Is there any malfunction? VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0562	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
7	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) • Are any DTCs present?	No	DTC troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0563

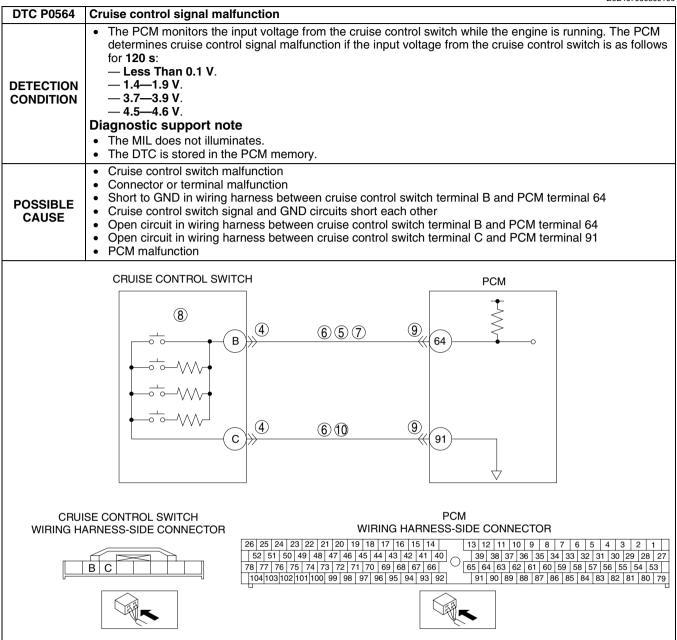
DTC P0563	Battery voltage high input			
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the battery voltage. If the battery voltage is more than 16 V, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the battery charging system. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory. 			
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 Generator malfunction Battery malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction Open circuit in wiring harness between battery positive terminal, generator terminal B and PCM terminal 27 PCM malfunction 			



Diagnostic procedure

STEP	ostic procedure INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	 VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY Verify related service repair information 	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information.If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT GENERATOR TERMINAL FOR POOR	Yes	Connect generator terminal B correctly, then go to Step 10.
	 INSTALLATION Turn the engine switch off. Inspect generator terminal B for looseness. Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT GENERATOR	Yes	Replace the generator, then go to Step 10.
	Inspect the generator.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT BATTERY POSITIVE TERMINAL FOR POOR INSTALLATION	Yes	Connect the battery positive terminal correctly, then go to Step 10.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect the battery positive terminal for looseness. Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT BATTERY	Yes	Replace the battery, then go to Step 10.
	Inspect the battery.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
8	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 6.
	 CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
9	INSPECT CHARGING CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible open circuit, then go to the next step.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between generator terminal B (wiring harness-side), PCM terminal 27 and the battery positive terminal (wiring harness-side). Is there continuity? 	No	Go to the next step.
10	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0563	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
10	• Make sure to reconnect all disconnected	No	Go to the next step.
	 connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 		
11	VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode.	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)Are any DTCs present?	No	DTC troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0564



STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	
	 RECORDED Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded? 	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available Service Information.
	Verify related Service Information availability.		• If vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT CRUISE CONTROL SWITCH	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, go to Step 11.
	 CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT CRUISE CONTROL SWITCH SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GND	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to GND, go to Step 11.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between cruise control switch terminal B and body GND. Is there continuity? 	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT CRUISE CONTROL SWITCH WIRING HARNESSES FOR SHORT WITH EACH OTHER	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short with each other, go to Step 11.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between cruise control switch terminals B and C. Is there continuity? 	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT CRUISE CONTROL SWITCH SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, go to Step 11.
	 Turn the engine switch to the ON position. (Engine off) Inspect the voltage at cruise control switch terminal B (harness side). Is the voltage below 1.0 V? 	No	Go to the next step.
8	INSPECT CRUISE CONTROL SWITCH	Yes	Replace the cruise control switch, go to Step 11.
	Inspect the cruise control switch.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
9	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, go to Step 11.
	 CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
10	INSPECT CRUISE CONTROL SWITCH GND	Yes	
	 CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between cruise control switch terminal C and PCM terminal 91. Is there continuity? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, go to the next step.
11	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0564	Yes	Replace the PCM, go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine and idle it for 120 s or more. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
12	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) • Are any DTCs present?	No	Troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0602

B6E407000600101

DTC P0602	PCM programming error
	 No configuration data in PCM Note If "PCM CONFIGURATION" is successful, the PCM stored DTC P0602 and illuminates the MIL (System i s normal). Clear the DTC P0602 using WDS or equivalent after "PCM CONFIGURATION". MIL goes off after three drive cycles with no failure (DTCs remain in PCM).
	 Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	Complete configuration has not been completed.PCM malfunction

Diagnostic procedure

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT?	Yes	Perform "PCM Configuration Procedure", then go to the next step.
	 Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
2	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0602	Yes	Replace PCM, go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
3	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform "After Repair Procedure". 	Yes	(See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
	Are any DTCs present?	No	Troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0606

B6E407000600102

DTC P0606	PCM malfunction	
DETECTION CONDITION	 PCM does not read DTC from output devices. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory. 	
POSSIBLE CAUSE	P P M internal maltunction	

Diagnostic procedure

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	-	-	Replace PCM.

DTC P0610

DTC P0610	Control module vehicle options error
DETECTION CONDITION	 PCM data configuration error Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 Configuration procedure has not been completed PCM malfunction

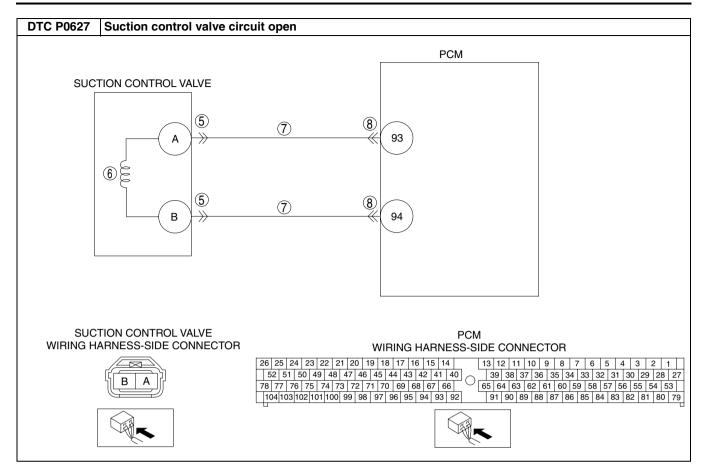
Diagnostic procedure

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT?	Yes	Perform "PCM Configuration Procedure", then go to the next step.
	 Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
2	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0610	Yes	Replace the PCM, go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform "After Repair Procedure".	Yes	Go to applicable DTC inspection. (See F2–40 DTC TABLE.)
	Are any DTCs present?	No	Troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0627

B6E407000600104

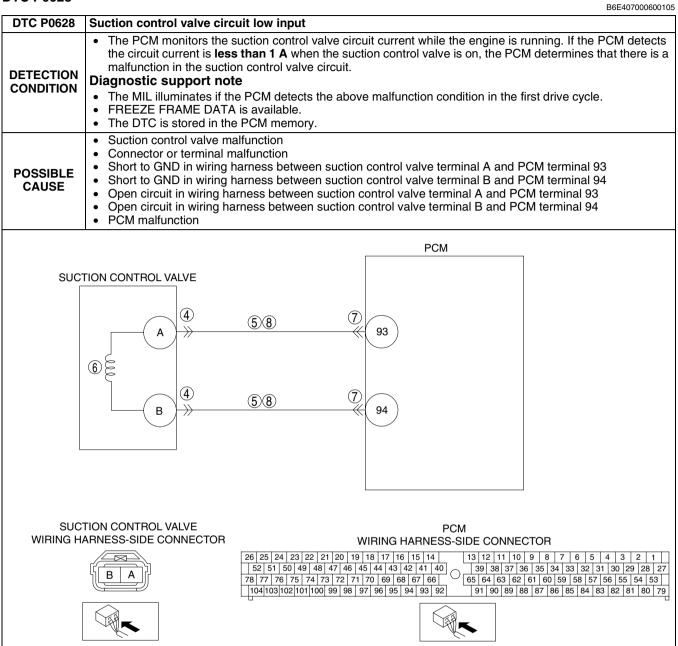
DTC P0627	Suction control valve circuit open
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the suction control valve operation circuit signal frequency at PCM terminal 94. If the difference between the suction control valve operation frequency at PCM terminal 93 and the monitored suction control valve operation circuit signal frequency at PCM terminal 94 exceeds the threshold, the PCM determines that suction control valve open circuit. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 Suction control valve malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction Short circuit in wiring harness between suction control valve terminal A and B PCM malfunction



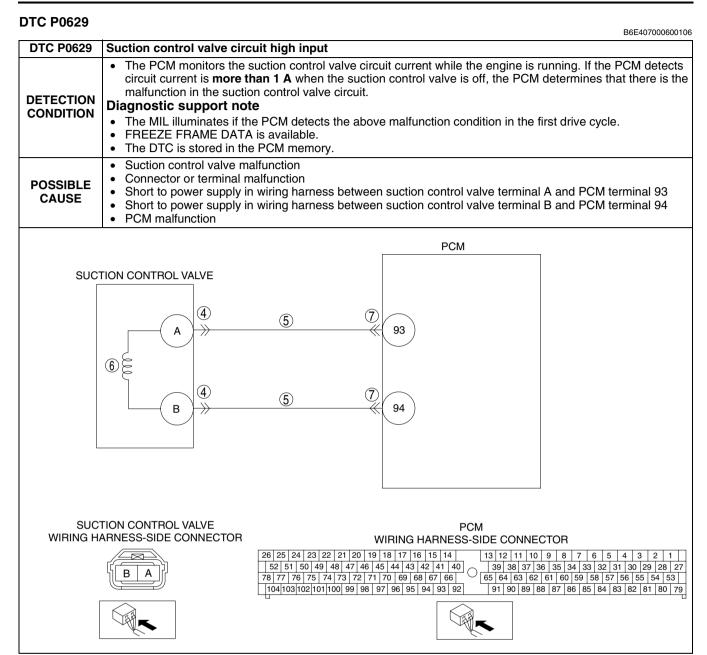
Diagnostic procedure

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN RECORDED	Yes No	Go to the next step. Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order,
	Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	-	then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY • Verify related Service Bulletins and/or on-line	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information.If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	repair information availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	IDENTIFY TRIGGER DTC FOR FREEZE FRAME	Yes	Go to the next step.
·	• Is DTC P0627 on the FREEZE FRAME DATA?	No	Go to the troubleshooting procedures for the DTC in the FREEZE FRAME DATA.
5	INSPECT SUCTION CONTROL VALVE CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, then go to Step 9.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT SUCTION CONTROL VALVE	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Inspect the suction control valve.Is the suction control valve normal?	No	Replace the supply pump, then go to Step 9.
7	INSPECT SUCTION CONTROL VALVE FOR	Yes	Repair or replace for a short, then go to Step 9.
	 SHORT CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the PCM and the suction control valve connectors. Inspect for continuity between suction control valve terminal A and B while slightly shaking each connectors and harnesses between the suction control valve and the PCM (including short wiring harness). Is there continuity? 	No	Go to the next step.
8	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, then go to the next step.
	 Turn the engine switch to off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
9	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF MISFIRE DTC	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
10	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC troubleshooting. (See F2–40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) • Are any DTCs present?	No	Troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0628



STEP	INSPECTION	-	ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 RECORDED Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded? 	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available Service Information.
	Verify related Service Information availability.		• If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT POOR CONNECTION OF SUCTION	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, go to Step 9.
	 CONTROL VALVE CONNECTOR Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT SUCTION CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT FOR A SHORT TO GND	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to GND, go to Step 9.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between the following terminals and body GND: Suction control valve terminal A and body GND. Suction control valve terminal B and body GND. Is there continuity? 	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT SUCTION CONTROL VALVE	Yes	Repair the supply pump, go to Step 9.
	Inspect the suction control valve.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	Yes No	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, go to Step 9. Go to the next step.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 		
8	INSPECT SUCTION CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 FOR OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between the following terminals: Suction control valve terminal A and PCM terminal 93. Suction control valve terminal B and PCM terminal 94. 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, go to the next step.
	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0628	Yes	Replace the PCM, go to the next step.
9			Go to the next step.
9	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	
9	 Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. 	No Yes No	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.) Troubleshooting completed.



STEP	ostic procedure INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDED	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order,
	Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?		then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available
	 AVAILABILITY Verify related Service Information availability. Is any related repair information available? 		Service Information.If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
		No	
		No	Go to the next step.
3	 VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using 	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS
			TROUBLESHOOTING".
	the WDS or equivalent.		
	Start the engine.		
4	Is the same DTC present?	V	
4	INSPECT SUCTION CONTROL VALVE CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, go to Step 8.
	Turn the engine switch off.	No	Go to the next step.
	 Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ 		
	pulled-out terminals, corrosion).		
	Is there any malfunction?		
5	INSPECT SUCTION CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT	Yes	Go to the next step.
	FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to powe
	 Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). 		supply, go to Step 8.
	 Inspected the voltage between the following 		
	terminals and body GND:		
	— Suction control valve terminal A and body		
	GND. — Suction control valve terminal B and body		
	GND.		
	 Is the voltage below 1.0 V? 		
6	INSPECT SUCTION CONTROL VALVE	Yes	Repair the supply pump, go to Step 8.
	Inspect the suction control valve.	No	Go to the next step.
	Is there any malfunction?		
7	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION • Turn the engine switch off.	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, go to Step 8.
		No	Go to the next step.
	 Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ 		

Yes

No

Yes

No

Replace the PCM, go to the next step.

Go to the applicable DTC inspection.

(See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)

Troubleshooting completed.

Go to the next step.

pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction?

Is the same DTC present?

Are any DTCs present?

VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0629

Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode.

• Make sure to reconnect all disconnected

VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE

(See F2-39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)

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COMPLETED

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connectors. Start the engine.

DTC P0661	B6E407000600107
DTC P0661	Intake shutter solenoid valve (half) circuit low input
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the output signal to the intake shutter solenoid valve (half) when the intake shutter solenoid valve (half) is off. If the intake shutter solenoid valve (half) voltage is less than 7.8 V when the intake shutter solenoid valve (half) off, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the intake shutter solenoid valve control circuit. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in two consecutive drive cycles or in one drive cycle while the DTC for the same malfunction has been stored in the PCM. PENDING CODE is available if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition during the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 Intake shutter solenoid valve malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction Short to GND in wiring harness between intake shutter solenoid valve (half) terminal B and PCM terminal 74 Open circuit in wiring harness between intake shutter solenoid valve (half) terminal A and PCM control relay terminal C Open circuit in wiring harness between intake shutter solenoid valve (half) terminal B and PCM terminal 74
	PCM NTAKE SHUTTER SOLENOID VALVE (FULL) PCM CONTROL RELAY TERMINAL C (FULL) (FU
SOLEN WIRING	AKE SHUTTER OID VALVE (FULL) PCM G HARNESS-SIDE WIRING HARNESS-SIDE CONNECTOR CONNECTOR
[26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 52 51 50 49 48 47 46 45 44 43 42 41 40 39 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 78 77 76 75 74 73 72 71 70 69 68 67 66 64 63 62 61 60 59 58 57 56 55 54 53 104 102 101 100 99 98 97 96 95 94 93 92 91 90 88 87 86 85 84 83 82 81 80 79 104 103 102 101 100 99 98 97

Diagnostic procedure

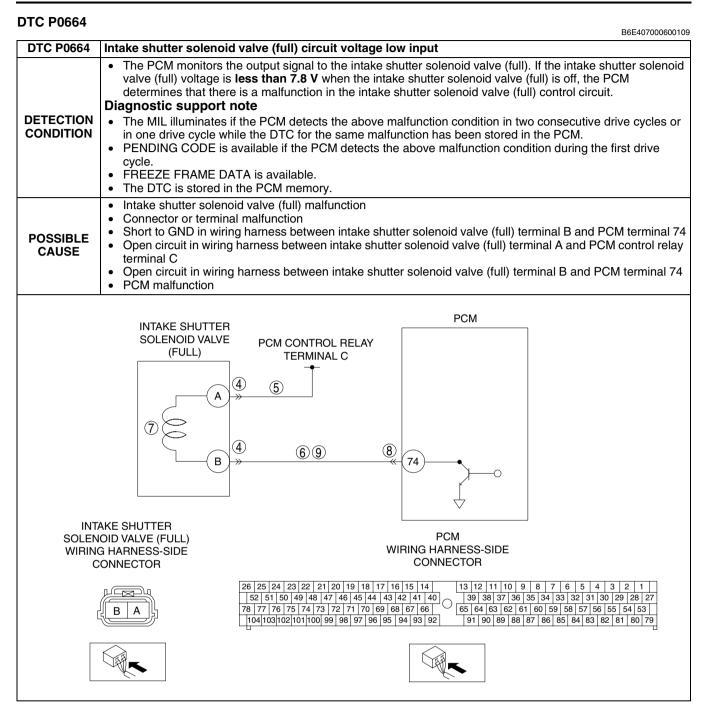
STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN		Go to the next step.
	 RECORDED Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded? 	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information.
	 Verify related service repair information availability. 	No	• If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	 Is any related repair information available? 	NO	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT INTAKE SHUTTER SOLENOID VALVE	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 (HALF) CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch to the ON position. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is the voltage B+? 	No	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 10.
5	INSPECT INTAKE SHUTTER SOLENOID VALVE	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 (HALF) POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Measure the voltage at intake shutter solenoid valve (half) terminal A. Is the voltage B+? 	No	Repair or replace wiring harness for an open circuit, then go to the next step.
6	 INSPECT INTAKE SHUTTER SOLENOID VALVE (HALF) CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GND Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between Intake shutter solenoid valve (half) terminal B and GND. Is there continuity? 	Yes	Repair or replace wiring harness for a short to GND, then go to Step 10.
		No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT INTAKE SHUTTER SOLENOID VALVE (HALF)	Yes	Replace the intake shutter solenoid valve, then go to Step 10.
	Inspect the intake shutter solenoid valve (half).Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
8	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 10.
	 CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
9	INSPECT INTAKE SHUTTER SOLENOID VALVE	Yes	
	 CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between intake shutter solenoid valve (half) terminal B and PCM terminal 74. Is there continuity? 	No	Repair or replace wiring harness for an open circuit, then go to the next step.
10	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0661	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
11	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2–40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) • Are any DTCs present?	No	Troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0662

DTC P0662	B6E407000600108				
DTC P0662	Intake shutter solenoid valve (half) circuit high input				
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the output signal to the intake shutter solenoid valve (half) when the intake shutter solenoid valve (half) is on. If the intake shutter solenoid valve (half) voltage is more than 7.8 V when the intake shutter solenoid valve (half) on, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the intake shutter solenoid valve (half) control circuit. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in two consecutive drive cycles or in one drive cycle while the DTC for the same malfunction has been stored in the PCM. PENDING CODE is available if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition during the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory. 				
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 Intake shutter solenoid valve (half) malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction Short to power circuit in wiring between intake shutter solenoid valve (half) terminal B and PCM terminal 74 PCM malfunction 				
	INTAKE SHUTTER SOLENOID VALVE (FULL) PCM CONTROL RELAY TERMINAL C (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A)				
SOLEI	TAKE SHUTTER NOID VALVE (FULL) PCM IG HARNESS-SIDE WIRING HARNESS-SIDE CONNECTOR CONNECTOR				
	26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 52 51 50 49 48 47 46 45 44 43 42 41 40 39 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 78 77 76 75 74 73 72 71 70 69 68 67 66 64 63 62 61 60 59 58 57 56 55 54 53 14 104 104 103 102 101 100 99 98 97 96 95 94 93 92 91 90 88 87 86 85 84 83 82 81 80 79 104 103 102 101 100				

Diagnostic	procedure
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STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY • Verify related service repair information	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information. • If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT INTAKE SHUTTER SOLENOID VALVE	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 8.
	(HALF) CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	No	Go to the next step.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 		
5	INSPECT INTAKE SHUTTER SOLENOID VALVE (HALF) CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to power supply, then go to Step 8.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect the voltage between intake shutter solenoid valve (half) terminal B and body GND. Is the voltage B+? 	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT INTAKE SHUTTER SOLENOID VALVE (HALF)	Yes	Replace the intake shutter solenoid valve, then go to Step 8.
	Inspect the intake shutter solenoid valve (half).Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to the next step.
	 CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
8	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0662	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
9	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. (See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
	 Are any DTCs present? 	No	Troubleshooting completed.



Diagnostic procedure

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDED	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order,
	Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?		then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY	Yes	repair information.
	 Verify related service repair information 		• If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT INTAKE SHUTTER SOLENOID VALVE	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 (FULL) CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch to the ON position. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is the voltage B+? 	No	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 10.
5	INSPECT INTAKE SHUTTER SOLENOID VALVE	Yes	Go to the next step.
	(FULL) POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR OPEN	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit,
	 CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Measure the voltage at intake shutter solenoid valve (full) terminal A. Is the voltage B+? 		then go to the next step.
6	INSPECT INTAKE SHUTTER SOLENOID VALVE	Yes	Repair or replace wiring harness for a short to GND, then
	(FULL) CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GND		go to Step 10.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between Intake shutter solenoid valve (full) terminal B and GND. Is there continuity? 	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT INTAKE SHUTTER SOLENOID VALVE (FULL)	Yes	Replace the intake shutter solenoid valve, then go to Step 10.
	Inspect the intake shutter solenoid valve (full).Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
8	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 10.
	 CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
9	INSPECT INTAKE SHUTTER SOLENOID VALVE	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 (FULL) CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between intake shutter solenoid valve terminal B and PCM terminal 74. Is there continuity? 	No	Repair or replace wiring harness for an open circuit, then go to the next step.
10	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0664	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
-	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
11	VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection.
	 Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. (See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) 	NI	(See F2–40 DTC TABLE.) Troubleshooting completed.
		No	

DTC P0665

	B6E407000600110	
DTC P0665	Intake shutter solenoid valve (full) circuit voltage high input	
 The PCM monitors the output signal to the intake shutter solenoid valve (full) when intake shutter solenoid valve (full) is on. If the intake shutter solenoid valve (full) voltage is more than 7.8 V when the intake shutter solenoid valve (full) is on, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the intake shutter solenoid valve (full) control circuit. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in two consecutive drive cycles or in one drive cycle while the DTC for the same malfunction has been stored in the PCM. PENDING CODE is available if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition during the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory. 		
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 Intake shutter solenoid valve (full) malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction Short to power circuit in wiring harness between intake shutter solenoid valve (full) terminal B and PCM terminal 74 PCM malfunction 	
	INTAKE SHUTTER PCM	
	SOLENOID VALVE (FULL)	
SOLEI	TAKE SHUTTER NOID VALVE (FULL) PCM IG HARNESS-SIDE WIRING HARNESS-SIDE CONNECTOR CONNECTOR	
	26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 13 12 11 10 9 8 3 32 1 13 12 11 10 9 8 13 12 11 10 9 8 13 12	

Diagnostic	procedure
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STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY • Verify related service repair information	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information.If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT INTAKE SHUTTER SOLENOID VALVE	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 8.
	(FULL) CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	No	Go to the next step.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 		
5	INSPECT INTAKE SHUTTER SOLENOID VALVE (FULL) CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER	Yes	Repair or replace wiring harness for a short to power supply, then go to Step 8.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect the voltage between intake shutter solenoid valve (full) terminal B and body GND. Is the voltage B+? 	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT INTAKE SHUTTER SOLENOID VALVE (FULL)	Yes	Replace the intake shutter solenoid valve, then go to Step 8.
	Inspect the intake shutter solenoid valve (full).Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to the next step.
	 CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
8	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0665	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
9	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. (See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
	 Are any DTCs present? 	No	Troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0704	B6E407000700101				
DTC P0704	Clutch switch circuit malfunction				
 The PCM monitors input voltage from the clutch pedal position switch while the engine running. If the input voltage from the clutch pedal position switch does not change when the vehicle stops after accelerating to more than 30 km/h {18.6 mph} and decelerating to 0 km/h {0 mph}, the PCM determines that the clutch pedal position switch circuit has a malfunction. DETECTION CONDITION The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in two consecutive drive cycles or in one drive cycle while the DTC for the same malfunction has been stored in the PCM. PENDING CODE is available if the PCM detects the above malfunctioning condition. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory. 					
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 Clutch switch malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction SIBLE Short to GND in wiring harness between clutch pedal position switch terminal B and PCM terminal 33 				
PEDAL POSITIC SWITC					
$\begin{array}{c} \text{CLUTCH PEDAL POSITION SWITCH} \\ \text{WIRING HARNESS-SIDE CONNECTOR} \\ \hline \\ $					

TEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	• Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY	Yes	Perform repair or diagnostic according to the available repair information. • If the vehicle is not repaired, then go to the next step
	 Verify related Service Bulletins and/or on-line repair information availability. Is any related repair information available? 	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT INPUT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT CLUTCH PEDAL POSITION SWITCH CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, then go to Ste 10.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect the clutch pedal position switch connector for poor connection (such as damaged/pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT CLUTCH PEDAL POSITION SWITCH SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, then go to Ste 10.
	 Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Inspect the voltage at clutch pedal position switch terminal B (wiring harness-side). Is the voltage below 1.0 V? 	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT CLUTCH PEDAL POSITION SWITCH	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 GND FOR OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect continuity between clutch pedal position switch terminal D (wiring harness-side) and body GND. Is there continuity? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, then go to Step 10.
7	 INSPECT CLUTCH PEDAL POSITION SWITCH Inspect the clutch pedal position switch. 	Yes	Replace the clutch pedal position switch, then go to Step 10.
	Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
8	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	Yes	Repair or replace the clutch pedal position switch, then to Step 10.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect the PCM connector for poor connection (such as damaged/pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
9	INSPECT CLUTCH PEDAL POSITION SWITCH	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect continuity between clutch pedal position switch terminal B (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 33 (wiring harness-side). Is there continuity? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, then go to the next step.
10	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0704	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
11	• Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode.	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) • Are any DTCs present?	No	Troubleshooting completed.

DTC P0850

B6E407000800101 **DTC P0850** Neutral switch circuit malfunction The PCM monitors the input signal from the neutral switch when shifting. If the neutral switch signal is not input even once even when vehicle speed is more than 10 km/h {6.2 mph} the shift lever is operated more than five times, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the neutral switch circuit. Diagnostic support note DETECTION The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in two consecutive drive cycles or CONDITION in one drive cycle while the DTC for the same malfunction has been stored in the PCM. PENDING CODE is available if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition. • FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. • The DTC is stored in the PCM memory. . Neutral switch malfunction • Connector or terminal malfunction . POSSIBLE Short to GND in wiring harness between neutral switch terminal A and PCM terminal 56 CAUSE Open circuit in wiring harness between neutral switch terminal B and GND • • Open circuit in wiring harness between neutral switch terminal A and PCM terminal 56 PCM malfunction PCM NEUTRAL SWITCH 8 (4) **(5)(9)** 56 А (7)(4) (6) В 7/7 NEUTRAL SWITCH PCM WIRING HARNESS-SIDE WIRING HARNESS-SIDE CONNECTOR CONNECTOR 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 4<u>×</u>
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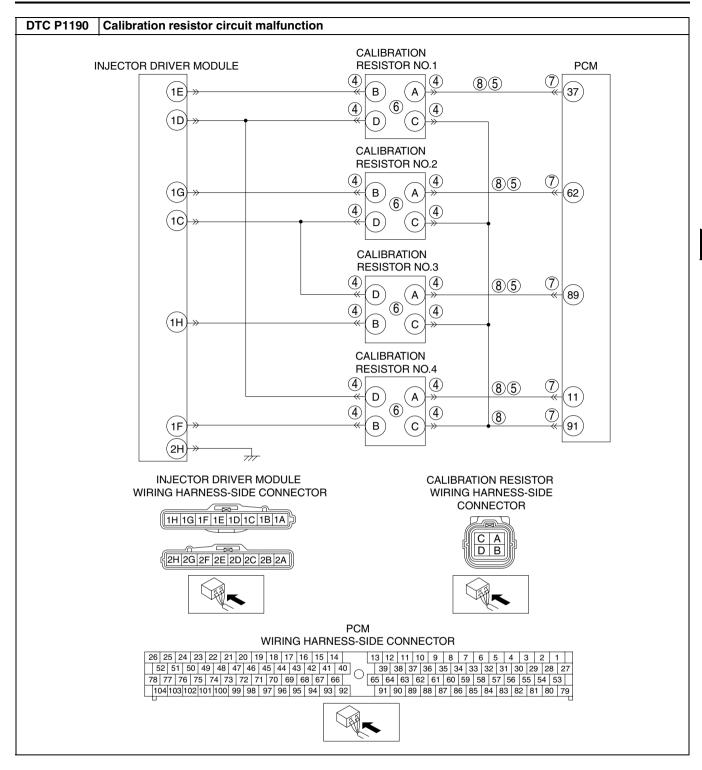
Diagnostic procedure

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	 VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY Verify related service repair information 	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information.If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT NEUTRAL SWITCH CONNECTOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 10.
	 FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT NEUTRAL SWITCH SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GND	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to GND, then go to Step 10.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between neutral switch terminal A and body GND. Is there continuity? 	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT NEUTRAL SWITCH GND CIRCUIT	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 FOR OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between neutral switch terminal B and body GND. Is there continuity? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, then go to Step 10.
7	INSPECT NEUTRAL SWITCH	Yes	Replace the neutral switch, then go to Step 10.
	Inspect the neutral switch.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
8	INSPECT PCM CONNECTO FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 10.
	 CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
9	INSPECT NEUTRAL SWITCH SIGNAL CIRCUIT	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 FOR OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between neutral switch terminal A and PCM terminal 56. Is there continuity? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, then go to the next step.
10	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P0850	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
11	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2–40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) • Are any DTCs present?	No	Troubleshooting completed.

DTC P1190

B6E407001100101

DTC P1190	Calibration resistor circuit malfunction			
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the input voltage from the calibration resistor of each cylinder. If the PCM detects that the input voltage for any cylinder is more than 4.8 V or less than 0.2 V, the PCM determines calibration resistor malfunction. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in two consecutive drive cycles or in one drive cycle while the DTC for the same malfunction has been stored in the PCM. PENDING CODE is available if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory. 			
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 Calibration resistor malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction Short to power supply in wiring harness between each cylinder calibration resistor terminal A and PCM terminal 37, 62, 89, 11 Open circuit in wiring harness between each cylinder calibration resistor terminal A and PCM terminal 37, 62, 89, 11 Open circuit in wiring harness between each cylinder calibration resistor terminal C and PCM terminal 91 			



STEP	ostic procedure INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Voc	Go to the next step.
ı	RECORDED Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	Yes No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	 VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY Verify related Service Information availability. Is any related repair information available? 	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available Service Information. • If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
		No	Go to the next step.
3	 VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	Yes No	Go to the next step. Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT CALIBRATION RESISTOR	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, go to Step 9.
	 CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection calibration resistor connector for each cylinder (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT CALIBRATION RESISTOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to power supply for the suspected cylinder, then go to Step 9.
	 Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Disconnect all cylinder's calibration resistor connectors. Inspect the voltage at calibration resister terminal A for each cylinder (wiring harness-side) and body GND. Is the voltage B+? 	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT CALIBRATION RESISTOR	Yes	Replace the calibration resistor, then go to Step 9.
	Inspect the calibration resistor.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, then go to Step 9.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
8	INSPECT CALIBRATION RESISTOR FOR OPEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between following terminals (wiring harness-side harness): No.1 cylinder calibration resistor terminal A and PCM terminal 37 No.2 cylinder calibration resistor terminal A and PCM terminal 62 No.3 cylinder calibration resistor terminal A and PCM terminal 89 No.4 cylinder calibration resistor terminal A and PCM terminal 11 Each cylinder calibration resistor terminal C and PCM terminal 91 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for the suspected circuit, then go to the next step.
9	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P1190	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
10	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC troubleshooting. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) • Are any DTCs present?	No	Troubleshooting completed.

DTC P1211

B6E407001200101

DTC P1211	Fuel pressure higher or lower than desired pressure
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the fuel pressure and calculates the fuel supply volume to the common rail using the fuel pressure sensor input signal while the engine is running. If the fuel pressure or fuel supply volume to the common rail is as follows, the PCM determines that the fuel pressure is higher or lower than the desired pressure. — Supply pump actual pressure is higher than threshold. — Difference between two consecutive fuel supply to common rail volume from supply pump is more than one fuel injection volume by fuel injector. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in two consecutive drive cycles or in one drive cycle while the DTC for the same malfunction has been stored in the PCM. PENDING CODE is available if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 Suction control valve malfunction Fuel pressure sensor characteristic malfunction Fuel pressure limiter malfunction Supply pump malfunction PCM malfunction

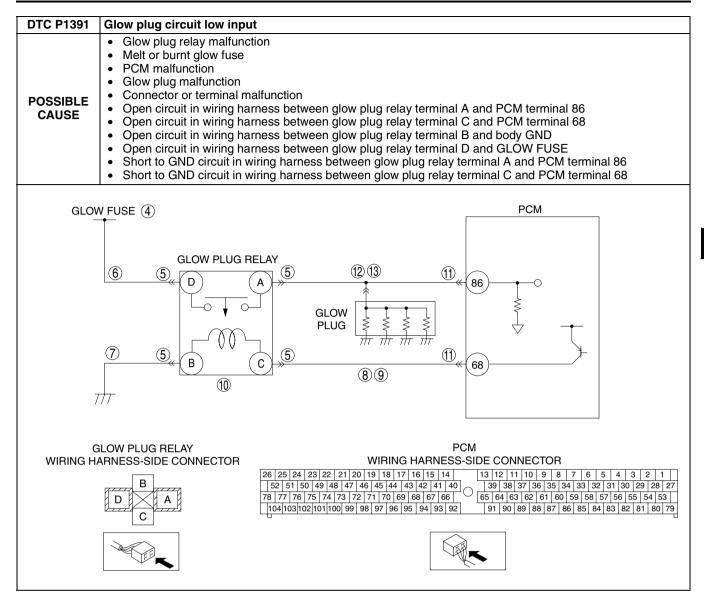
Diagnostic procedure

	gnostic procedure					
STEP	INSPECTION	-	ACTION			
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.			
	RECORDED	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order,			
	Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?		then go to the next step.			
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available			
	AVAILABILITY		repair information.			
	Verify related Service Bulletins and/or on-line		If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.			
	repair information availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.			
		V.				
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT?	Yes	Go to the next step.			
	Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2.	No	Intermittent concern exists.			
	 Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using 		Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".			
	the WDS or equivalent.					
	Start the engine.					
	 Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 					
4	IDENTIFY TRIGGER DTC FOR FREEZE FRAME	Yes	Go to the next step.			
	DATA	No	Go to the troubleshooting procedures for the DTC in the			
	• Is DTC P0627 on the FREEZE FRAME DATA?		FREEZE FRAME DATA.			
5	INSPECT FUEL PRESSURE SENSOR	Yes	Go to the next step.			
	 Inspect the fuel pressure sensor. 	No	Replace the common rail, then go to Step 9.			
	 Is the fuel pressure sensor normal? 					
6	INSPECT SUCTION CONTROL VALVE	Yes	Go to the next step.			
	Inspect the suction control valve.	No	Replace the supply pump, then go to Step 9.			
_	Is the suction control valve normal?					
7	VERIFY FUEL PRESSURE LIMITER	Yes	Go to the next step.			
		No	This DTC cause is fuel pressure limiter malfunction, then			
	 Replace the common rail. Make sure to reconnect all disconnected 		go to Step 9.			
	connectors.					
	Clear the DTC using the WDS or equivalent.					
	Start the engine.					
	 Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 					
8	VERIFY SUPPLY PUMP MALFUNCTION	Yes	Go to the next step.			
	Replace the supply pump.	No	The cause for this DTC is a supply pump malfunction, then			
	 Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. 		go to the next step.			
	 Clear the DTC using the WDS or equivalent. 					
	 Start the engine. 					
	Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present?					
9	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P1211	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.			
	COMPLETED	No	Go to the next step.			
	 Make sure to reconnect all disconnected 					
	connectors.					
	Clear the DTC using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine					
	Start the engine.Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present?					
10	VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC troubleshooting.			
10	Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode.	res	(See F2–40 DTC TABLE.)			
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)	No	Troubleshooting completed.			
	Are any DTCs present?	NU				
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DTC P1391

B6E407001300101

DTC P1391	Glow plug circuit low input
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the output signal to the glow relay when the glow relay is on. If the glow relay voltage is 1.0 V or less when the glow relay is operating, The PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the glow relay circuit. Diagnostic support note The MIL does not illuminates. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.



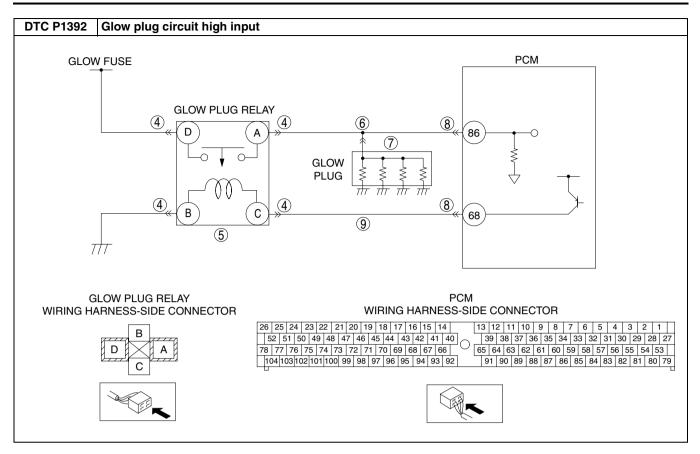
STEP	ostic procedure INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
•	 RECORDED Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded? 	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY Verify related service repair information	Yes	 Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information. If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	• Turn the engine switch off.	Yes	Go to symptom troubleshooting NO.1 MELTING OF MAIN OR OTHER FUSES.
	Verify glow fuse conditions.Is there any melt or burnt?	No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT GLOW PLUG RELAY CONNECTOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to the next step.
	 FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the glow plug relay connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT GLOW PLUG RELAY POWER	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 SUPPLY FOR OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Measure the voltage between glow plug relay terminal D and body GND. Is the voltage B+? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, go to Step 14.
7	INSPECT GLOW PLUG RELAY GRAND FOR	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Remove the glow plug relay. Inspect for continuity between glow plug relay terminal B and GND. Is there continuity? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, go to Step 14.
8	INSPECT GLOW PLUG RELAY SIGNAL FOR OPEN CIRCUIT	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, go to Step 14.
	 Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between glow plug relay terminal C. Is voltage less than 1.0 V? 	No	Go to the next step.
9	INSPECT GLOW PLUG RELAY SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GND	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to GND, go to Step 14.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between glow plug relay terminal C and body GND. Is there continuity? 	No	Go to the next step.
10	INSPECT GLOW PLUG RELAY	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Inspect the glow plug relay.Is there any malfunction?	No	Replace the glow plug relay, go to Step 14.
11	INSPECT POOR CONNECTION OF PCM	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, go to Step 14.
	 CONNECTOR Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
			1

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
12	INSPECT GLOW PLUG RELAY SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GRAND	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to GND, then go to Step 12.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Remove the glow plug connector. Inspect for continuity between glow plug relay terminal A and body GND. Is there continuity? 	No	Go to the next step
13	INSPECT GLOW PLUG RELAY SIGNAL	Yes	Go to the next step
	 CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between glow plug relay terminal A and PCM terminal 86. Is there continuity? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, then go to the next step.
14	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P1391	Yes	Replace the PCM, go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear DTC from PCM memory using WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
15	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)Are any DTCs present?	No	Troubleshooting completed.

DTC P1392

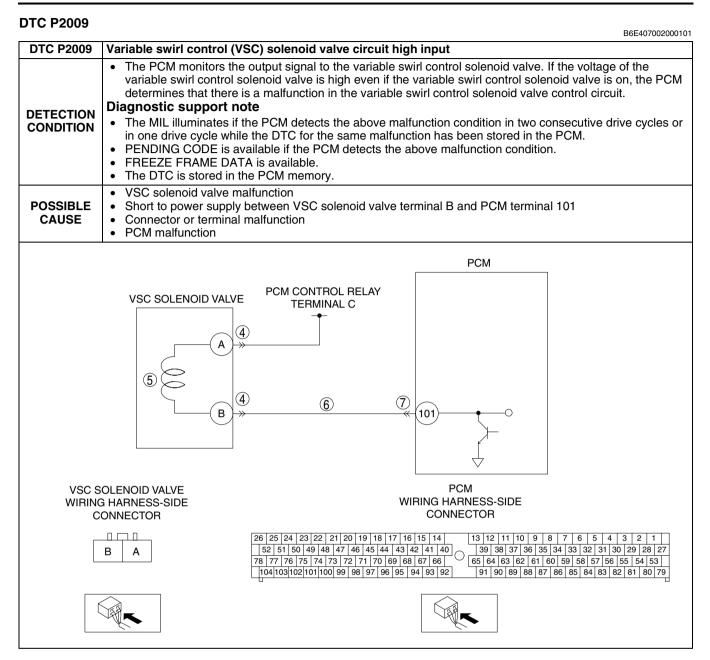
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DTC P1392	Glow plug circuit high input
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the output signal to the glow relay when the glow relay is off. If the glow relay voltage is 4.0 V or more when the glow relay is off, The PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the glow relay control circuit. Diagnostic support note The MIL does not illuminates. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 Glow plug relay malfunction Glow plug malfunction PCM malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction Short to power supply in wiring harness between glow plug relay terminal C and PCM terminal 68 Short to power supply in wiring harness between glow plug relay terminal A and PCM terminal 86

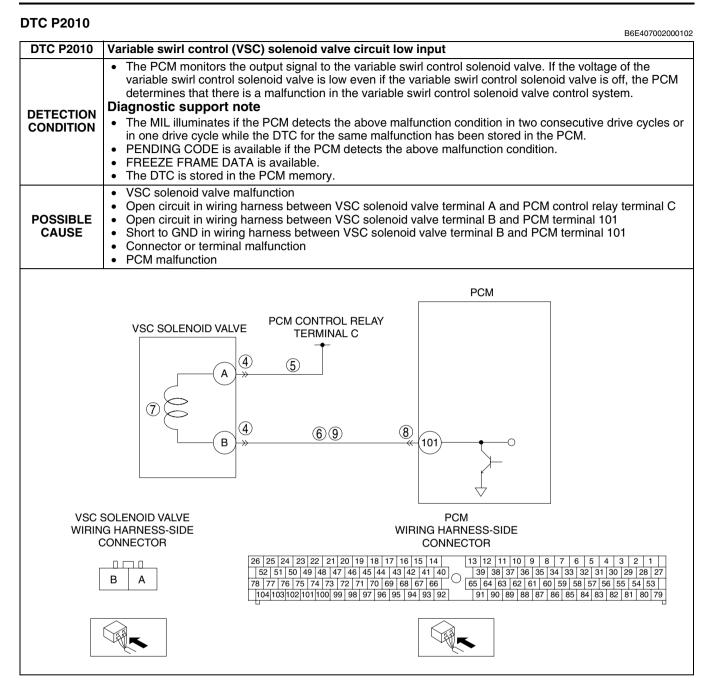


Diagnostic procedure

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDED	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order,
	Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?		then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION	Yes	
	AVAILABILITY		repair information.
	 Verify related service repair information 		• If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.	No	Go to the next step.
	 Is any related repair information available? 		
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT?	No	Intermittent concern exists.
	 Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. 		Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS
	Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WIDC or equivalent		TROUBLESHOOTING".
	the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. 		
	Is the same DTC present?		
4	INSPECT GLOW PLUG RELAY CONNECTOR	Vee	Densir or replace the terminal then go to the payt step
4	FOR POOR CONNECTION	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to the next step.
	Turn the engine switch off.	No	Go to the next step.
	 Disconnect the glow plug relay connector. 		
	 Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ 		
	pulled-out pins, corrosion).		
	 Is there any malfunction? 		
5	INSPECT GLOW PLUG RELAY	Yes	Replace glow plug relay, go to Step 9.
	 Inspect glow plug relay. 	No	Go to the next step.
	 Is there any malfunction? 	-	
6	INSPECT GLOW PLUG RELAY SIGNAL	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to power
	CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER		supply, then go to Step 9.
	 Turn the engine switch to the ON position 	No	Go to the next step
	(Engine off).		
	Disconnect the PCM connector.		
	 Measure the voltage between glow plug terminal A and body GND. 		
	 Is the voltage more than 4.0 V? 		
7	INSPECT GLOW PLUG	Yes	Replace glow plug relay, go to Step 9.
'	 Inspect glow plug. 		Go to the next step.
	Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
8	INSPECT POOR CONNECTION OF PCM	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, go to the Step
0	CONNECTOR	100	10.
	Turn the engine switch off.	No	Go to the next step.
	 Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ 	110	
	pulled-out terminals, corrosion).		
	 Is there any malfunction? 		
9	INSPECT GLOW PLUG RELAY GRAND	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to power
	CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER		supply, then go to the next step.
	 Turn the engine switch to off. 	No	Go to the next step
	Remove the glow plug relay.		
	Measure the voltage between glow plug relay		
	terminal C and body GND.		
10	Is the voltage B+?	V-	Deplace the DOM as to the word of
10	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P1392	Yes	Replace the PCM, go to the next step.
	COMPLETED	No	Go to the next step.
	 Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. 		
	 Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using 		
	the WDS or equivalent.		
	 Start the engine and warm it up to the normal 		
	operating temperature.		
	 Is the same DTC present? 		
11	VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection.
	Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode.		(See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
			ł
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) • Is any DTC present?	No	Troubleshooting completed.



STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY • Verify related service repair information	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information.If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT POOR CONNECTION OF VSC	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, go to Step 8.
	 SOLENOID VALVE CONNECTOR Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the VSC solenoid valve connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT VSC SOLENOID VALVE	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Inspect the VSC solenoid valve.Is the VSC solenoid valve normal?	No	Replace the VSC solenoid valve, go to Step 8.
6	INSPECT VSC SOLENOID VALVE FOR SHORT TO POWER	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to power supply, go to Step 8.
	 Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between VSC solenoid valve terminal B (wiring harness-side) and body ground. Is the voltage B+? 	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT POOR CONNECTION OF PCM CONNECTOR	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, go to the next step.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
8	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P2009	Yes	Replace the PCM, go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
9	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. (See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE)
	 Are any DTCs present? 	No	Troubleshooting completed.



STEP	INSPECTION	-	ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 RECORDED Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded? 	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY • Verify related service repair information	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information. • If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT POOR CONNECTION OF VSC	Yes	Go to the next step.
·	 SOLENOID VALVE CONNECTOR Turn engine switch to off. Disconnect the VSC solenoid valve connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, go to Step 10.
5	INSPECT VSC SOLENOID VALVE POWER	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 SUPPLY FOR OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between VSC solenoid valve terminal A (harness-side) and body ground Is the voltage B+? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, go to Step 10.
6	INSPECT VSC SOLENOID VALVE CONTROL FOR SHORT TO GROUND	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to GND, go to Step 10.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between VSC solenoid valve terminal B (wiring harness-side) and body ground. Is there continuity? 	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT VSC SOLENOID VALVE	Yes	Replace the VSC solenoid valve, go to Step 10.
	Inspect the VSC solenoid valve.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
8	INSPECT POOR CONNECTION OF PCM	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, go to Step 10.
	 CONNECTOR Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect PCM connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
9	INSPECT VSC SOLENOID VALVE CONTROL	Yes	·
	 FOR OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for continuity between VSC solenoid valve terminal B (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 101 (wiring harness-side). Is there continuity? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to GND, go to the next step.
10	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P2010	Yes	Replace the PCM, them go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
11	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)Are any DTCs present?	No	Troubleshooting completed.

DTC P2135

B6E407002100101

DTC P2135	Accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor No.1/No.2 voltage correlation		
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the input signals from accelerator pedal position sensor No.1 and accelerator pedal position sensor No.2. If the difference between accelerator pedal position sensor No.1 and accelerator pedal position sensor No.2 is more than 0.9 V, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the accelerator pedal position sensor characteristic. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory. 		
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 APP sensor No.1 malfunction APP sensor No.2 malfunction PCM malfunction 		

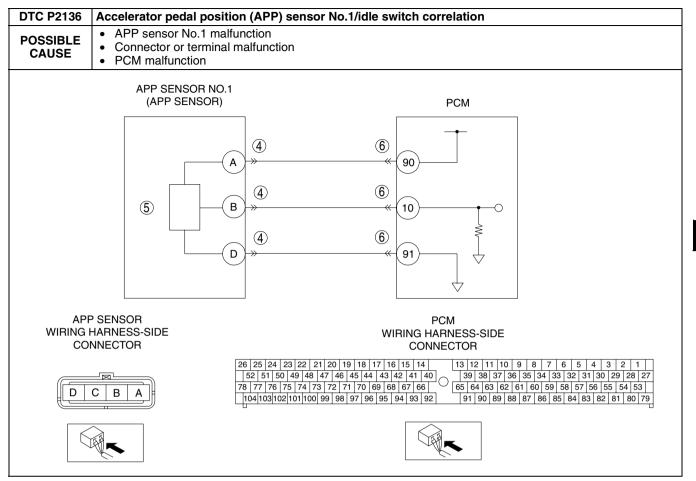
Diagnostic procedure

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	 VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY Verify related service repair information availability. Is any related repair information available? 	Yes No	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information.If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT APP SENSOR	Yes	Replace the APP sensor, then go to Step 5.
	Inspect the APP sensor.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
5	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P2135	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
6	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)Are any DTCs present?	No	DTC troubleshooting completed.

DTC P2136

B6E407002100102

DTC P2136	Accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor No.1/idle switch correlation	
DETECTION CONDITION		



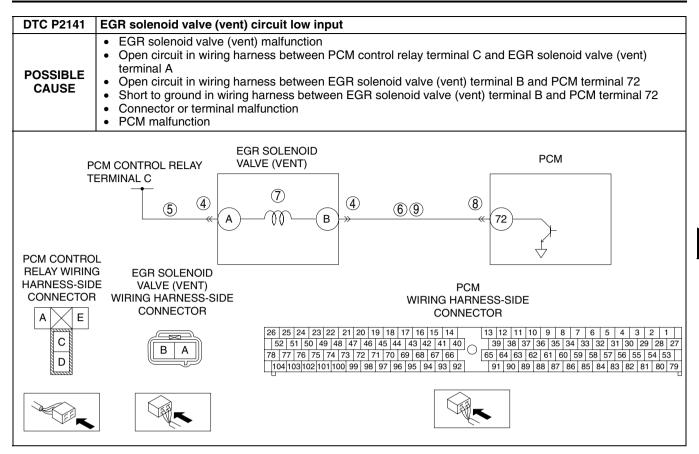
Diagnostic procedure

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDED	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order,
	Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?		then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available
	AVAILABILITY		repair information.If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	 Verify related service repair information availability 	Nia	
	availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
•	CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT?	No	Intermittent concern exists.
	• Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2.		Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS
	 Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using 		TROUBLESHOOTING".
	the WDS or equivalent.		
	Start the engine.Is the same DTC present?		
4	INSPECT APP SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 7.
	POOR CONNECTION	No	Go to the next step.
	 Turn the engine switch off. 		•
	Disconnect the APP sensor connector.		
	 Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). 		
	 Is there any malfunction? 		
5	INSPECT APP SENSOR	Yes	Replace the APP sensor, then go to Step 7.
	Inspect the APP sensor.	No	Go to the next step.
	Is there any malfunction?		-
6	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to the next step.
	Turn the engine switch off.	No	Go to the next step.
	 Disconnect the PCM connector. 		
	 Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ 		
	pulled-out pins, corrosion).		
7	Is there any malfunction?	Maa	Devices the DOM there are to the proof story
7	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P2136 COMPLETED	Yes	
	Make sure to reconnect all disconnected	No	Go to the next step.
	connectors.		
	Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using		
	the WDS or equivalent.		
	Start the engine.		
	Is the same DTC present?	V	Cata the englished DTC increasting
8	VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2–40 DTC TABLE.)
	 Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. (See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) 	No	DTC troubleshooting completed.
	Are any DTCs present?	INU	Dio noubleanooning completed.

DTC P2141

B6E407002100103

DTC P2141	EGR solenoid valve (vent) circuit low input		
	 The PCM monitors the output signal to the EGR solenoid valve (vent). If the EGR solenoid valve (vent) voltage is low even if the EGR solenoid valve (vent) is off, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the intake shutter solenoid valve control system. Diagnostic support note 		
DETECTION CONDITION	 The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in two consecutive drive cycles or in one drive cycle while the DTC for the same malfunction has been stored in the PCM. PENDING CODE is available if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition during the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory. 		



STEP	ostic procedure INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
•	 RECORDED Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded? 	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY • Verify related service repair information	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information. If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT EGR SOLENOID VALVE (VENT)	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 10.
	 CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the EGR solenoid valve (vent) connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT EGR SOLENOID VALVE (VENT)	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 POWER SUPPLY FOR OPEN CIRCUIT Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between EGR solenoid valve (vent) terminal A (wiring harness-side) and body GND. Is the voltage B+? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, then go to Step 10.
6	INSPECT EGR SOLENOID VALVE (VENT)	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to
	 CONTROL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GROUND Inspect continuity between EGR solenoid valve (vent) terminal B (wiring harness-side) and body ground. Is there continuity 	No	ground, then go to Step 10. Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT EGR SOLENOID VALVE (VENT)	Yes	Replace the EGR solenoid valve (vent), then go to Step 10.
	Inspect the EGR solenoid valve (vent).Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
8	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 10.
	 CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the PCM connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
9	INSPECT EGR SOLENOID VALVE (VENT)	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONTROL FOR OPEN CIRCUIT Inspect continuity between EGR solenoid valve (vent) terminal B (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 72 (wiring harness-side). Is there continuity 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, then go to the next step.
10	 VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P2141 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	Yes No	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step. Go to the next step.

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
11	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2–40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) • Are any DTCs present?	No	DTC troubleshooting completed.

DTC P2142

B6E407002100104

	B6E407002100104			
DTC P2142	EGR solenoid valve (vent) circuit high input			
DETECTION CONDITION				
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 EGR solenoid valve (vent) malfunction Short to power supply between EGR solenoid valve (vent) terminal B and PCM terminal 72 Connector or terminal malfunction PCM malfunction 			
-	G CM			

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY • Verify related service repair information	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information.If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT EGR SOLENOID VALVE (VENT)	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 8.
	 CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the EGR solenoid valve (vent) connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT EGR SOLENOID VALVE (VENT)	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 POWER CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between EGR solenoid valve (vent) terminal B (wiring harness-side) and body GND. Is the voltage B+? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to power, then go to Step 8.
6	INSPECT EGR SOLENOID VALVE (VENT)	Yes	Replace the EGR solenoid valve (vent), then go to Step 8.
	Inspect the EGR solenoid valve (vent).Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to the next step.
	 CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the PCM connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
8	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P2142	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
9	VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDUREPerform the Repair Verification Drive Mode.	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)Are any DTCs present?	No	DTC troubleshooting completed.

DTC P2144	B6E407002100105			
DTC P2144	EGR control solenoid valve control circuit low input			
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the output signal to the EGR control solenoid valve. If the EGR control solenoid valve voltage is low even if the EGR control solenoid valve is off, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the EGR control solenoid valve control system. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in two consecutive drive cycles or 			
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 EGR control solenoid valve malfunction Open circuit in wiring harness between PCM control relay terminal C and EGR control solenoid valve terminal A Open circuit in wiring harness between EGR control solenoid valve terminal B and PCM terminal 77 Short to ground circuit in wiring harness between EGR control solenoid valve terminal B and PCM terminal 77 Connector or terminal malfunction PCM malfunction 			
PCM CONTRO RELAY WIRING HARNESS-SID	PCM CONTROL RELAY TERMINAL C			

STEP	ostic procedure INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
-	RECORDED • Has FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY	Yes	 Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information. If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	 Verify related service repair information availability. Is any related repair information available? 	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
0	CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT?	No	Intermittent concern exists.
	 Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	NO	Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT EGR CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 10.
	 CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the EGR control solenoid valve connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT EGR CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR OPEN Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between EGR control solenoid valve terminal A (wiring harness-side) and body GND. Is the voltage B+? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, then go to Step 10.
6	INSPECT EGR CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE CONTROL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GROUND	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to ground, then go to Step 10.
	 Inspect continuity between EGR control solenoid valve terminal B (wiring harness-side) and body ground. Is there continuity 	No	Go to the next step.
7	 INSPECT EGR CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE Inspect the EGR control solenoid valve. 	Yes	Replace the EGR control solenoid valve, then go to Step 10.
	 Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
8	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 10.
	 CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the PCM connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
9		Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONTROL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN Inspect continuity between EGR control solenoid valve terminal B (wiring harness-side) and PCM terminal 77 (wiring harness-side). Is there continuity 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, then go to the next step.
10	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P2144 COMPLETED	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
11	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2–40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) • Are any DTCs present?	No	DTC troubleshooting completed.

DTC P2145

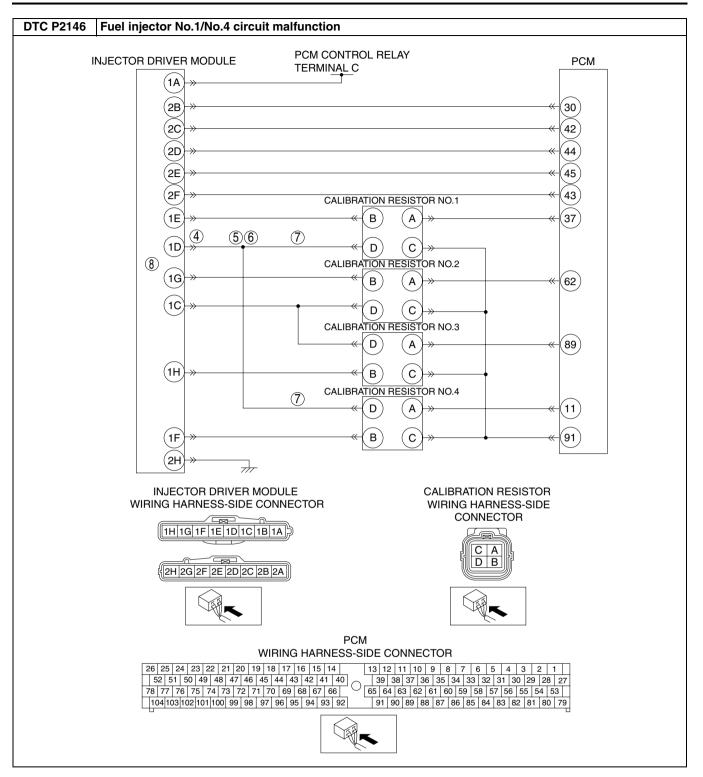
B6E407002100106

			B6E407002100106	
DTC P2145	EGR control solenoid valv	U		
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the output signal to the EGR control solenoid valve. If the EGR control solenoid valve voltage is high even if the EGR control solenoid valve is on, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the EGR control solenoid valve control system. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in two consecutive drive cycles or 			
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 EGR control solenoid valve malfunction Short to power circuit between EGR control solenoid valve terminal B and PCM terminal 77 Short to EGR control solenoid valve or PCM connector PCM malfunction 			
	M CONTROL RELAY SOL RMINAL C (4) A EGR CONTROL SOL ENOID		2 41 40 39 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 67 66 65 64 63 62 61 60 59 58 57 56 55 54 53	

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY • Verify related service repair information	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information. If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	verify related service repair information availability.Is any related repair information available?		Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS		Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT EGR CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to Step 8.
	 CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the EGR control solenoid valve connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT EGR CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 POWER CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Measure the voltage between EGR control solenoid valve terminal B (wiring harness-side) and body GND. Is the voltage B+? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to power, then go to Step 8.
6	INSPECT EGR CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE	Yes	Replace the EGR control solenoid valve, then go to Step 8.
	Inspect the EGR control solenoid valve.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR POOR	Yes	Repair or replace the terminal, then go to the next step.
	 CONNECTION Turn the engine switch off. Disconnect the PCM connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
8	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P2145	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
9	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)Are any DTCs present?	No	DTC troubleshooting completed.

DTC P2146

DIC P2146	B6E407002100107
DTC P2146	Fuel injector No.1/No.4 circuit malfunction
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors each cylinder injection confirmation signal from the IDM while the engine is running. If the PCM does not receive the injection confirmation signal for No.1 and No.4 cylinder normally, the PCM determines that the fuel injector No.1 and No.4 operation is not verified. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 IDM malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction Short to GND in wiring harness between IDM terminal 1D and fuel injector No.1 terminal D Short to power supply in wiring harness between IDM terminal 1D and fuel injector No.1 terminal D Open circuit in wiring harness between IDM terminal 1D and fuel injector No.1 terminal D Short to GND in wiring harness between IDM terminal 1D and fuel injector No.1 terminal D Short to GND in wiring harness between fuel injector No.4 terminal D and IDM terminal 1D Short to power supply in wiring harness between fuel injector No.4 terminal D and IDM terminal 1D Open circuit in wiring harness between fuel injector No.4 terminal D and IDM terminal 1D Open circuit in wiring harness between fuel injector No.4 terminal D and IDM terminal 1D Open circuit in wiring harness between fuel injector No.4 terminal D and IDM terminal 1D



ON-BOARD DIAGNOSTIC

Diagnostic procedure

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION							
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.							
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.							
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY • Verify related Service Bulletins and/or on-line	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information.If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.							
	repair information availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.							
3	 VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. 	Yes No	Go to the next step. Intermittent concern exists.							
	 Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 		Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".							
4	INSPECT IDM CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, then go to Step 9.							
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.							
5	INSPECT IDM FOR SHORT TO GNDTurn the engine switch off.	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to GND, then go to Step 9.							
	 Inspect continuity between IDM terminal 1D and body GND. Is there continuity? 	No	Go to the next step.							
6	INSPECT IDM FOR SHORT TO POWERTurn the engine switch off.	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to power, then go to Step 9.							
	 Inspect the voltage between IDM terminal 1D and body GND. Is the voltage B+? 	No	Go to the next step.							
7	INSPECT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT BETWEEN IDM	Yes	Go to the next step.							
	 AND FUEL INJECTOR NO.1/NO.4 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect continuity between following wiring harnesses. IDM terminal 1D and fuel injector No.1 terminal D IDM terminal 1D and fuel injector No.4 terminal D Is there continuity? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, then go to Step 9.							
8	INSPECT IDM	Yes	Replace the IDM, then go to step 9.							
	Inspect the IDM.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.							
9	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P2146	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.							
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.							
10	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. (200 50 000 DBIN/5 MODE) 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC troubleshooting. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)							
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)Are any DTCs present?	No	Troubleshooting completed.							

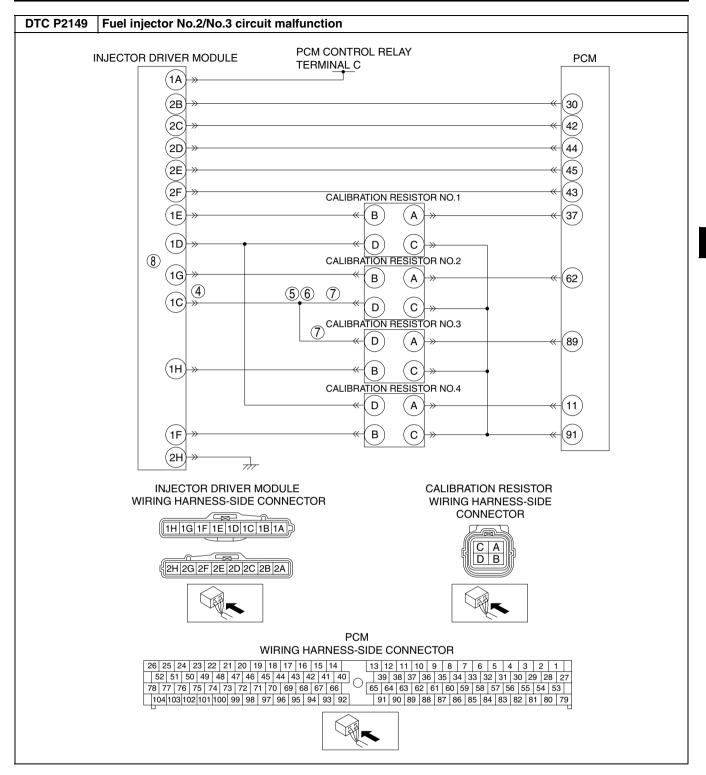
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DTC P2149

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B6E407002100108
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DTC P2149	Fuel injector No.2/No.3 circuit malfunction
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors each cylinder's injection confirmation signal from the IDM while the engine is running. If the PCM does not receive the injection confirmation signal for No.2 and No.3 cylinder normally, the PCM determines that the fuel injector No.2 and No.3 operation is not verified. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 IDM malfunction Connector or terminal malfunction Short to GND in wiring harness between IDM terminal 1C and fuel injector No.2 terminal D Short to power supply in wiring harness between IDM terminal 1C and fuel injector No.2 terminal D Open circuit in wiring harness between IDM terminal 1C and fuel injector No.2 terminal D Fuel injector No.3 malfunction Short to GND in wiring harness between fuel injector No.3 terminal D and IDM terminal 1C Short to power supply in wiring harness between fuel injector No.3 terminal D and IDM terminal 1C Short to power supply in wiring harness between fuel injector No.3 terminal D and IDM terminal 1C Open circuit in wiring harness between fuel injector No.3 terminal D and IDM terminal 1C Open circuit in wiring harness between fuel injector No.3 terminal D and IDM terminal 1C PCM malfunction

ON-BOARD DIAGNOSTIC



ON-BOARD DIAGNOSTIC

Diagnostic procedure

	ostic procedure		
STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY • Verify related Service Bulletins and/or on-line	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information.If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	repair information availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	INSPECT IDM CONNECTOR FOR POOR CONNECTION	Yes	Repair or replace the suspected terminal, then go to Step 9.
	 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out terminals, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT IDM FOR SHORT TO GNDTurn the engine switch off.	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to GND, then go to Step 9.
	 Inspect continuity between IDM terminal 1C and body GND. IDM terminal 1C and fuel injector No.2 terminal D IDM terminal 1C and fuel injector No.3 terminal D Is there continuity? 	No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT IDM FOR SHORT TO POWERTurn the engine switch off.	Yes	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a short to power, then go to Step 9.
	 Inspect voltage between IDM terminal 1C and body GND. Is voltage B+? 	No	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT BETWEEN IDM	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 AND FUEL INJECTOR NO.2/NO.3 Turn the engine switch off. Inspect continuity between following wiring harness: IDM terminal 1C and fuel injector No.2 terminal D IDM terminal 1C and fuel injector No.3 terminal D Is there continuity? 	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for an open circuit, then go to Step 9.
8	INSPECT IDM	Yes	Replace the IDM, then go to step 9.
	Inspect the IDM.Is there any malfunction?	No	Go to the next step.
9	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P2149	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Go to the next step.
10	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. (See 52, 20 ORD DRIVE MODE.) 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC troubleshooting. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.)Are any DTCs present?	No	Troubleshooting completed.

DTC P2227

DIC P2221	B6E407002200101
DTC P2227	BARO sensor range/performance problem
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the input signal from the barometric pressure sensor. If the difference between the barometric pressure input from the barometric pressure sensor and the manifold absolute pressure is more than 75 mmHg, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the barometric pressure sensor. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition in two consecutive drive cycles or in one drive cycle while the DTC for the same malfunction has been stored in the PCM. PENDING CODE is available if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. DTC is stored in the PCM memory.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	BARO sensor (integrated in PCM) malfunction

Diagnostic procedure

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	 VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY Verify related service repair information availability. Is any related repair information available? 	Yes No	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information.If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P2227	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Clear the DTC from the memory using the WDS or equivalent. Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. (See F2-39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	No	No concern is detected. Go to the next step.
6	• Are any DTCs present?	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2-40 DTC TABLE.)
		No	Troubleshooting completed.

DTC P2228

DTC P2228	BARO sensor circuit low input
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the input signal from the barometric pressure sensor. If the voltage from the barometric pressure sensor is less than 0.4 V, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the barometric pressure sensor signal system. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition during the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	BARO sensor (integrated in PCM) malfunction

ON-BOARD DIAGNOSTIC

Diagnostic procedure

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY • Verify related service repair information	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information.If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	availability.Is any related repair information available?	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P2228	Yes	Replace PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Clear the DTC from the memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is same DTC present? 	No	No concern is detected. Go to the next step.
5	 VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2–40 DTC TABLE.)
	(See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) • Are any DTCs present?	No	Troubleshooting completed.

DTC P2229

DTC P2229	BARO sensor circuit high input
DETECTION CONDITION	 The PCM monitors the input signal from the barometric pressure sensor. If the voltage from the barometric pressure sensor is more than 4.7 V, the PCM determines that there is a malfunction in the barometric pressure sensor signal system. Diagnostic support note The MIL illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition during the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA is available. The DTC is stored in the PCM memory.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	BARO sensor (integrated in PCM) malfunction

ON-BOARD DIAGNOSTIC

Diagnostic	procedure
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STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA HAS BEEN	Yes	Go to the next step.
	RECORDEDHas FREEZE FRAME DATA been recorded?	No	Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	 VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY Verify related service repair information availability. 	Yes	 Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information. If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
	 Is any related repair information available? 	No	Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY CURRENT SIGNAL STATUS: IS	Go to the next step.	
	 CONCERN INTERMITTENT OR CONSTANT? Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	Intermittent concern exists. Perform the "INTERMITTENT CONCERNS TROUBLESHOOTING".
4	VERIFY TROUBLESHOOTING OF DTC P2229	Yes	Replace the PCM, then go to the next step.
	 COMPLETED Make sure to reconnect all disconnected connectors. Turn the engine switch to the ON position (Engine off). Clear the DTC from the memory using the WDS or equivalent. Start the engine. Is the same DTC present? 	No	No concern is detected. Go to the next step.
5	VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See F2–40 DTC TABLE.)
	 Perform the Repair Verification Drive Mode. (See F2–39 OBD DRIVE MODE.) Are any DTCs present? 	No	Troubleshooting completed.

TROUBLESHOOTING

SYMPTOM QUICK DIAGNOSIS CHART

															able
Troubleshooting item				Starter circuit including engine switch is open	Improper engine oil level	Low or dead batery	Charging system malfunction	Low engine compression	Improper valve timing	Hydrolocked egine	Improper engine oil viscosity	Improper dipstick	Base engine malfunction	Seized flywheel	Improper tension or damaged drivebelts
	5														
	illuminates														
	not crank	/	×	×		×	×			×				×	
	5		Х	Х				X							
	ne stalls	After start/at idle						×	×						
	6 Cranks normally but will not start7 Slow return to idle							×	×						
		ridlo						~							
	ne runs rough/rolling idle/runs on	jidle						×	×						
	idle/stalls during dec	celeration						×	×						
	ne stalls/quits	Acceleration/cruise							~ ×						
	ne runs rough	Acceleration/cruise				-		×	×						
Misse		Acceleration/cruise						×	×						
11 Buck		Acceleration/cruise/deceleration						×	×						
	tation/stumble	Acceleration							×						
Surg		Acceleration/cruise						×	×						
	/loss of power	Acceleration/cruise						×	~ ×						
	cking/pinging							×	×						
	fuel economy							×	×						
	ssions compliance							×	×				×		
	oil consumption/leal	kade			×			^	^		×	×	×		
_	ing system	Overheating			~						~	~	×		×
	ing system	Runs cold				I									
19 Exce													×		
20 Fuel															
21 Engir								Х	Х				×		×
22 Vibra	ation concerns (engi	ne)													×
23 A/C o	does not work suffici	ently													
24 A/C a	always on or A/C co	mpressor runs continuously													
25 A/C o	does not cut off unde	er wide open throttle conditions													
26 Cons	stant voltage														

<u>.</u>												×: A	pplic	able
Troubleshooting item				Water and anti-freeze mixture is improper	Cooling system malfunction (Such as radiator, hose, over-flow system, thermostat)	Cooling fan system malfunction	Engine or transaxle mounts are improperly installed	Cooling fan No.1 or No.2 seat are improper	Fuel quality	Engine overheating	Intake-air system clogging or restriction	Air leakage from intake-air system	VSC system malfunction	Vacuum leakage
1														
2	MIL illuminates													
3														
4	Hard start/long crank/er								×	×	Х			
5	Engine stalls	After start/at idle							×	×	Х			
	6 Cranks normally but will not start								Х		×			
7	Slow return to idle	منطاه			×									
8 9	Engine runs rough/rollin Fast idle/runs on	gidie							×	×	×	Х		~
10	Low idle/stalls during de	valoration							×		×			×
10	Engine stalls/quits	Acceleration/cruise						×	~	×	×		×	
	Engine runs rough	Acceleration/cruise						×	×	×	×		×	
	Misses	Acceleration/cruise						×	×	×	×	×	×	
11	Buck/jerk	Acceleration/cruise/deceleration						×	×	×	×	×	×	
	Hesitation/stumble	Acceleration						×	×	×	×	×	×	
	Surges	Acceleration/cruise						×	×	×	×	×	×	
12	Lack/loss of power	Acceleration/cruise						×	×	×	×	×	×	×
	Knocking/pinging				×				×		X	×	×	
14	Poor fuel economy				×				×		Х			×
15	Emissions compliance				×				×	×	Х	×	×	×
16	High oil consumption/lea	akage												
17	Cooling system concerns	Overheating	×	×	×	×								
18	Cooling system concerns	Runs cold			×	×								
19											×	×	×	\times
20														
	21 Engine noise											Х		×
22	Vibration concerns (eng						×	×						×
23	A/C does not work suffic	-												
24		ompressor runs continuously												
25		der wide open throttle conditions												
26	26 Constant voltage													

F2

			1									×:	Арр	olical	ole
	Troublesh	nooting item	Turbocharger malfunction	Carge air cooler malfunction	VBC system malfunction	Glow system malfunction	Incorrect fuel injection timing	Incorrect idle speed	CKP sensor is damaged (such as open or short circuits)	CKP sensor pulse wheel is damaged	Improper gap between CKP sensor and pulse wheel	Supply pump malfunction	Suction control valve malfunction	Fuel pressure limiter malfunction	Fuel line restriction or clogging
1	Melting of main or other fu	ses													
2	MIL illuminates				×	×			×				Х		
	3 Will not crank														
4	Hard start/long crank/errat					×	×		×	×	×	X	×	×	×
5	0					×	×		×	×	×	×	×	×	×
6 7	6 Cranks normally but will not start					×	×		×	X	X	X	X	×	×
8							×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
9							~	~	~	~	~	~	×	~	~
10	Low idle/stalls during dece	leration				×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
10	Engine stalls/quits	Acceleration/cruise	×			^	×	~	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
	Engine runs rough	Acceleration/cruise	×			×	×	×	×	×	X	×	X	×	×
	Misses	Acceleration/cruise	×			×	×	×	X	×	×	×	×	×	×
11	Buck/jerk	Acceleration/cruise/deceleration	×			×	×	×	Х	×	×	×	Х	×	×
	Hesitation/stumble	Acceleration	×			×	×	×	Х	×	×	×	Х	×	×
	Surges	Acceleration/cruise	×			×	×		Х	×	×	×	Х	×	×
12	Lack/loss of power	Acceleration/cruise	×	×	×		×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
13	Knocking/pinging		×	×	×	×	×		×	×	×		×		×
14	Poor fuel economy		×	×	×		×	×	×	×	×	×			×
15	Emissions compliance		×	\times	×	×	\times	×	×	×	×	×	Х	×	\times
16	High oil consumption/leaka	-	×												
17	Cooling system concerns	Overheating	×												
18			<u> </u>												
	19 Excessive black smoke		×	×	×		×		×	×	×		X	×	×
20	Fuel odor (in engine comp	ariment)					~		~	~	~		×	×	
21 22	Engine noise Vibration concerns (engine						×		×	×	×		×		
22	A/C does not work sufficie														
23															
24	-	wide open throttle conditions													
26	Constant voltage														

												×: A	pplic	able
	Troubles	hooting item	Fuel injectors malfunction (Leakage or clogging, inoperative)	Fuel leakage from fuel system (including insulator, fuel injector)	Fuel filter restriction or clogging	CMP sensor is damaged (such as open or short circuit)	CMP sensor pulse wheel is damaged	IDM or related circuit malfunction	Exhaust system restriction or clogging	Catalyst converter malfunction	EGR system malfunction	EGR water cooler malfunction	EGR valve position sensor malfunction	V-reference voltage supply circuit malfunction
1	Melting of main or othe	er fuses												
2	MIL illuminates		×			×								
3	Will not crank													
4		erratic start/erratic crank	×	×	\times	×	×	Х	\times		\times			
5	Engine stalls	After start/at idle	×	×	×	×	×	×	×		×		×	×
6	Cranks normally but w	ill not start	×	×	×	×	×	×			×		×	×
-	7 Slow return to idle		×			×	×	×						
-	8 Engine runs rough/rolling idle		×	×	×	×	×	Х			×	×	×	
9			×					×						
10	Low idle/stalls during of		×	×	×	×	×	Х			×		×	
	Engine stalls/quits	Acceleration/cruise	×		×	×	×	×	×		×		×	
	Engine runs rough Misses	Acceleration/cruise Acceleration/cruise	×		×	×	×	×	×		×		×	
11	Buck/jerk	Acceleration/cruise Acceleration/cruise/ deceleration	×		×	×	×	×	×		×		×	
	Hesitation/stumble	Acceleration	×		×	×	×	×	×		×		×	
	Surges	Acceleration/cruise	×		×	×	×	×	×		×		×	
12	Lack/loss of power	Acceleration/cruise	×		×	×	×	×	×		×		×	
13	Knocking/pinging		~		~	×	×	~	×		×		~	
14	Poor fuel economy		×	×	×	×	×		×		×			\vdash
15	Emissions compliance		×			×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	
16	High oil consumption/le													$\left - \right $
17	Cooling system concerns	Overheating									×			
18	Cooling system concerns	Runs cold												
19	Excessive black smoke		×					Х	×		×		×	
20				×										
21	5		×			×	×				×			
22	Vibration concerns (en		×			×	×							
23	A/C does not work suf	-												
24	-	compressor runs continuously												
25	A/C does not cut off un conditions	nder wide open throttle												
26	Constant voltage													×

F2

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	Troublesh	ooting item	PCM control relay malfunction	ECT sensor or related circuit malfunction	Neutral switch or related circuit malfunction	MAF/IAT sensor or related circuit malfunction	IAT sensor No.2 or related circuit malfunction	Boost sensor or related circuit malfunction	Accelerator position sensor or related circuit malfunction	Accelerator position sensor misadjustment (including looseness)	Idle switch or related circuit malfunction	Idle switch misadjustment (including looseness)	Fuel pressure sensor or related circuit malfunction	Improper refrigerant charging amount
1	Melting of main or other fu	ISES												
2	MIL illuminates			×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	
3	Will not crank													
4	Hard start/long crank/errat			×		\times			×	×			\times	
5	Engine stalls	After start/at idle	×	×		\times			×	×			×	×
	6 Cranks normally but will not start		×	×									×	
	7 Slow return to idle			×	×	×			×	×	×	×	×	
	8 Engine runs rough/rolling idle			×	×	×			×	×	×	×	×	×
9	Fast idle/runs on			×						×		×		
10	Low idle/stalls during dece			×	×	×			×	×	×	×	×	×
	Engine stalls/quits	Acceleration/cruise		×		×			×	×	×	×	×	×
	Engine runs rough	Acceleration/cruise		×	×	×			×	×	×	×	×	×
11	Misses	Acceleration/cruise		×		×			×	×	×	×	×	×
	Buck/jerk	Acceleration/cruise/deceleration		×		×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
	Hesitation/stumble	Acceleration		×		×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
	Surges	Acceleration/cruise		×		×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
12	Lack/loss of power	Acceleration/cruise		×		×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
13	Knocking/pinging			×		×	×	Х	×				×	
14	Poor fuel economy			×		×	×	×	×			×	×	×
15	Emissions compliance			Х	×	×	×	Х	×	×	×	×	×	
16	High oil consumption/leak	-												
17	Cooling system concerns	_												×
18	Cooling system concerns													
	19 Excessive black smoke						×	×					×	
20	Fuel odor (in engine comp	partment)											×	
21	Engine noise	2)		×		×	×	×	×	~	~	~	×	
	22 Vibration concerns (engine)			×		×			×	×	×	×		~
	23 A/C does not work sufficiently													×
24	24 A/C always on or A/C compressor runs continuously25 A/C does not cut off under wide open throttle conditions								×	×				
25 26				×		~	~	×	××	X			~	
20	Constant voltage					×	×	^	^		I		×	

													×: A	oplic	able
	Troubles	nooting item	A/C relay (A/C control siganl) circuit malfunction	A/C magnetic clutch or related circuit malfunction	Cooling fan No.1 system malfunction	Clutch slippage	Air in power steering fuluid line	VSS or related circuit malfunction	Brake dragging	Loose parts	Improper balance of wheel or tires	Driveline malfunction	Suspension malfunction	Immobilizer system and/or circuit malfunction	Coolant heater system malfunction
1	Melting of main or other f	uses													
2	MIL illuminates														
-	3 Will not crank													\times	
	4 Hard start/long crank/erratic start/erratic crank														
5	Engine stalls	After start/at idle	×	Х										\times	
-	6 Cranks normally but will not start													\times	
-	7 Slow return to idle														
8	5 5 5		×	×	\times										
9	Fast idle/runs on														
10	Low idle/stalls during dec		\times	Х											
	Engine stalls/quits	Acceleration/cruise	×	×		×		\times							
	Engine runs rough	Acceleration/cruise	\times	×		\times		\times							
11	Misses	Acceleration/cruise	×	×		×		\times							
	Buck/jerk	Acceleration/cruise/deceleration	×	×		×		\times							
	Hesitation/stumble	Acceleration	×	×		×		×							
	Surges	Acceleration/cruise	×	×		×		\times							
12	Lack/loss of power	Acceleration/cruise	×	×		×			Х						
4	Knocking/pinging														
14	Poor fuel economy		×	×		×		×	Х						×
15	Emissions compliance							×							
16	High oil consumption/lea	-													
17	Cooling system concerns		×	×	×										×
18	0.				×										×
4	19 Excessive black smoke														
	20 Fuel odor (in engine compartment)														
	21 Engine noise						×			X		.,			
	22 Vibration concerns (engine)			<u>, .</u>						×	×	×	×		
23	A/C does not work suffici	-	×	×											
24	-	mpressor runs continuously	×	×											
25 26		er wide open throttle conditions													
20	6 Constant voltage														

NO.5 ENGINE STALLS-AFTER START/AT IDLE

5	ENGINE STALLS-AFTER START/AT IDLE
DESCRIPTION	Engine stops unexpectedly.

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5	ENGINE STALLS-AFTER START/AT IDLE
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 Poor fuel quality Intake-air system restriction or clogging Engine overheating A/C system improper operation Immobilizer system and/or circuit malfunction (if equipped) PCM control relay malfunction Glow system malfunction Inadequate fuel pressure Fuel pressure sensor related circuit malfunction Suction control valve malfunction (built-in supply pump) Fuel pressure limiter malfunction Fuel pressure inter malfunction (built-in common rail) Fuel leakage Fuel line clogging or restriction Fuel line clogging or restriction Incorrect fuel injection timing Erratic signal from CKP sensor Supply pump malfunction Low engine compression Improper valve timing Exhaust system malfunction EGR system malfunction ECT sensor or related circuit malfunction Accelerator positions sensor malfunction Accelerator positions sensor related circuit malfunction Accelerator positions sensor or related circuit malfunction Accelerator positions sensor or related circuit malfunction V-reference voltage supply circuit malfunction V-reference voltage supply circuit malfunction Warning The following troubleshooting flow chart contains the fuel system diagnosis and repair procedures. Read the following warnings before performing the fuel system services: Fuel vapor is hazardous. It can easily ignite, causing serious injury and damage. Always keep sparks and flames away from fuel. Fuel line spills and leakage are dangerous. Fuel can ignite and cause serious injury or death and damage. Fuel can lasi or irritate skin and eyes. To prevent this, always complete "BEFORE REPAIR PROCEDURE" dascriber and"AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE" descri

Diagnostic Procedure

STEP	INSPECTION	RESULTS	ACTION
1	Note The following test should be performed for 	Yes	Both conditions appear: Go to Step 4.
	vehicles with immobilizer system. Go to Step 10 for vehicles without immobilizer system.	No	Either or other condition appears: Go to the next step.
	 Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Do the following conditions appear? The engine is not completely started. DTC B1681 is displayed. 		
2	Is the coil connector securely connected to the	Yes	Go to the next step.
	coil?	No	Connect the coil connector securely. Return to Step 1.
3	Does the security light illuminate?	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Inspect the instrument cluster and the wiring harness.
4	Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2	Yes	Go to the appropriate DTC test.
	and retrieve the DTC. DTC B1213, B1342, B1600, B1601, B1602, B1681,	No	Go to the next step.
	B2103, B2431		
5	Is there continuity between PCM GND terminals	Yes	Go to the next step.
	65, 85, 103, 104 and GND?	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness.
6	Measure the voltage between PCM GND	Yes	Go to the next step.
	terminals 65, 85, 103, 104 and coil terminal C. Is the voltage below 1.0?	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness.
7	Turn the engine switch to the ON position.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Access the VPWR PID. Is the VPWR PID normal? Specification Battery voltage	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness.
8	Disconnect the coil connector. Turn the engine switch to the ON position. Is there the battery voltage at coil connector terminal D (harness-side)?	Yes	 Inspect for the following: Open or short circuit between coil terminal A and PCM terminal 80 Open or short circuit between coil terminal B and PCM terminal 28
		No	Repair or replace the wiring harness between coil connector terminal D and the fuse panel.
9	Is there continuity between PCM terminal 57 and	Yes	Go to the next step.
	the starter relay?	No	Repair replace the wiring harness.
10	Inspect for the following:	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 Fuel quality (such as include water contamination, winter/summer blend) Fuel line/fuel filter clogging Intake-air system restriction Are all items normal? 	No	Service if necessary. Repeat Step 10.
11	Is the engine overheating?	Yes	Go to symptom troubleshooting "NO.17 COOLING SYSTEM CONCERNS-OVERHEATING".
		No	Go to the next step.
12	Note	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 Ignore DTC P0122, P0123, P0222 or P0223 while performing this test. 	No	Go to the symptom troubleshooting "NO.26 CONSTANT VOLTAGE".
	Disconnect the accelerator position sensor connector. Measure the voltage at the accelerator position sensor connector VREF terminal (terminal D) with the engine switch at the ON position. Specification 4.5—5.5 V Is the voltage normal?		

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13	INSPECTION	RESULTS	ACTION
	Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Turn the engine switch to the ON position. Retrieve any DTC. Is the DTC displayed?	Yes	 DTC is displayed: Go to the appropriate DTC test. Communication error message is displayed: Inspect for the following: Open circuit between the PCM control relay and PCM terminal 53 or 79 Open circuit between the PCM control relay and PCM terminal 69 Stuck open PCM control relay Open or poor GND circuit (PCM terminal 65, 85, 103 or 104) Poor connection at vehicle body GND
		No	No DTC is displayed: Go to the next step.
14	Does the engine start normally after warm-up?	Yes	Inspect the glow system operation. Replace any malfunctioning part if necessary. If the glow system is normal, go to the next step.
		No	Go to the next step.
15	Is there any restriction in the exhaust system or	Yes	Repair or replace if necessary.
	the catalyst converter?	No	Go to the next step.
16	Access the RPM PID. Is the RPM PID indicating the engine speed	Yes	Go to the next step.
	while cranking the engine?	No	Go to Step 19.
17	Note	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 The following test should be performed on the vehicles with A/C system. If the following test cannot be performed due to the engine stall, go to the next step. Go to next step for the vehicle without A/C system. Connect the pressure gauge to the A/C line. Turn the blower and A/C switches on. Is the pressure within specifications? 	No	 A/C is always on: Go to the symptom troubleshooting "NO.24 A/C ALWAYS ON OR A/C COMPRESSOR RUNS CONTINUOUSLY". Other symptoms: Inspect the following: Refrigerant charging amount Cooling fan No.1 and/or cooling fan No.2 operation
18	Inspect the adjustment of the accelerator	Yes	Go to the next step.
	position sensor and the idle switch. Are the accelerator position sensor and the idle switch adjusted correctly?	No	Adjust the accelerator position sensor and the idle switch correctly.
19	Depress the accelerator pedal slightly.	Yes	Inspect the idle speed.
	Crank the engine. Does the engine start now?	No	Go to the next step.
20	Inspect the fuel pipe for fuel leakage.	Yes	Repair or replace if necessary.
	Is any fuel leakage found on the fuel pipe?	No	Go to the next step.
21	Visually inspect the CKP sensor and the pulse	Yes	Go to the next step.
	wheel teeth. Are CKP sensor and the pulse wheel teeth normal?	No	Replace the malfunctioning parts.
22	Measure the gap between the CKP sensor and	Yes	Go to the next step.
	the pulse wheel teeth. Specification 1.5—2.5 mm {0.059—0.098 in} Is the gap within the specification?	No	Adjust the CKP sensor position.
23	Visually inspect the CMP sensor and the pulse wheel teeth. Are the CMP sensor and the pulse wheel teeth normal?	Yes	Inspect the following PIDs: • ECT • IAT • MAF • RPM If the PID value is not as specified, repair or replace the malfunctioning parts. If the PID value is normal, go to the next step.
			Develope the method is size we we
		No	Replace the malfunctioning parts.
24	Inspect the fuel pressure sensor.	Yes	Go to the next step.
24	Inspect the fuel pressure sensor. Is the fuel pressure normal? Inspect the suction control valve.		

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STEP	INSPECTION	RESULTS	ACTION
26	Is the engine compression correct?	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Inspect for the following: • Damaged valve seat • Worn valve stem and valve guide • Worn or stuck piston ring • Worn piston, piston ring or cylinder • Improper valve timing Service if necessary.
27	Inspect the fuel injector.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Is the fuel injector normal?	No	Repair or replace if necessary.
28	Inspect the IDM.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Is the IDM normal?	No	Repair or replace if necessary.
29	Inspect EGR system operation. Is EGR system operation normal?	Yes	Remove and inspect the supply pump and the common rail.
		No	Repair or replace the malfunctioning part according to the EGR control system inspection results.
30	Verify the test results.If normal, return to the diagnostic index to serIf the malfunction remains, replace the PCM.	vice any add	itional symptoms.

NO.6 CRANKS NORMALLY BUT WILL NOT START

	B6E408018881
6	CRANKS NORMALLY BUT WILL NOT START
DESCRIPTION	 The starter cranks the engine at normal speed but the engine will not run. Refer to the symptom troubleshooting "No.5 Engine stalls" if this symptom appears after engine stall. Fuel is in the fuel tank. Battery is in normal condition.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 Poor fuel quality Intake-air system restriction Fuel line restriction EGR system malfunction EGR valve position sensor malfunction Glow system malfunction Fuel pressure sensor or related circuit malfunction Suction control valve malfunction (built-in supply pump) Fuel pressure limiter malfunction (built-in common rail) Fuel pressure limiter malfunction (built-in common rail) Fuel leakage Fuel liter clogging Incorrect fuel injection timing Erratic signal from CKP sensor Erratic signal from CKP sensor V-reference supply circuit malfunction Supply pump malfunction Fuel injector malfunction Supply pump malfunction Immobilizer system and/or circuit malfunction (if equipped) Low engine compression Improper valve timing IDM or related circuit malfunction PCM control repay malfunction
	 Warning The following troubleshooting flow chart contains the fuel system diagnosis and repair procedures. Read the following warnings before performing the fuel system services: Fuel vapor is hazardous. It can easily ignite, causing serious injury and damage. Always kee sparks and flames away from fuel. Fuel line spills and leakage are dangerous. Fuel can ignite and cause serious injury or deat and damage. Fuel can also irritate skin and eyes. To prevent this, always complete "BEFOR REPAIR PROCEDURE" and "AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE" described in this manual.

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STEP	INSPECTION	RESULTS	ACTION
1	NoteThe following test should be performed for	Yes	Both conditions appear: Go to Step 4.
	the vehicles with immobilizer system. Go to Step 10 for the vehicles without immobilizer system.	No	Either or other condition appears: Go to the next step.
	Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Do the following conditions appear? • The engine is not completely started. • DTC B1681 is displayed.		
2	Is the coil connector securely connected to the	Yes	Go to the next step.
	coil?	No	Connect the coil connector securely. Return to Step 1.
3	Does the security light illuminate?	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Inspect the instrument cluster and the wiring harness.
4	Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2	Yes	Go to the appropriate DTC test.
	and retrieve the DTC. DTC B1213, B1342, B1600, B1601, B1602, B1681, B2103, B2431	No	Go to the next step.
5	Is there continuity between PCM GND terminals	Yes	Go to the next step.
5	65, 85, 103, 104 and GND?	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness.
6	Measure the voltage between PCM GND	Yes	Go to the next step.
Ū	terminals 65, 85, 103, 104 and coil terminal C. Is the voltage below 1.0?	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness.
7	Turn the engine switch to the ON position.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Access the VPWR PID. Is the VPWR PID normal? Specification Battery voltage	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness.
8	Disconnect the coil connector. Turn the engine switch to the ON position. Is there battery voltage at coil connector terminal D (harness-side)?	Yes	 Inspect for the following: Open or short circuit between coil terminal A and PCM terminal 80 Open or short circuit between coil terminal B and PCM terminal 28
		No	Repair or replace the wiring harness between coil connector terminal D and the fuse panel.
9	Is there continuity between PCM terminal 57 and	Yes	Go to the next step.
	the starter relay?	No	Repair or replace the wiring harness.
10	Inspect for the following:	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 Fuel quality (such as water contamination, winter/summer blend) Fuel line/fuel filter clogging Intake-air system restriction Are all items normal? 	No	Service if necessary. Repeat Step 10.
11	Note	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Ignore DTC P0122, P0123, P0222 or P0223 while performing this test.	No	Go to the symptom troubleshooting "NO.26 CONSTANT VOLTAGE".
	Disconnect the accelerator position sensor connector. Measure the voltage at the accelerator position sensor connector VREF terminal (terminal D) with the engine switch at ON position. Specification 4.5–5.5 V		
	Is the voltage normal?		

STEP	INSPECTION	RESULTS	ACTION
12	Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Turn the engine switch to the ON position. Retrieve any DTC. Is the DTC displayed?	Yes	 DTC is displayed: Go to appropriate DTC test. Communication error message is displayed: Inspect for the following: Open circuit between the PCM control relay and PCM terminal 53 or 79 Open circuit between the PCM control relay and PCM terminal 69 Stuck open PCM control relay Open or poor GND circuit (PCM terminal 65, 85,
		No	 103 or 104) Poor connection at vehicle body GND No DTC is displayed:
			Go to the next step.
13	Inspect glow system operation.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Is glow system operation normal?	No	Repair or replace the malfunctioning part according to glow system operation.
14	Inspect the fuel pipe for fuel leakage.	Yes	Repair or replace as necessary.
	Is any fuel leakage found on the fuel pipe?	No	Go to the next step.
15	Visually inspect the CKP sensor and the pulse	Yes	Go to the next step.
	wheel teeth. Are the CKP sensor and the pulse wheel teeth normal?	No	Replace the malfunctioning parts.
16	Measure the gap between the CKP sensor and	Yes	Go to the next step.
	the pulse wheel teeth. Specification 1.5—2.5 mm {0.059—0.098 in} Is the gap within the specification?	No	Adjust the CKP sensor position.
17	Visually inspect the CMP sensor and the pulse wheel teeth. Are the CMP sensor and the pulse wheel teeth normal?	Yes	Inspect the following PIDs: (See F2–31 PCM INSPECTION.) • ECT • RPM If the PID value is not as specified, repair or replace the malfunctioning parts. If the PID value is normal, go to the next step. Perdemention
10		No	Replace the malfunctioning parts.
18	Inspect the fuel pressure sensor. Is the fuel pressure normal?	Yes	Go to the next step.
	•	No	Replace the common rail.
19	Inspect the suction control valve. Is the suction control valve normal?	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Repair the supply pump.
20	Is the engine compression correct?	Yes No	Go to the next step. Inspect for the following: • Damaged valve seat • Worn valve stem and valve guide • Worn or stuck piston ring • Worn piston, piston ring or cylinder • Improper valve timing Service if necessary.
21	Inspect the fuel injector.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Is the fuel injector normal?	No	Repair or replace if necessary.
22	Inspect the IDM.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Is the IDM normal?	No	Repair or replace if necessary.
23	Inspect the EGR system operation. (See F2–232 EGR Control System Inspection.)	Yes	Remove and inspect the supply pump and the common rail.
	Is the EGR system operation normal?		Repair or replace the malfunctioning part according to the EGR control system inspection results.
24	Verify test results.If normal, return to the diagnostic index to serIf the malfunction remains, replace the PCM.	vice any add	itional symptoms.

NO.8 ENGINE RUNS ROUGH/ROLLING IDLE

	UNS ROUGH/ROLLING IDLE B6E4080188811		
8	ENGINE RUNS ROUGH/ROLLING IDLE		
DESCRIPTION	 The engine speed fluctuates between the specified idle speed and the lower speed and the engine shakes excessively. The idle speed is too slow and the engine shakes excessively. 		
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 Poor fuel quality Air leakage from intake-air system Intake-air system restriction Incorrect ide speed Engine overheating Cooling fan No. 1 system malfunction A/C system improper operation EGR water cooler malfunction Fuel leakage Inadequate fuel pressure Fuel pressure sensor or related circuit malfunction Suction control valve malfunction (built-in supply pump) Fuel pressure limiter malfunction (built-in common rail) Fuel line restriction Incorrect fuel injection timing Erratic signal from CKP sensor Erratic signal from CKP sensor Erratic signal from CKP sensor Ect sensor or related circuit malfunction Idle switch misadjustment Idle switch or related circuit malfunction Accelerator position sensor or related circuit malfunction MAF/IAT sensor malfunction Low engine compression Improper valve timing Englic complexion Englic compression excessive unbalance for each cylinder Unbalanced fuel injection amount for each cylin		

Diagnostic Procedure

STEP	INSPECTION	RESULTS	ACTION
1	 Inspect for the following: Fuel quality (such as water contamination, winter/summer blend) Fuel line/fuel filter clogging Loose bands on intake-air system Cracks on intake-air system parts Intake-air system restriction Vacuum leakage Cooling fan No.1 system operation Are all items normal? 	Yes No	Go to the next step. Service if necessary Repeat Step 1.
2	Is the engine overheating?	Yes	Go to the symptom troubleshooting "NO.17 COOLING SYSTEM CONCERNS—OVERHEATING."
		No	Go to the next step.
3	Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Turn the engine switch to the ON position. Retrieve any DTC. Is the DTC displayed?	Yes	 DTC is displayed: Go to the appropriate DTC test. Communication error message is displayed: Inspect for the following: Open circuit between the PCM control relay and PCM terminal 53 or 79 Open circuit between the PCM control relay and PCM terminal 69 Stuck open PCM control relay Open or poor GND circuit (PCM terminal 65, 85, 103 or 104) Poor connection at vehicle body GND
		No	No DTC is displayed: Go to the next step.
4	Note	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 The following test should be performed on the vehicles with A/C system. If the following test cannot be performed due to the engine stall, go to the next step. Go to the next step for the vehicle without A/C system. 	No	A/C is always on: Go to the symptom troubleshooting "NO.24 A/C ALWAYS ON OR A/C COMPRESSOR RUNS CONTINUOUSLY". Other symptoms: Inspect for the following: • Refrigerant charging amount
	Connect the pressure gauge to the A/C line. Turn the blower and the A/C switches on. Is the pressure within specifications?		Cooling fan No.1 and/or cooling fan No.2 operation
5	Depress the accelerator pedal slightly.	Yes	Inspect the idle speed.
	Crank the engine. Does the engine start now?	No	Go to the next step.
6	Inspect the adjustment of the accelerator	Yes	Go to the next step.
	position sensor and idle switch. Are the accelerator position sensor and the idle switch adjusted correctly?	No	Adjust the accelerator position sensor and the idle switch correctly.
7	Inspect the fuel pipe for fuel leakage.	Yes	Repair or replace if necessary.
	Is any fuel leakage found on fuel pipe?	No	Go to the next step.
8	Visually inspect the CKP sensor and the pulse	Yes	Go to the next step.
	wheel teeth. Are the CKP sensor and the pulse wheel teeth normal?	No	Replace the malfunctioning parts.
9	Measure the gap between the CKP sensor and	Yes	Go to the next step.
	the pulse wheel teeth. Specification 1.5—2.5 mm {0.059—0.098 in} Is the gap within the specification?	No	Adjust the CKP sensor position.

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STEP	INSPECTION	RESULTS	ACTION
10	Visually inspect the CMP sensor and the pulse wheel teeth. Are the CMP sensor and the pulse wheel teeth normal?	Yes	Inspect the following PIDs: (See F2–31 PCM INSPECTION.) • ECT • IAT • MAF • RPM If the PID value is not as specified, repair or replace the malfunctioning parts. If the PID value is normal, go to the next step.
		No	Replace the malfunctioning parts.
11	Inspect the fuel pressure sensor.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Is the fuel pressure normal?	No	Replace the common rail.
12	Inspect the suction control valve.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Is the suction control valve normal?	No	Repair the supply pump.
13	Is the engine compression correct?	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Inspect for the following: • Damaged valve seat • Worn valve stem and valve guide • Worn or stuck piston ring • Worn piston, piston ring or cylinder • Improper valve timing Service if necessary.
14	Inspect the fuel injector.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Is fuel injector normal?	No	Repair or replace if necessary.
15	Inspect the EGR system operation.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	(See F2–232 EGR Control System Inspection.) Is the EGR system operation normal?	No	Repair or replace the malfunctioning part according to the EGR control system inspection results.
16	Inspect the EGR water cooler for the following:	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 Coolant passage clogging/restriction Exhaust gas clogging/restriction Is the EGR water cooler normal? 	No	Service if necessary.
17	Inspect the IDM. Is the IDM normal?	Yes	Remove and inspect the supply pump and the common rail.
		No	Repair or replace if necessary.
18	Verify the test results.If normal, return to the diagnostic index to serIf the malfunction remains, replace the PCM.	vice any add	itional symptoms.

NO.10 LOW IDLE/STALLS DURING DECELERATION

B6E408018	
10	LOW IDLE/STALLS DURING DECELERATION
DESCRIPTION	The engine stops unexpectedly at the beginning of deceleration or recovery from deceleration.

10	LOW IDLE/STALLS DURING DECELERATION
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 Intake-air system restriction or clogging Poor fuel quality A/C system improper operation Inadequate fuel pressure Suction control valve malfunction (built-in supply pump) Fuel pressure limiter malfunction (built-in common rail) Fuel leakage Fuel line restriction or clogging Incorrect fuel injection timing Incorrect fuel injection timing Incorrect idle speed Erratic signal from CKP sensor Erratic signal from CKP sensor Supply pump malfunction Low engine compression Improper valve timing Glow system malfunction EGR system malfunction ECT sensor or related circuit malfunction Accelerator position sensor or related circuit malfunction Accelerator position sensor or related circuit malfunction Incorrect adjustment accelerator position sensor and/or idle switch IDM or related circuit malfunction Incorrect adjustment accelerator position sensor and/or idle switch IDM or related circuit malfunction Incorrect adjustment accelerator position sensor and/or idle switch IDM or related circuit malfunction Incorrect adjustment accelerator position sensor sensor

STEP	INSPECTION	RESULTS	ACTION
1	Does the engine idle rough?	Yes	Go to the symptom troubleshooting "NO.8 ENGINE RUNS ROUGH/ROLLING IDLE".
		No	Go to the next step.
2	Inspect for the following:	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 Fuel line/fuel filter clogging or restriction Intake-air system restriction or clogging Fuel quality (such as water contamination, winter/summer blend) Are all the items normal? 	No	Service if necessary. Repeat Step 2.
3	Perform the self-test function using the WDS or equivalent. Turn the engine switch to the ON position. Retrieve any DTC. Is the DTC displayed?	Yes	 DTC is displayed: Go to the appropriate DTC test. Communication error message is displayed: Inspect for the following: Open circuit between the PCM control relay and PCM terminal 53 or 79 Open circuit between the PCM control relay and PCM terminal 69 Stuck open PCM control relay Open or poor GND circuit (PCM terminal 65, 85, 103 or 104) Poor connection at vehicle body GND
		No	No DTC is displayed: Go to the next step.
4	Inspect the idle speed.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Is the idle speed correct?	No	Repair or replace the malfunctioning part according to the idle speed inspection results.
5	Inspect adjustment of the accelerator position	Yes	Go to the next step.
	sensor and the idle switch. Are the accelerator position sensor and the idle switch adjusted correctly?	No	Adjust the accelerator position sensor and the idle switch correctly.
6	Measure the voltage PCM terminal 33 and 56.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Is the voltage normal?	No	PCM terminal 33 does not specified: Inspect the clutch pedal position switch and the related wiring harness. PCM terminal 56 does not specified: Inspect the neutral switch and the related wiring harness.
7	Visually inspect the CKP sensor and the pulse	Yes	Go to the next step.
	wheel teeth. Are the CKP sensor and the pulse wheel teeth normal?	No	Replace the malfunctioning parts.
8	Measure gap between CKP sensor and the	Yes	Go to the next step.
	pulse wheel teeth. Specification 1.5—2.5 mm {0.059—0.098 in} Is gap within specification?	No	Adjust the CKP sensor position.
9	Visually inspect the CMP sensor and the pulse wheel teeth. Are the CMP sensor and the pulse wheel teeth normal?	Yes	Inspect the following PIDs: (See F2–31 PCM INSPECTION.) • ECT • IAT • MAF • RPM If the PID value is not as specified, repair or replace the malfunctioning parts. If the PID value is normal, go to the next step. Replace the malfunctioning parts.
10	Inspect the fuel pressure sensor.	Yes	Go to the next step.
10	Is the fuel pressure normal?	No	Replace the common rail.
11	Inspect the suction control valve.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Is the suction control valve normal?	No	Repair the supply pump.

STEP	INSPECTION	RESULTS	ACTION
12	Is the engine compression correct?	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Inspect for the following: • Damaged valve seat • Worn valve stem and valve guide • Worn or stuck piston ring • Worn piston, piston ring or cylinder • Improper valve timing Service if necessary.
13	Inspect the fuel injector.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Is the fuel injector normal?	No	Repair or replace if necessary.
14	Note	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 The following test should be performed on the vehicles with A/C system. If the following test cannot be performed due to the engine stall, go to the next step. Go to the next step for the vehicle without A/C system. Connect the pressure gauge to the A/C line. Turn the blower and the A/C switches on. Is the pressure within the specifications? 	No	 A/C is always on: Go to the symptom troubleshooting "NO.24 A/C ALWAYS ON OR A/C COMPRESSOR RUNS CONTINUOUSLY". Other symptoms: Inspect the following: Refrigerant charging amount Cooling fan No.1 and/or cooling fan No.2 operation
15	Inspect the EGR system operation.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	(See F2–232 EGR Control System Inspection.) Is the EGR system operation normal?	No	Repair or replace the malfunctioning part according to the EGR control system inspection results.
16	Inspect the glow system operation.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Is the glow system operation normal?	No	Service if necessary.
17	Inspect the IDM. Is the IDM normal?	Yes	Remove and inspect the supply pump and the common rail.
		No	Repair or replace if necessary.
18	Verify the test results.If normal, return to the diagnostic index to serIf the malfunction remains, replace the PCM.	vice any add	itional symptoms.

NO.11 ENGINE STALLS/QUITS, ENGINE RUNS ROUGH, MISSES, BUCK/LERK, HESITATION/STUMBLE B6E408018881106

11	ENGINE STALLS/QUITS, ENGINE RUNS ROUGH, MISSES, BUCK/JERK, HESITATION/STUMBLE, SURGES
DESCRIPTION	 The engine stops unexpectedly at the beginning of acceleration or during cruising. The engine stops unexpectedly while cruising. The engine speed fluctuates during acceleration or cruising. The engine misses during acceleration or cruising. The vehicle bucks/jerks during acceleration or deceleration. Momentary pause at the beginning of acceleration or during acceleration. Momentary minor irregularity in the engine output.

POSSIBLE CAUSE	 Poor fuel quality Glow system maifunction Air leaksen maifunction or clogging Engine overheating A/C system improper operation Turbocharger maifunction Variable swirt control (VSC) system malfunction EGR system maifunction Wariable swirt control (VSC) system maifunction EGR system maifunction Berger valve position sensor malfunction Fuel line clogging or restriction Inproper cooling fan No. 1 or cooling fan No.2 seat Fuel line clogging or restriction Incorrect fuel injection TKP sensor Erratic signal from CKP sensor Erratic signal from CXP sensor Erratic signal from CXP sensor Incorrect due injection timulfunction Accelerator position sensor or related circuit malfunction Accelerator position sensor or related circuit malfunction VSS or related circuit malfunction VSS or related circuit malfunction Incorrect idle speed Inadequate fuel pressure Fuel pressure sensor or related circuit malfunction Suction control valve malfunction (built-in supply pump) Fuel pressure limiter malfunction (built-in common rail) Supply pump malfunction Low engine compression Fuel injector malfunction Low engine compression Example compression Example system and/or catalyst converter restriction Clutch slippage IDM or related flowing flow chart contains the fuel system diagnosis and repair procedures. Read the following warnings before performing the fuel system services: Fuel line snills and leakage are dangerous. Fuel can inpite an

Diagnostic Procedure

STEP	INSPECTION	RESULTS	ACTION
1	Is the idle speed stable?	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Go to the symptom troubleshooting "NO.8 ENGINE RUNS ROUGH/ROLLING IDLE".
2	Is the engine overheating?	Yes	Go to symptom troubleshooting "NO.17 COOLING SYSTEM CONCERNS—OVERHEATING".
		No	Go to the next step.
3	Perform the self-test function using the WDS or equivalent. Turn the engine switch to the ON position. Retrieve any DTC. Is the DTC displayed?	Yes	 DTC is displayed: Go to the appropriate DTC test. Communication error message is displayed: Inspect for the following: Open circuit between the PCM control relay and PCM terminal 53 or 79 Open circuit between the PCM control relay and PCM terminal 69 Stuck open PCM control relay Open or poor GND circuit (PCM terminal 65, 85, 103 or 104) Poor connection at vehicle body GND
		No	No DTC is displayed: Go to the next step.
4	Inspect for the following:	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 Fuel quality (such as water contamination, winter/summer blend) Fuel line/fuel filter clogging and/or restriction Intake-air system restriction or clogging Exhaust system and/or catalyst converter restriction Cooling fan No.1 or cooling fan No.2 seat Are all the items normal? 	No	Service if necessary. Repeat Step 4.
5	Does the engine run normal after warm-up?	Yes	Inspect the glow system operation. Replace the any malfunctioning part if necessary. If the glow system is normal, go to the next step.
		No	Go to the next step.
6	Note	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 The following test should be performed on the vehicles with A/C system. If the following test cannot be performed due to the engine stalling, go to the next step. Go to next step for the vehicle without A/C system. Connect the pressure gauge to the A/C line. Turn the blower and the A/C switches on. Is the pressure within the specifications? 	No	 A/C is always on: Go to the symptom troubleshooting "NO.24 A/C ALWAYS ON OR A/C COMPRESSOR RUNS CONTINUITY". Other symptoms: Inspect the following: Refrigerant charging amount Cooling fan No.1 and/or cooling fan No.2 operation
7	Inspect the hose bands between the following parts: • Turbocharger compressor housing and air	Yes	Retighten the hose bands. If the concern is resolved, complete the inspection. If the concern still exists, go to the next step.
	 cleaner Turbocharger compressor housing and charge air cooler Are the hose bands loose? 	No	Go to the next step.
8	Inspect for improper operation, kinks, clogging or disconnection on the guide blade actuator.	Yes	Turbocharger is normal. Go to the next step.
	Is the guide blade actuator normal?	No	Repair or replace if necessary. If the concern is resolved, complete the inspection. If the concern still exists, turbocharger is normal. Go to the next step.
9	Inspect the EGR system operation.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	(See F2–232 EGR Control System Inspection.) Is the EGR system operation normal?	No	Repair or replace the malfunctioning part according to the EGR control system inspection results.
10	Inspect the idle speed.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Is the idle speed correct?	No	Repair or replace the malfunctioning part according to the idle speed inspection results.

RESULTS	ACTION
Yes	Go to the next step.
No	Adjust the accelerator position sensor and the idle switch correctly.
Yes	Go to the next step.
No	Adjust the neutral switch correctly.
Yes	Go to the next step.
No	Replace the malfunctioning parts.
Yes	Go to the next step.
No	Adjust the CKP sensor position.
Yes	Inspect the following PIDs: (See F2–31 PCM INSPECTION.) • ECT • IAT • MAF • RPM If the PID value is not as specified, repair or replace the malfunctioning parts. If the PID value is normal, go to the next step.
No	Replace the malfunctioning parts.
Yes	Go to the next step.
No	Replace the common rail.
Yes	Go to the next step.
No	Repair the supply pump.
Yes	Go to the next step.
No	Inspect for the following: • Damaged valve seat • Worn valve stem and valve guide • Worn or stuck piston ring • Worn piston, piston ring or cylinder • Improper valve timing Service if necessary.
Yes	Go to the next step.
No	Repair or replace if necessary.
Yes	Go to the next step.
No	Repair or replace if necessary.
Yes	Inspect the following: • Clutch slippage • CKP sensor • VSS If normal, remove and inspect the supply pump and the common rail.
No	If the timing is incorrect, adjust the valve timing. If the timing belt is not normal, replace the timing belt.
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NO.12 LACK/LOSS OF POWER-ACCELERATION/CRUISE

12	LACK/LOSS OF POWER-ACCELERATION CRUISE	
DESCRIPTION	 Performance is poor under load (such as power down when climbing hills). 	

12	LACK/LOSS OF POWER-ACCELERATION CRUISE
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 Poor fuel quality Air leakage from intake-air system Intake-air system restriction or clogging Engine overheating AC system improper operation Improper operation of A/C cut-off control Variable swirt control (VBC) system malfunction Variable swirt control (VBC) system malfunction EGR system malfunction EGR system malfunction EGR system malfunction Variable swirt control (VSC) system restriction Variable swirt control (VSC) system trestriction Variable swirt control (VSC) system restriction Vacuum leakage Clutch slippage Exhaust system and/or catalyst converter restriction Fuel line or clogging or restriction Fuel line or clogging or restriction Fuel line or clogging or restriction ECT sensor or related circuit malfunction Boost sensor or related circuit malfunction Accelerator position sensor or related circuit malfunction Ide switch or related circuit malfunction MAF/IAT sensor or related circuit malfunction IMAF/IAT sensor or related circuit malfunction Incorrect aljustment accelerator position sensor and/or idle switch Incorrect idle speed Inadequate fuel pressure Fuel pressure sensor or related circuit malfunction Suction control valve malfunction (built-in supply pump) Fuel pressure sensor or related circuit malfunction Suction control valve malfunction (built-in supply pump) Fuel pressure limiter malfunction Low sensor influenction Low sensor influenction Low sensor control salve sensor Fuel pressure limiter malfunction Brake system dragging Intake shuter valve malfunction Brake system dragging Intake shuter valve malfunction Brake system dragging Intake shuter valve malfunction Brake system dragging <l< td=""></l<>

Diagnostic Procedure

STEP	INSPECTION	RESULTS	ACTION
1	Is the idle speed stable?	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Go to the symptom troubleshooting "NO.8 ENGINE RUNS ROUGH/ROLLING IDLE".
2	Is the engine overheating?	Yes	Go to the symptom troubleshooting "NO.17 COOLING SYSTEM CONCERNS—OVERHEATING".
		No	Go to the next step.
3	Perform the self-test function using the WDS or equivalent. Turn the engine switch to the ON position. Retrieve any DTC. Is the DTC displayed?	Yes	 DTC is displayed: Go to the appropriate DTC test. Communication error message is displayed: Inspect for the following: Open circuit between the PCM control relay and PCM terminal 53 or 79 Open circuit between the PCM control relay and PCM terminal 69 Stuck open PCM control relay Open or poor GND circuit (PCM terminal 65, 85, 103 or 104) Poor connection at vehicle body GND
		No	No DTC is displayed: Go to the next step.
4	Inspect for the following:	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 Fuel quality (such as water contamination, winter/summer blend) Fuel line/fuel filter clogging and/or restriction Intake-air system restriction Exhaust system and/or catalyst converter restriction Charge air cooler condition (restriction or damaged) Vacuum leakage Cooling fan No.1 and cooling fan No.2 seat Are all the items normal? 	No	Service if necessary. Repeat Step 4.
5	Inspect the intake shutter valve and VSC valve	Yes	Repair or replace if necessary.
	operations. Is there any problem?	No	Go to the next step.
6	Inspect the guide blade valve operation.	Yes	Repair or replace if necessary.
	Is there any problem?	No	Go to the next step.
7	Inspect the A/C cut-off operation.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Does the A/C cut-off work properly?	No	Repair or replace the malfunctioning part according to the A/C cut-off system inspection results.
8	Inspect the hose bands between the following parts: Turbocharger compressor housing and air 	Yes	Retighten the hose bands. If the concern is resolved, complete the inspection. If the concern still exists, go to the next step.
	 cleaner Turbocharger compressor housing and charge air cooler Are hose bands loose? 	No	Go to the next step.
9	Inspect improper operation, kinks, clogging or	Yes	Go to the next step.
	disconnection on guide blade actuator. s the actuator normal?	No	Repair or replace if necessary. If the concern is resolved, complete the inspection. If the concern still exists, the turbocharger is normal. Go to the next step.
10	Remove the parts necessary to inspect the	Yes	Replace the turbocharger.
	turbocharger. Do not remove the turbocharger. Inspect if the turbocharger compressor wheel is bent, damaged, or interfering with the housing on the vehicle. Is there any problem?	No	Go to the next step.
11	Inspect if the turbocharger compressor wheel	Yes	Replace the turbocharger.
	locknut is loose or has fallen into the turbocharger. Is there any problem?	No	Go to the next step.

STEP	INSPECTION	RESULTS	ACTION
12	Inspect if the turbocharger compressor wheel by	Yes	Go to the next step.
	hand. Does the wheel turn easily and smoothly?	No	Replace the turbocharger.
13	Inspect if the turbocharger turbine wheel is	Yes	Replace the turbocharger.
	damaged, cracked or interfering with the housing on the vehicle.	No	Go to the next step.
	NoteInspect all the fins on each turbine wheel.		
	Is there any problem?		
14	Is any engine oil found inside the turbocharger turbine housing?	Yes	Excessive amount of oil is found: Replace the turbocharger. Small amount of oil is found: Wipe oil off vehicle, then go to the next step.
		No	Go to the next step.
15	Is any engine oil found inside the turbocharger compressor housing?	Yes	Wipe oil off vehicle and install all the removed parts in Step 10. Then, go to the next step.
		No	Turbocharger is normal. Install all the removed parts in Step 10. Then, go to the next step.
16	Inspect the EGR system operation.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	(See F2–232 EGR Control System Inspection.) Is the EGR system operation normal?	No	Repair or replace the malfunctioning part according to the EGR control system inspection results.
17	Inspect the idle speed.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Is the idle speed correct?	No	Repair or replace the malfunctioning part according to the idle speed inspection results.
18	Inspect adjustment of the accelerator position	Yes	Go to the next step.
	sensor and the idle switch. Are the accelerator position sensor and the idle switch adjusted correctly?	No	Adjust the accelerator position sensor and the idle switch correctly.
19	Visually inspect the CKP sensor and the pulse	Yes	Go to the next step.
	wheel teeth. Are the CKP sensor and the pulse wheel teeth normal?	No	Replace the malfunctioning parts.
20	Measure the gap between the CKP sensor and	Yes	Go to the next step.
	the pulse wheel teeth. Specification 1.5—2.5 mm {0.059—0.098 in} Is the gap within the specification?	No	Adjust the CKP sensor position.
21	Visually inspect the CMP sensor and the pulse wheel teeth. Are the CMP sensor and the pulse wheel teeth normal?	Yes	Inspect the following PIDs: (See F2–31 PCM INSPECTION.) • ECT • IAT • MAF • MAF • RPM If the PID value is not as specified, repair or replace the malfunctioning parts. If the PID value is normal, go to the next step.
		No	Replace the malfunctioning parts.
22	Inspect the fuel pressure sensor.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Is the fuel pressure normal?	No	Replace the common rail.
23	Inspect the suction control valve. Is the suction control valve normal?	Yes No	Go to the next step. Repair the supply pump.
24	Is the engine compression correct?	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Inspect for the following: • Damaged valve seat • Worn valve stem and valve guide • Worn or stuck piston ring • Worn piston, piston ring or cylinder • Improper valve timing Service if necessary.

F2

STEP	INSPECTION	RESULTS	ACTION
25	Inspect the fuel injector. Is the fuel injector normal?	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Repair or replace if necessary.
26	Inspect the IDM.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Is the IDM normal?	No	Repair or replace if necessary.
27	Inspect the timing belt for the following: • Gear teeth chipping • Low tension • Breakage damage or cracks Is the timing belt normal?	Yes	 Inspect following: Clutch slippage CKP sensor Boost sensor and related circuit Brake system for dragging If normal, remove and inspect the supply pump and the common rail.
		No	If the valve timing is incorrect, adjust the valve timing. If the timing belt is not normal, replace the timing belt.
28	Verify the test results.If normal, return to the diagnostic index to service any additional symptoms.If the malfunction remains, replace the PCM.		

NO.13 KNOCKING/PINGING

13	KNOCKING/PINGING
DESCRIPTION	Excessive shrilly knocking sound from the engine
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 Poor fuel quality Air leakage from intake-air system Intake-air system restriction or clogging Variable swirl control (VSC) system malfunction Variable boost control (VSC) system malfunction Intake shutter valve stuck close VSC valve stuck close Glow system malfunction Low engine compression Improper valve timing Low coolant temperature Incorrect fuel injection timing Erratic signal from CKP sensor Prelated circuit malfunction MAF/IAT sensor or related circuit malfunction Boost sensor or related circuit malfunction Excessive fuel pressure Fuel return line clogging or restriction EGR system malfunction EGR system malfunction EGR valve position sensor malfunction EArage air cooler malfunction Suction control valve malfunction (built-in supply pump) Warning The following troubleshooting flow chart contains the fuel system diagnosis and repair procedures. Read the following warnings before performing the fuel system services: Fuel vapor is hazardous. It can easily ignite, causing serious injury and damage. Always keep sparks and flames away from fuel. Fuel line spill

Diagnostic Procedure

STEP	INSPECTION	RESULTS	ACTION
1	Does the engine run cold?	Yes	Go to the symptom troubleshooting "NO.18 COOLING SYSTEM CONCERNS—RUNS COLD".
		No	Go to the next step.
2	Inspect for the following:	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 Fuel quality (such as water contamination, winter/summer blend) Fuel return line clogging and/or restriction Intake-air system restriction or clogging Exhaust system and/or catalyst converter restriction or clogging Charge air cooler condition (restriction or damaged) Are all the items normal? 	No	Service if necessary. Repeat Step 2.
3	Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Access the ECT PID. Verify the ECT PID is above 80 °C {176 °F} ?	No	Inspect the ECT PID.
4	Perform the self-test function using the WDS or equivalent. Turn the engine switch to the ON position. Retrieve any DTC. Is the DTC displayed?	Yes	 DTC is displayed: Go to the appropriate DTC test. Communication error message is displayed: Inspect for the following: Open circuit between the PCM control relay and PCM terminal 53 or 79 Open circuit between the PCM control relay and PCM terminal 69 Stuck open PCM control relay Open or poor GND circuit (PCM terminal 65, 85, 103 or 104) Poor connection at vehicle body GND No DTC is displayed: Co to the next date
			Go to the next step.
5	Inspect the intake shutter valve and the VSC	Yes	Repair or replace if necessary.
	valve operations. Is there any problem?	No	Go to the next step.
6	Inspect the guide blade valve operation. Is there any problem?	Yes	Repair or replace if necessary.
		No	Go to the next step.
7	Inspect the hose bands between the following parts: • Turbocharger compressor housing and air cleaner	Yes	Retighten the hose bands. If the concern is resolved, complete the inspection. If the concern still exists, go to the next step.
	 Turbocharger compressor housing and charge air cooler Are the hose bands loose? 	No	Go to the next step.
8	Inspect for improper operation, kinks, clogging	Yes	Go to the next step.
	or disconnection on guide blade actuator. Is the actuator normal?	No	Repair or replace if necessary. If the concern is resolved, complete the inspection. If the concern still exists, the turbocharger is normal. Go to the next step.
9	Remove the parts necessary to inspect the	Yes	Replace the turbocharger.
	turbocharger. Do not remove the turbocharger. Inspect if the turbocharger compressor wheel is bent, damaged, or interfering with the housing on the vehicle. Is there any problem?	No	Go to the next step.
10	Inspect if the turbocharger compressor wheel	Yes	Replace the turbocharger.
	locknut is loose or has fallen into the turbocharger. Is there any problem?	No	Go to the next step.
11	Inspect the turbocharger compressor wheel by	Yes	Go to the next step.
	hand.	No	Replace the turbocharger.

STEP	INSPECTION	RESULTS	ACTION
12	Inspect if the turbocharger turbine wheel is	Yes	Replace the turbocharger.
	damaged, cracked or interfering with the housing on the vehicle.	No	Go to the next step.
	Note Inspect all the fins on each turbine wheel. 		
	Is there any problem?		
13	Is any engine oil found inside the turbocharger turbine housing?	Yes	Excessive amount of oil is found: Replace the turbocharger. Small amount of oil is found: Wipe oil off the vehicle, then go to the next step.
		No	Go to the next step.
14	Is any engine oil found inside the turbocharger compressor housing?	Yes	Wipe oil off vehicle and install all the removed parts in Step 10. Then, go to the next step.
		No	The turbocharger is normal. Install all the removed parts in Step 10. Then, go to the next step.
15	Inspect the EGR system operation.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	(See F2-232 EGR Control System Inspection.) Is the EGR system operation normal?	No	Repair or replace the malfunctioning part according to the EGR control system inspection results.
16	Inspect the glow system operation.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Is the glow system operation normal?	No	Repair or replace the malfunctioning part according to the glow system operation results.
17	Visually inspect the CKP sensor and the pulse wheel teeth.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Are the CKP sensor and the pulse wheel teeth normal?	No	Replace the malfunctioning parts.
18	Measure the gap between the CKP sensor and the pulse wheel teeth. Specification 1.5—2.5 mm {0.059—0.098 in} Is the gap within the specification?	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Adjust the CKP sensor position.
19	Visually inspect the CMP sensor and the pulse wheel teeth. Are the CMP sensor and the pulse wheel teeth normal?	Yes	Inspect the following PIDs: (See F2–31 PCM INSPECTION.) • ECT • IAT • MAF • MAP • RPM If the PID value is not as specified, repair or replace the malfunctioning parts. If the PID value is normal, go to the next step.
		No	Replace the malfunctioning parts.
20	Is the engine compression correct?	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Inspect for the following: • Damaged valve seat • Worn valve stem and valve guide • Worn or stuck piston ring • Worn piston, piston ring or cylinder • Improper valve timing Service if necessary.
21	Inspect the suction control valve. Is the suction control valve normal?	Yes	Inspect the following: • Boost sensor • MAF/IAT sensor • IAT sensor No.2 • Fuel pressure sensor • Accelerator position sensor
	1	No	Repair the supply pump.

NO.15 EMISSION COMPLIANCE

Diagnostic Procedure

STEP	INSPECTION	RESULTS	ACTION
1	Is the engine overheating?	Yes	Go to the symptom troubleshooting "NO.17 COOLING SYSTEM CONCERNS—OVERHEATING".
		No	Go to the next step.
2	Does the engine run cold?	Yes	Go to the symptom troubleshooting "NO.18 COOLING SYSTEM CONCERNS—RUNS COLD".
		No	Go to the next step.
3	Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2. Perform the self-test function using the WDS or equivalent. Turn the engine switch to the ON position. Retrieve any DTC. Is the DTC displayed?	Yes	 DTC is displayed: Go to appropriate DTC test. Communication error message is displayed: Inspect for the following: Open circuit between PCM control relay and PCM terminal 53 or 79 Open circuit PCM control relay and PCM terminal 69 PCM control relay stuck open Open or poor GND circuit (PCM terminal 65, 85, 103 or 104) Poor connection vehicle body GND
		No	No DTC is displayed: Go to the next step.
4	Inspect for the following:	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 Fuel quality (such as including water contamination, winter/summer blend) Fuel return line clogging and/or restriction Charge air cooler condition (restriction or damaged) Intake-air system restriction Exhaust system and/or catalyst converter restriction Vacuum leakage Are all the items normal? 	No	Service if necessary. Repeat Step 4.
5	Inspect the adjustment of the accelerator	Yes	Go to the next step.
	position sensor and the idle switch. Are the accelerator position sensor and the idle switch adjusted correctly?	No	Adjust the accelerator position sensor and the idle switch correctly.
6	Inspect the neutral switch adjustment.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Is the neutral switch adjusted correctly?	No	Adjust the neutral switch correctly.
7	Inspect the intake shutter valve and the VSC	Yes	Repair or replace if necessary.
	valve operations. Is there any problem?	No	Go to the next step.
8	Inspect the guide blade valve operation.	Yes	Repair or replace if necessary.
	Is there any problem?	No	Go to the next step.
9	 Inspect the hose bands between following parts: Turbocharger compressor housing and air cleaner 	Yes	Retighten the hose bands. If the concern is resolved, complete the inspection. If the concern still exists, go to the next step.
	Turbocharger compressor housing and charge air cooler Are the hose bands loose?	No	Go to the next step.
10	Inspect for improper operation, kinks, clogging	Yes	Go to the next step.
	or disconnection on the guide blade actuator. Is the actuator normal?	No	Repair or replace if necessary. If the concern is resolved, complete the inspection. If the concern still exists, the turbocharger is normal. Go to the next step.
11	Remove the parts necessary to inspect the	Yes	Replace the turbocharger.
	turbocharger. Do not remove the turbocharger. Inspect if the turbocharger compressor wheel is bent, damaged, or interfering with the housing on the vehicle. Is there any problem?	No	Go to the next step.
12	Inspect if the turbocharger compressor wheel	Yes	Replace the turbocharger.
	locknut is loose or has fallen into the turbocharger. Is there any problem?	No	Go to the next step.

STEP	INSPECTION	RESULTS	ACTION
13	Inspect the turbocharger compressor wheel by hand. Does the wheel turn easily and smoothly?	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Replace the turbocharger.
14	Inspect if the turbocharger turbine wheel is	Yes	Replace the turbocharger.
	damaged, cracked or interfering with the housing on vehicle.	No	Go to the next step.
	 Note Inspect all the fins on each turbine wheel. 		
45	Is there any problem?	X	-
15	Is any engine oil found inside the turbocharger turbine housing?	Yes	Excessive amount of oil is found: Replace the turbocharger. Small amount of oil is found: Wipe oil off vehicle, then go to the next step.
		No	Go to the next step.
16	Is any engine oil found inside the turbocharger compressor housing?	Yes	Wipe oil off vehicle and install all the removed parts in Step 10. Then, go to the next step.
		No	The turbocharger is normal. Install all the parts removed in Step 10. Then, go to the next step.
17	Inspect the EGR system operation.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	(See F2–232 EGR Control System Inspection.) Is the EGR system operation normal?	No	Repair or replace the malfunctioning part according to the EGR control system inspection results.
18	Inspect the EGR water cooler for the following:	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 Coolant passage clogging/restriction Exhaust gas clogging/restriction Is the EGR water cooler normal? 	No	Service if necessary.
19	Inspect the glow system operation. Is the glow system operation normal?	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Repair or replace the malfunctioning part according to the glow system operation results.
20	Visually inspect the CKP sensor and the pulse	Yes	Go to the next step.
	wheel teeth. Are CKP sensor and the pulse wheel teeth normal?	No	Replace the malfunctioning parts.
21	Measure the gap between the CKP sensor and	Yes	Go to the next step.
	the pulse wheel teeth. Specification 1.5—2.5 mm {0.059—0.098 in} Is the gap within the specification?	No	Adjust the CKP sensor position.
22	Visually inspect the CMP sensor and the pulse wheel teeth. Are the CMP sensor and the pulse wheel teeth normal?	Yes	Inspect the following PIDs: (See F2–31 PCM INSPECTION.) • ECT • IAT • MAF • MAP • RPM • VSS If the PID value is not as specified, repair or replace the malfunctioning parts. If the PID value is normal, go to the next step.
		No	Replace the malfunctioning parts.
23	Inspect the fuel pressure sensor.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Is the fuel pressure normal?	No	Replace the common rail.
24	Inspect the suction control valve. Is the suction control valve normal?	Yes	Go to the next step.
05		No	Repair the supply pump.
25	Is the engine compression correct?	Yes No	Go to the next step. Inspect for the following: • Damaged valve seat • Worn valve stem and valve guide • Worn or stuck piston ring • Worn piston, piston ring or cylinder • Improper valve timing Service if necessary.

F2

STEP	INSPECTION	RESULTS	ACTION
26	Inspect the fuel injector. Is the fuel injector normal?	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Repair or replace if necessary.
27	Inspect the IDM.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Is the IDM normal?	No	Repair or replace if necessary.
28	Inspect the timing belt for followings: • Gear teeth chipping • Low tension • Breakage damage or cracks Is the timing belt normal?	Yes	Inspect the following: • ECT sensor • Boost sensor • MAF/IAT sensor • Catalyst converter If normal, remove and inspect the supply pump and the common rail.
		No	If the timing is incorrect, adjust the valve timing. If the timing belt is not normal, replace timing belt.
29	 Verify the test results. If normal, return to the diagnostic index to service any additional symptoms. If the malfunction remains, replace the PCM. 		

NO.19 EXCESSIVE BLACK SMOKE

19	EXCESSIVE BLACK SMOKE
DESCRIPTION	Excessive black smoke is observed in exhaust gas.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	 Intake-air system clogging or restriction Air leakage from Intake-air system Incorrect fuel injection timing Erratic signal from CKP sensor Fuel pressure sensor or related circuit malfunction Boost sensor or related circuit malfunction IAT sensor No.2 or related circuit malfunction Excessive fuel pressure Suction control valve malfunction (built-in supply pump) Fuel line clogging or restriction Inder pressure limiter malfunction (built-in common rail) Low engine compression Improper valve timing Base engine malfunction Variable boost control (VBC) system malfunction Variable boost control (VBC) system malfunction Variable swith control (VSC) system malfunction Variable swith control (VSC) system malfunction VSC valve malfunction IDM or related circuit malfunction VSC valve malfunction Exchant system and/or catalyst converter restriction or clogging Warning The following troubleshooting flow chart contains the fuel system diagnosis and repair procedures. Read the following warnings before performing the fuel system services: Fuel vapor is hazardous. It can easily ignite, causing serious injury and damage. Always keep sparks and flames away from fuel. Fuel line spills and leakage are dangerous. Fuel can ignite and cause serious injury or death and damage. Fuel can is oritate skin and eyes. To prevent this, always complete "BEFORE REPAIR PROCEDURE" and "AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE" described in this manual.

Diagnostic Procedure

STEP	INSPECTION	RESULTS	ACTION
1	Inspect for the following:	Yes	Go to the next step.
	 Intake-air system clogging or restriction Exhaust system and/or catalyst converter restriction or clogging Charge air cooler condition (restriction or damaged) Are all the items normal? 	No	Service if necessary. Repeat Step 1.
2	Perform the self-test function using the WDS or equivalent. Turn the engine switch to the ON position. Retrieve any DTC. Is the DTC displayed?	Yes	 DTC is displayed: Go to the appropriate DTC test. Communication error message is displayed: Inspect for the following: Open circuit between the PCM control relay and PCM terminal 53 or 79 Open circuit between the PCM control relay and PCM terminal 69 Stuck open PCM control relay Open or poor GND circuit (PCM terminal 65, 85, 103 or 104) Poor connection at vehicle body GND
		No	No DTC is displayed: Go to the next step.
3	Does any other symptom exist?	Yes	Go to the appropriate flowchart.
		No	Go to the next step.
4	Inspect the air cleaner element for clogging.	Yes	Go to the next step.
	Is the air cleaner element normal?	No	Repair or replace the air cleaner element.
5	Inspect the intake shutter valve and the VSC	Yes	Repair or replace if necessary.
	valve operations. Is there any problem?	No	Go to the next step.
6	Inspect the guide blade valve operation. Is there any problem?	Yes	Repair or replace if necessary.
		No	Go to the next step.
7	Visually inspect the CKP sensor and the pulse	Yes	Go to the next step.
	wheel teeth. Are the CKP sensor and the pulse wheel teeth normal?	No	Replace the malfunctioning parts.
8	Measure the gap between the CKP sensor and the pulse wheel teeth. Specification 1.5—2.5 mm {0.059—0.098 in} Is the gap within the specification?	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Adjust the CKP sensor position.
9	Visually inspect the CMP sensor and the pulse wheel teeth. Are the CMP sensor and the pulse wheel teeth normal?	Yes	Inspect the following PIDs: (See F2–31 PCM INSPECTION.) • IAT • MAP • RPM If the PID value is not as specified, repair or replace the malfunctioning parts. If PID value is normal, go to the next step. Replace the malfunctioning parts.
10	Inspect the EGR system operation.	Yes	Go to the next step.
10	(See F2–232 EGR Control System Inspection.) Is the EGR system operation normal?	No	Repair or replace the malfunctioning part according to
			the EGR control system inspection results.
11	Inspect the VSC system operation. Does the VSC system operate properly?	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Repair or replace the malfunctioning part according to the VSC system operation inspection results.
12	Inspect the hose bands between the following parts: • Turbocharger compressor housing and air cleaner	Yes	Retighten the hose bands. If the concern is resolved, complete the inspection. If the concern still exists, go to the next step.
	 Turbocharger compressor housing and charge air cooler Are the hose bands loose? 	No	Go to the next step.

STEP	INSPECTION	RESULTS	ACTION
13	Inspect for improper operation, kinks, clogging	Yes	Go to the next step.
	or disconnection on guide blade actuator. Is the actuator normal?	No	Repair or replace if necessary. If the concern is resolved, complete the inspection. If the concern still exists, the turbocharger is normal. Go to the next step.
14	Remove the parts necessary to inspect the	Yes	Replace the turbocharger.
	turbocharger. Do not remove the turbocharger. Inspect if the turbocharger compressor wheel is bent, damaged, or interfering with housing on the vehicle. Is there any problem?	No	Go to the next step.
15	Inspect if the turbocharger compressor wheel locknut is loose or has fallen into the turbocharger. Is there any problem?	Yes	Replace the turbocharger.
		No	Go to the next step.
16	Inspect if the turbocharger compressor wheel by	Yes	Go to the next step.
	hand. Does the wheel turn easily and smoothly?	No	Replace the turbocharger.
17	Inspect if the turbocharger turbine wheel is	Yes	Replace the turbocharger.
	damaged, cracked or interfering with the housing on the vehicle.	No	Go to the next step.
	Note Inspect all the fins on each turbine wheel. Is there any problem?		
18	Is any engine oil found inside the turbocharger compressor housing?	Yes	Wipe oil off vehicle and install all the removed parts i Step 15. Then, go to the next step.
		No	The turbocharger is normal. Install all the parts removed is Step 15. Then, go to the next step.
19	Inspect the suction control valve. Is the suction control valve normal?	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Repair the supply pump.
20	Is the engine compression correct?	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	 Inspect for the following: Damaged valve seat Worn valve stem and valve guide Worn or stuck piston ring Worn piston, piston ring or cylinder Improper valve timing Service if necessary.
21	Inspect the IDM. Is the IDM normal?	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Repair or replace if necessary.
22	Inspect the fuel injector. Is the fuel injector normal?	Yes	Inspect following: • Boost sensor • Fuel pressure limiter (built-in common rail) • Fuel pressure sensor • Fuel return line restriction or clogging Service if necessary.
		No	Repair or replace if necessary.

If normal, return to the diagnostic index to set
If the malfunction remains, replace the PCM.

ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM OPERATION INSPECTION

EGR Control System Inspection

- Perform the "Intake Shutter Valve Operation Inspection".
 Make sure that all the hoses are securely connected in the proper position.
- 3. Connect the WDS or equivalent to the DLC-2.

- 4. Turn the engine switch to the ON position.
 5. Access the EGRVP PID.
 6. Verify that the PID value is within specification.

- If not as specified, inspect the following.
 - EGR valve (stuck open)
 - EGR valve position sensor (See F2-37 EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR INSPECTION.)

Specification: 0.4—0.6 V

- 7. Start the engine and run it at idle speed.
- 8. Verify that the EGRVP PID is within the specifications.
 If not as specified, inspect the following:
 - - EGR solenoid valve (vacuum)
 - EGR solenoid valve (vent)
 - EGR control solenoid valve
 - EGR valve position sensor (See F2-37 EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR INSPECTION.)

Specification:

1.3—1.6 V

- 9. Disconnect the vacuum hose from the EGR valve.
- 10. Connect the vacuum pump to the EGR valve.
- 11. Apply vacuum to the EGR valve and inspect if the engine speed becomes unstable or the engine stalls.
 - If the engine speed does not change, stop the engine and inspect the EGR valve.

SPECIAL TOOLS

SPECIAL TOOLS	ST-2
FUEL AND EMISSION CONTROL	
SYSTEMS	ST-2

SPECIAL TOOLS

FUEL AND EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEMS

WDS	_	_			